

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY



BUDGET FORMULATION HANDBOOK
CHAPTER III, OMB BUDGET REVIEW
OFFICE OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
BUDGET FORMULATION HANDBOOK
OMB BUDGET REVIEW CHAPTER**

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POINT OF CONTACT MATRIX. Provided below are the names and telephone extensions of contacts who can provide assistance for each of the listed submission items.

OMB BUDGET SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS	POINT OF CONTACT	
	NAME	PHONE
<u>Primary Justification:</u>		
Appropriation Language	Roy Craig	6-3455
Executive Budget Summary	Roy Craig	6-3455
Program Mission	Roy Craig	6-3455
Program Funding Profile	Roy Craig	6-3455
Program Funding by Site	Roy Craig	6-3455
Summary of Changes	Roy Craig	6-3455
Program Performance Summary	Roy Craig	6-3455
Program Direction	Roy Craig	6-3455
Capital Operating Expenses & Construction Summary	Roy Craig	6-3455
Project Data Sheets - Construction Project Number	Roy Craig - Tom Knight	6-3455 6-4016
<u>Supplementary Requirements/Exhibits:</u>		
Special PMA Exhibits	Andy Gray	6-4511
EIA Support Cost Estimates	Karen Elwell	6-2867
Facilities Summary (INT programs)	Robert Pafe	6-4026
Economic Regulatory Admin. Summary	Minh Agon	6-1044
Natural Gas Program	Chuck Roy	6-8977
Estimates of Proprietary Receipts	Rusty Perrin	6-8414
Staffing Guidance and Requirements	Tom Wheeler	6-3276
Historically Black Colleges	Annie Whatley	6-0281
<u>Supplementary Requirements/Exhibits (Cont)</u>		
Administrative Support Costs	Minh Agon	6-8490
Carryover Balances	Rick Sweeney	3-2551

POINT OF CONTACT MATRIX (Cont'd)

OMB BUDGET SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS	POINT OF CONTACT	
	NAME	PHONE
Naval Petroleum & Oil Shale Reserve Production/Revenue Report	Sherry Reid	6-4202
Secretary's Reportable Problems Under FMFIA	Lynn Harshman	3-2556
Planning and Budgeting for Acquisition of Capital Assets	Roy Craig/ Peter Devlin	6-3455/ 6-4905
Program Funding by Contractor & Location System	Steve Baker	3-4795
Rental Payments for Space and Land	FM-20	
Grants	Michael Reitz	6-0690
Motor Vehicles	Mark Napoli	6-8256
Receipt Estimates	Rusty Perrin	6-8414
Financial Management Activities	Ben Chatterson	3-4184
R & D Information	Mike Saltzman	3-2253

CHAPTER III

OMB BUDGET REVIEW

1. **INTRODUCTION.**

- a. **Overview.** The purpose of this chapter is to outline and describe the requirements and procedures for the preparation and submission of the Department of Energy (DOE) budget for the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Budget Review. Additional guidance on the OMB process (i.e., roles and responsibilities, funding responsibilities, DOE policy, etc.) is provided in DOE Order 130.1, BUDGET FORMULATION PROCESS.
- b. **Background.**
 - (1) **Budget Cycle.** The OMB budget request follows the Corporate budget process which begins in early May.
 - (2) **Moratorium on Structure Changes.** The Corporate and OMB budget requests will be submitted on a comparable basis. However, there is a continuing moratorium on program budget structure changes. Both of the Energy and Water subcommittees have expressed their dissatisfaction with continuing structure changes in the Department's justifications. They have therefore directed that the Department's Congressional budget be submitted on a non-comparable basis. They have indicated that they can foresee that, under very limited circumstances, it may be necessary to make some changes. These will only be permitted if submitted by the Office of Budget and approved by the subcommittee staff in advance. Otherwise, they have said they would return budgets with structure changes to the Department for rewrite. Approved structure changes will require a completed comparability matrix.
- c. **Key Concepts.**
 - (1) **Presentation of the Budget.** Detailed instructions for the preparation of justification materials, to the extent they are standardized, are provided in paragraphs 3 through 5 of this chapter. Minor changes will be discussed in the annual OMB Call issued by the Office of Budget.
 - (2) **Funding Level.** Funding allowances are provided as the basic framework of the OMB justification. As these allowances change during the OMB process the justifications will be modified accordingly for submission to Congress.

- (3) **Controls - Dollars and FTEs.** All dollar amounts and staffing levels shown in OMB budget materials must agree with guidance issued by the Secretary.
- (a) **Dollars.** The Office of Budget will issue a Control Table which reflects these the funding guidance of the Secretary. All budget material must tie to these amounts; any budget materials inconsistent with these amounts will be returned immediately for correction. Programs with questions or problems with the Control Table should immediately notify the Budget Formulation Team (CR-13).
- (b) **FTEs.** The Staffing Management Branch (HR-61) will provide a staffing table showing OMB budget staffing allowances in the OMB Call. Programs with questions or problems with staffing level control numbers should immediately notify HR-61.
- (4) **Economic Assumptions.** Budget estimates should reflect the appropriate economic assumptions. These assumptions, i.e., escalation rates for operating expenses and pay and related benefits, etc., will be provided in the annual the OMB Budget Call.
- (5) **Budget Structure.** The budget structure contained in the OMB Budget Call represents the minimum level of detail to which the budget justification shall be written. The structure and level of detail is initially set out by the appropriation subcommittees in FYCY and is used through the OMB Review, and Congressional FYBY budget processes. Programs will not deviate from the structure provided by the subcommittees.
- (6) **National Defense Activities Two-Year Budget.** For even numbered budget years, all DOE National Security (053) organizational elements need to submit a two-year OMB budget. Currently no other DOE programs are required to develop or submit biennial budgets. Questions concerning biennial budgets should be directed to the Defense Team (CR-14) of the Budget Analysis Division, Office of Budget.
- (7) **Submission Requirements.** The due date and required number of copies of the OMB budget submissions will be specified in the Call letter.
- (9) **Typing Guidelines.** The formats and typing instructions for preparing and submitting OMB budget materials are provided in Figure III-1c. Since there are more than 25 separate program organizations within DOE that prepare budget submissions, it is imperative that this guidance is strictly followed to ensure uniform budget requests.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET

TYPING GUIDELINES

To ensure consistency, all primary budget justifications should be submitted on 8 ½ x 11 inch paper with information typed horizontally on the page (landscape). All material should be typed using an Arrus BT 10 point, Times New Roman 12 point font, or similar proportional font of similar size. Questions concerning typing should be directed to the Office of Budget, Budget Formulation Team, 586-4016.

Printing the budget on 8 ½ x 11 inch paper requires that material be presented within prescribed margins. The minimum margins for 8 ½ x 11 inch paper are ½ inch sides, ¾ inch top and 1 inch bottom margin. Material that exceeds these margin allowances will be returned for correction. Remember, correcting one page could involve redoing succeeding pages.

Figure III-1
Typing Guidance

III-1.3

2. **JUSTIFICATION DOCUMENTS**

- a. The Department's OMB budget justification materials are provided in a manner that will ultimately be best suited to meet the needs of the respective appropriation subcommittees. While most of these materials remain static from year to year, some minor changes may take place as the committees alter their requirements. These revised requirements are identified during meetings held between Office of Budget and appropriation's committee staff. Where changes identified at these meetings are of a continuing nature, revisions will be made to the appropriate chapters in the Budget Formulation Handbook.
- b. There are three types/groupings of justification documents discussed in this chapter:
 - (1) **Primary Justification Materials.** These documents are the detailed justifications that support the program's request for funding. This material constitutes the pages that are consolidated into the Department's OMB Budget Request. In addition, the Department submits a Classified Addendum which is a separate budget document for the National Security related programs.
 - (2) **Supplemental Justification Materials.** These are additional and backup data that are prepared at the specific request of the OMB and/or the two cognizant subcommittees. This section of the chapter only describes the supplemental materials that are prepared on a recurring basis.
 - (3) **Crosscut Documents.** These are analyses that are prepared to consolidate related functions that are funded within the Department in several different organizations.

3. **PRIMARY JUSTIFICATIONS.** This section provides guidance and sample formats to be followed in the preparation of primary budget justification materials that will be included in the Department's FYBY OMB budget request.

- a. Appropriation Language **(Insert language from congressional)**
- b. Executive Budget Summary. Each Assistant Secretary and program director is responsible for preparation of the budget documents submitted in the OMB budget process. Attention should be given to making the best possible case for programs in the OMB budget process.

Every major program organization is required to develop and submit an Executive Budget Summary along with their primary budget materials. This summary document should integrate key budget information contained in each of the major program element mission statements to present a comprehensive strategy. This means that **all** budget activities funded under various programs in different appropriation accounts (and, in the case of EE, different appropriations subcommittees) must be tied together to support the organization's major goals and objectives. While organizations are being given flexibility in the presentation of this information, it must cover the following areas:

- Organization's major goals and objectives, including crosscutting initiatives.
- Program composition/major elements (crossing programs, appropriations and subcommittees, as applicable).
- Comprehensive strategy for achieving stated goals and objectives, including associated milestones.
- Major drivers such as legal requirements, Executive Orders, etc.
- Funding and Federal staffing requirements.
- Contractor Employment by Site.
- Major program changes related to implementation of the Department's Strategic Alignment Initiative.
- Several Key Program Performance Measures that support DOE's Strategic Plan and Performance Agreement with the President.
- Major program changes due to policy shifts, NPR, and other government-wide cost-cutting initiatives.
- Graphic and table displays of funding trends and comparisons associated with sub-programs, FTEs (HQ & field splits), sites etc. Pictures should not be used if copies are not clear.
- Major issues, concerns, sensitivities, if applicable, including affected stakeholders, geographic locations.

*
*

The narrative portion of the Executive Budget Summary should be approximately four to five pages in length and signed by the cognizant Assistant Secretary or Program Office Director. It is intended that the Executive Budget Summary be used by Assistant Secretaries and Program Office Directors during their OMB budget briefings. Executive Budget Summaries will be used as the basis for developing the

Departmental Budget Summary for the Congressional budget. A sample format is shown in Figure III-3b.

**DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST
ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACTIVITIES
WEAPONS ACTIVITIES**

Proposed Appropriation Language

For Department of Energy expenses, including the purchase, construction and acquisition of plant and capital equipment and other incidental expenses necessary for atomic energy defense weapons activities in carrying out the purposes of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101, et seq.), including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; and the purchase of passenger motor vehicles (not to exceed [79, of which 76 are] 94 for replacement only), [including one police-type vehicle, \$3,460,314,000] \$3,710,000,000 to remain available until expended.

EXPLANATION OF CHANGE

Changes in appropriation language relate only to the number of vehicles to be acquired

Figure IV-3a
Appropriation Language

III-3.3

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
PROGRAM ORGANIZATION

EXECUTIVE BUDGET SUMMARY

Mission

Describe the organization's mission and how it supports the Department's Strategic Plan. What are its major goals and objectives, including Presidential and crosscutting initiatives? Integrate the goals and objectives of all major programs funded by the organization. This includes major programs funded under different appropriation accounts (and, in the case of EE, different appropriations subcommittees). Also, state if there are any legal requirements or Executive Orders associated with the organization's mission.

Strategy

What is the strategy for accomplishing the mission? What are the major program elements and crossing-cutting programs supported by the organization that contribute to accomplishing the stated mission? Provide tables and/or charts that display the organization's funding for FYPY through FYBY by major program, appropriation account, and subcommittee, as applicable. Also, provide a table that reflects FYPY through FYBY funding, by major program element and sub-program, for the following crosscutting areas:

- Global Climate Change
- Climate Change Action Plan
- Partnership for New Generation of Vehicles
- Pollution Prevention
- American Textile Partnership
- American Computation and Technology Initiatives
- Former Soviet Aid
- Science and Education Programs
- Technology Transfer

Figure III-3b
Executive Summary, EWD - Sample Format

Describe, by major program, significant accomplishments in FYPY, and planned accomplishments for FYCY and FYBY that have or will support the organization's mission.

Major Changes

Describe major changes occurring within the organization. Are there new starts, program terminations, ramp-downs or programmatic shifts with the organization? Are the changes due to Congressional direction, Administration policy changes, Executive Orders, new legal requirements? Provide graphs or tables that display funding changes described above.

- Strategic Alignment Initiative
 - FTE reductions
 - Support Service Contract reductions
 - Information Resource Management reductions
 - Travel reductions
 - Asset sales
 - NEPA streamlining
- Contract Reform
- Privatization
- Cost Sharing

Site Funding and Federal and Contractor Staffing Profiles

Provide tables and/or graphs that reflect site funding and staffing trends and comparisons by program. At a minimum, include:

- Total organizational funding by site and major program element
- Federal staffing at HQ & field sites by major program element
- Direct Contractor employment at field sites by major program element.

Figure III-3b
Executive Summary, EWD - Sample Format

Program Performance Measures

Include several key performance measures that tie to the strategic plan, the Secretary's Performance Agreement with the President, and the budget highlights .

Signature of the Assistant Secretary

Date_____

Figure III-3b
Executive Summary, EWD - Sample Format

- c. Program Mission. This schedule is required for each major program element. It links the program's general goals and objectives to the Department's Strategic Plan, the Secretary's Agreement with the President and provides a framework for grouping more detailed information into subordinate Program Performance Summaries. It should answer the following key questions:
- (1) What is the overall mission or main purpose of the program? How does it support the Department's Strategic Plan? Is the mission statutorily mandated? How does it benefit the American public?
 - (2) What is the strategy for accomplishing the mission? What are the long range goals and objectives? What is the future direction of the program? Are there any new initiatives, program shifts or ramp downs? What are the primary drivers of change from the CY to the BY?
 - (3) Include several key performance measures that support the Department's Strategic Plan, and Performance Agreement with the President. These measures will also be used to prepare the budget highlight and annual performance plan required by the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) . Therefore, these measures should be broad enough to apply to all three fiscal years. Meaningful annual performance measures may also be reported at this level. For instance, does the program have major milestones? Is it on schedule? If not, why? What does the program expect to accomplish with the funding requested in the budget year? What was accomplished in the prior year? What is being accomplished in the current year, and how do all of these tie together to support the program mission? A few good measures that capture the essence of the program and its administration are much more useful than extensive displays of second- and third- order measures which tend to delve into operational minutiae.
 - (4) A sample format is shown in Figure III-3c.

**DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
(ORGANIZATION 's NAME)
ENERGY SUPPLY, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
(Tabular dollars in thousands, Narrative in whole dollars)**

BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH

PROGRAM MISSION

The Biological and Environmental Research Program (BER) provides fundamental science to underpin the five business thrusts of the Department's strategic plan. The information developed by this program will increase the understanding of and, technological solutions to major problems in biology, medicine, and the environment. Through its support of peer-reviewed research at national laboratories, universities, and private institutions, the program develops the knowledge needed to identify, understand, and anticipate the long-term health and environmental consequences of energy use and development.

The GOAL of the BER program is to:

Develop information, advanced technologies, and technological tools for identification, characterization, and mitigation of adverse health or environmental consequences of energy production, development, and use.

The OBJECTIVES related to these goals are:

1. To CONTRIBUTE TO A HEALTHY CITIZENRY - Map the fine structure of the human genome by the year 2005; conduct fundamental research necessary for the development of advanced medical technologies and radio pharmaceuticals; and use the unique National Laboratory facilities to determine biological structure and function at the molecular and cellular level.

Figure III-3c
Program Mission

III-3.10

PROGRAM MISSION - BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH (Cont'd)

2. To CONTRIBUTE TO CLEAN UP OF THE ENVIRONMENT - Conduct fundamental research necessary for the development of economical and efficient advanced remediation tools and risk assessment methodologies for containing wastes and cleaning up DOE's contaminated sites, particularly in support of EM's mission.
3. To UNDERSTAND GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGE - Develop the data and understanding necessary to predict the potential contribution and consequences of energy use and production on the global environment.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES:

Performance measures related to basic science activities are primarily qualitative rather than quantitative. The quality of the BER program is continuously evaluated through the peer-review process which includes: review panels comprised of outside experts, advisory committees, site visits, and review conducted by the Energy Research Office of Program Analysis. Some quantitative performance measures:

1. Percent of the structure of the human genome mapped.
2. Number of advanced medical technologies and radio pharmaceuticals developed and put into general use.
3. Number of advanced remediation tools (e.g., bioremediation) and risk assessment methodologies developed and employed to contain hazardous waste and clean up DOE contaminated sites.
4. Number of generally accepted and routinely operated predictive models of the effects of energy use on the global environment.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND PROGRAM SHIFTS:

- The program has developed new measurement technologies (e.g., chemical and biological sensors) in the Analytical Technology sub program to enhance research carried out in BER activities, notably, environmental and health sciences research.

Figure III-3c
Program Mission

PROGRAM MISSION - BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH (Cont'd)

- New strategies for cleanup, e.g., use of new biological and biotechnological tools (e.g., microbes that breakdown contaminants) have been developed for stubborn remediation problems.
- Advancement has been made in technologies to understand and mitigate the potential health effects from energy activities and cleanup operations. Emphasis is placed on the risks to human health from exposures to low-levels of radiation and chemicals both at home (e.g., radon) and at work (e.g., waste site cleanup).
- Critical information has been developed regarding the molecular nature of the human genome and genomes of other organisms, and exploration is ongoing in the basic chemical structures of important biological molecules relates to their function in living cells. These continued advances are central to understanding health effects and human disease-susceptibility and for applications of biotechnology to the Department's missions.
- Predictive tools are being enhanced year by year to quantify global environmental changes, particularly in carbon dioxide research, induced by human activities, including energy production and use. Emphasis is continuing on the role of clouds in climate and on developing advanced climate models using the world's most advanced computers.
- New nuclear medicine technologies and radio pharmaceuticals to improve medical diagnosis and therapy have been developed contributing to improved health care delivery while reducing costs by achieving early diagnosis and treatment.
- Research in the area of indoor air quality related to radon exposure has been concluded.

Figure III-3c
Program Mission

- d. **Program Funding Profile.** For the OMB budget request Departmental organizations should prepare the Program Funding Profile(s). As a reminder, the format of this table will depend upon whose jurisdiction the program's appropriation falls (i.e., Energy and Water or Interior and Related Agencies).
- (1) For appropriations under the jurisdiction of the Energy and Water Development subcommittee, the Program Funding Profile should be developed to show the following columns, FYPY Comparable Appropriation, FYCY Comparable Requested Appropriation, FYCY Comparable House Mark, FYCY Comparable Senate Mark, and FYBY Budget Request. If a conference committee report is available, provide a FYCY Comparable Conference Committee column and do not include columns for House and Senate marks. Similarly, if the FYCY is an enacted appropriation, provide the FYCY Comparable Appropriation column and do not include the FYCY Comparable Requested Appropriation column or the FYCY Comparable Conference Committee column report (See Figure II-3d.1).
- (a) **FYPY Comparable Appropriation.** Reflects final enacted appropriations, made comparable to the BY structure, including reprogramming, supplementals, rescissions, general reductions.
- (b) **FYCY Comparable Requested Appropriation.** Reflects the CY Congressional request (made comparable to the BY structure). Do not include this column if appropriations have been enacted for the CY.
- (c) **FYCY Comparable House Mark.** Reflects the house mark (made comparable to the BY structure) if not enacted. Do not include this column if appropriations have been enacted for the CY.
- (d) **FYCY Comparable Senate Mark.** Reflects the Senate mark (made comparable to the BY structure) if not enacted. Do not include this column if appropriations have been enacted for the CY.
- (e) **FYCY Comparable Conference Committee Report.** Reflects the conference committee report (made comparable to the BY structure) if appropriation not enacted. Do not include this column if appropriations have been enacted for the CY.
- (f) **FYCY Comparable Appropriation.** Reflects the final enacted appropriations (made comparable to the BY structure) including reprogramming, supplementals, rescissions, and general reductions. Include this column only if appropriations have been enacted for the CY.

- (g) **FYBY Request.** Reflects total amount requested by the program including FYBY impact of pending FYCY supplementals.
 - (h) **FYBY+1 Request.** In even numbered Budget Years, activities funded by the National Security budget function (053) will provide one outyear (BY+1).
- (2) For appropriations under the jurisdiction of the Interior and Related Agencies Committee, the Program Funding Profile should be prepared on a comparable basis (i.e., the stub column should list FYBY structure activities only). This table should include six columns as follows: (See Figure III-3d.2)
- (a) **FYPY Comparable Appropriation.** Reflects final adjusted appropriations including reprogramming, enacted supplementals, etc. made comparable to the FYBY structure. Where necessary, two footnotes will be used: one to identify approved adjustments; and another to identify comparability between the BY structure and the PY Enacted structure.
 - (b) **FYCY.** Reflects amounts contained in the CY comparable requested appropriation request made comparable to the BY structure. Where necessary, two footnotes will be used: one to identify approved adjustments; and another to identify comparability between the BY structure and the CY requested structure.
 - (c) **FYBY Base.** Base amounts are the FYCY requested plus any anticipated non-discretionary increases that will have to be funded in FYBY. The majority of non-discretionary items will relate to staffing and supporting activities. Increases or decreases shown here will generally include the following:
 - 1 Increases to basic Federal Telecommunications Systems (FTS) and Standard Level User Charge (SLUC/rent) costs.
 - 2 Adjustment for increase or decrease in the total number of compensable days. **For example:** FYCY and FYBY may contain 261 compensable days including paid holidays while FYPY may only contain 260.
 - 3 Estimated statutory pay cost increases. Do not reflect anticipated promotions. (See economic assumptions in Attachment D of OMB Call)

- 4 Annualization of FTEs filled during FYCY. For example, new FTEs included in the FYCY budget request would have only partial funding considering the lapse rate for the delay in filling vacancies. The personnel costs for these FTEs must be annualized in the FYBY. Therefore, the difference between full year funding and current year funding would be considered a mandatory increase. Annualized items do not include commitments, phase funded construction, or items which have been authorized by law but not funded in previous years.
- (d) **FYBY Request.** Reflects total amount requested in the OMB budget including FYBY impact of pending FYCY supplementals. A footnote, describing any comparability that exists between the BY structure and the PY and/or CY structures, shall be applied to the amount in the BY column and to the amount in the other FY(s) as appropriate.
- (e) **Program Change - Request vs. Base.** A two-column listing of the BY program change versus the BY Base is required. Both the dollar change and the percent change must be shown. The dollar change must be calculated as BY Request minus BY Base. The percent change must be calculated as the dollar change divided by the BY Base multiplied by 100. The appropriate sign (+ or -) should be used also.
- (f) **Staffing (FTEs).** The number of Full Time Equivalent Federal employees funded in each year of the Program Funding Profile must be shown by Headquarters and Field after the total section. FTEs are calculated as 2080 hours, unless otherwise directed, in a normal work year. Occasionally the FTE is calculated as 2087 hours when specific guidance is given to do so.
- (3) The following standard instructions should be followed for both the Energy and Water Development and the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations:
- (a) **Adjustment Line.** Adjustments such as spreads of general reductions or use of prior year balances should be placed after the Program Funding Profile subtotal and included in the Program Funding Profile total. Each entry in the Adjustment Line must have a footnote fully explaining the adjustment.
- (b) **Authorizations.** Public Law Authorizations must be shown.

- (c) **Footnotes.** All footnotes indicated on the Program Funding Profile should be gathered and listed alphabetically after the Authorizations. The order of footnotes should be left to right and top to bottom.

**BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
PROGRAM FUNDING PROFILE**

(Dollars in thousands)

Sub-program	FYPY Enacted Appropriation	FYCY Requested Appropriation	FYCY House Mark	FYCY Senate Mark	FYBY Budget Request
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Analytical Technology	\$ 8,706	\$ 8,880	\$ 8,880	\$ 8,880	\$8,880
Environmental Processes	44,400	50,100	45,354	49,100	35,300
Health Effects	35,521	30,792	17,895	20,792	28,332
General Life Sciences	107,664	112,575	88,391	92,575	111,052
Medical Applications	47,732	38,900	33,172	25,900	38,900
Carbon Dioxide Research	86,848	88,400	78,400	88,400	88,400
Program Direction	7,500	7,600	7,600	7,600	7,600
Facilities Operations	30,670	31,822	23,810	18,822	35,805
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Subtotal, Operations & Maintenance	\$ 369,041	\$ 369,069	\$ 303,502	\$ 312,069	\$ 354,269
Construction	67,200	62,595	45,480	48,595	36,113
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Subtotal, BER	\$ 436,241	\$ 431,664	\$ 348,982	\$ 360,664	\$ 390,382
Adjustment	-5,401 ^{a/}	-1,000 ^{b/}		0	0
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TOTAL, BER	\$ 430,840	\$ 430,664	\$ 348,982	\$ 360,664	\$ 390,382
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

^{a/} Use of prior years unobligated balances (\$5,401).

^{b/} General reduction distributed to Environmental Research sub-program.

Public Law Authorizations:

Pub. Law 95-91, DOE Organization Act.

Figure III-3d.1
Program Funding Profile, EWD

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
ENERGY CONSERVATION
(Dollars in thousands)

PROGRAM FUNDING PROFILE

Industry Sector

Activity	FY PYxx Enacted	FY CYxx Enacted	FY BYxx Base	FY BYxx Request	Program Change Request vs. Base	
					Dollar	Percent
Energy Systems						
Operating Expenses	\$ 27,544	\$ 29,893	\$ 29,893	\$ 44,630	\$+ 14,737	+ 49%
Waste Minimization						
Operating Expenses	\$ 20,235	\$ 25,992	\$ 25,992	\$ 33,592	\$ +7,600	+ 29%
Process Efficiency						
Operating Expenses	\$ 50,794	\$ 53,842	\$ 53,842	\$ 72,253	\$+ 18,411	+ 34%
Implementation and Deployment						
Operating Expenses	\$ 4,462	\$ 7,010	\$ 7,010	\$ 20,361	\$+ 13,351	+ 190%
Management and Planning						
Operating Expenses	\$ 5,890	\$ 6,678	\$ 6,678	\$ 7,244	\$ +566	+ 8%
Management - Capital Equipment						
Capital Equipment	\$ 2,776	\$ 1,631	\$ 1,631	\$ 2,588	\$ +957	+ 59%
TOTAL	<u>\$ 111,701</u>	<u>\$ 125,046</u>	<u>\$ 125,046</u>	<u>\$ 180,668</u>	<u>\$+ 55,622</u>	<u>+ 44%</u>
Summary						
Operating Expenses	\$ 108,925	\$ 123,415	\$ 123,415	\$ 178,080	\$+ 54,665	+ 44%
Capital Equipment	<u>2,776</u>	<u>1,631</u>	<u>1,631</u>	<u>2,588</u>	<u>+957</u>	<u>+ 59%</u>
Total Program	<u>\$ 111,701</u>	<u>\$ 125,046</u>	<u>\$ 125,046</u>	<u>\$ 180,668</u>	<u>\$+ 55,622</u>	<u>+ 44%</u>
Staffing (FTEs)						
HQ FTEs	3	4	4	4		
Field FTEs	<u>53</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>73</u>		
Total FTEs	<u>56</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>77</u>		

Authorizations:
P.L. 102-486, "Energy Policy Act of 1992"

Figure III-3d.2
Program Funding Profile, INT

- e. Program Funding By Site. The Program Funding by Site schedule (Figure III-3e) is required only for programs that are funded by the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Subcommittee. This report displays funding by operations office, laboratory and other major facilities at the program level, and has the same columns as the Program Funding Profile. The column totals must equal the totals of the Program Funding Profile.

BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
(Dollars in thousands)

PROGRAM FUNDING BY SITE

Field Offices/Sites	FYPY Enacted Appropriation	FYCY Request Appropriation	FYCY House Mark	FYCY Senate Mark	FYBY Budget Request
Albuquerque Operations Office					
Los Alamos National Laboratory	\$ 19,187	\$ 17,539	\$ 13,539	\$ 14,539	\$ 15,860
Chicago Operations Office					
Argonne National Lab (East)	35,718	35,077	29,977	30,977	31,720
Brookhaven National Lab	89,682	86,092	74,852	75,852	77,853
Environmental Measurements Lab	27,656	26,709	19,639	20,639	24,153
Idaho Operations Office					
Idaho National Engineering Lab	9,225	10,210	7,210	8,210	9,235
Oakland Operations Office					
Lawrence Berkeley Lab	19,965	20,321	14,321	15,321	18,377
Lawrence Livermore National Lab	8,458	4,606	2,606	3,606	4,165
Oak Ridge Operations Office					
Oak Ridge Institute for Science & Education	1,036	1,002	0	0	906
Oak Ridge National Lab	38,662	47,151	39,051	40,051	42,638
Richland Operations Office					
Pacific National Northwest Lab	182,784	176,127	143,780	146,462	159,275
Savannah River Operations Office					
Savannah River Technology Center	3,068	6,007	4,007	5,007	5,432
All Other Sites	800	823	0	0	768
Subtotal	\$ 436,241	\$ 431,664	\$ 348,982	\$ 360,664	\$ 390,382
Adjustment	-5,401 ^{a/}	-1,000 ^{b/}	0	0	0
TOTAL	\$ 430,840	\$ 430,664	\$ 348,982	\$ 360,664	\$ 390,382
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

^{a/} Use of prior years unobligated balances.

^{b/} General reduction distributed to Environmental Research sub-program.

- f. Summary of Changes. The Summary of Changes schedule is required only from programs funded under the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Subcommittee. It follows each Program Funding Profile in the justification material and has amounts consistent with those contained in the Program Funding Profile.
- (1) The information presented on this exhibit includes the CY Request, a summary explanation of the non-discretionary changes to the CY that comprise the BY Base, and details of major increases and decreases from the BY Base that are proposed in the BY request. FYBY base adjustments will be included in this exhibit. These amounts should be in agreement with FYBY Base amounts shown on the Program Funding Profile. See the sample format shown in Figure III-3f.
 - (2) The stub should be constructed in such a way that the explanation of changes will be grouped by Decision Unit and provided for each Key Activity that has a non-zero difference between the CY and the BY Request. Totals must agree with the Program Funding Profile totals. Narrative explanations should succinctly describe changes. Offsetting increases or decreases within individual Key Activity elements should be included in any explanation that is aggregated at the Key Activity level. A more complete discussion of the changes should be provided in the Program Performance Summary narrative justification.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
ENERGY CONSERVATION
(dollars in thousands)

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Industry Sector

(Only programs funded under the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Subcommittee)

FYCY Enacted	\$	125,046
- Non-Discretionary -		0
FY BYxx Base	\$	125,046
<u>Energy Systems</u>		
- Advanced Topping Cycles - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		+ 11,092
- Continuous Fiber Ceramic Composites - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		-1,964
- Electric Drives - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		+ 6,451
- Combustion Processes - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		-130
- Industrial Combustion Equipment - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		-118
- Heat Pumps - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		-107
- Recuperators - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		+ 7
- Thermal Science - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		-494
<u>Waste Minimization</u>		
- Waste Reduction - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		+ 7,000
- Waste Utilization and Conversion - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		+ 782
- Municipal Solid Waste Combustion - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here		+ 1,324

Figure III-3f
Summary of Changes, INT
Page 1 of 2 Pages

III-3.22

SUMMARY OF CHANGES - Industry Sector (Cont'd)

- MSW Data Collection and Analysis - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	-336
<u>Process Efficiency</u>	
- Metals Initiative - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 2,557
- Process Electrolysis - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 972
- Foundries and Glass - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 8,886
- Advanced Materials - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 3,179
- Alternative Feedstocks - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 3,895
- Bioprocessing - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	-1,036
- Process Development - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	-133
- Pulp and Paper - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 255
- Food, Textiles, and Agriculture - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	-164
<u>Implementation and Deployment</u>	
- Implementation and Deployment - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 13,351
<u>Management and Planning</u>	
- Evaluation, Planning and Analysis - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	-19
- Program Direction - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	-585
<u>Management - Capital Equipment</u>	
- Capital Equipment - Energy Systems - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 277
- Capital Equipment - Waste Minimization - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	-61
- Capital Equipment - Process Efficiency - Descriptive text for the increase or decrease appears here	+ 741
FYBY OMB Budget Request -	\$ 180,668

Figure IV-3f
Summary of Changes, INT
Page 2 of 2 Pages

- g. Program Performance Summary. This schedule is the primary budget document used to describe and justify program activities. It is prepared for each component or sub-program of the major program element. **The information provided at this level should be primarily quantitative in nature.** The narrative information that is provided should focus on what is being accomplished **at the sub-program level** with the funding requested/previously appropriated.

(1) Organizations funded under the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Subcommittee shall prepare the Program Performance Summary according to the guidance provided below (see Figure III-3g.1):

- (a) **Section I - Mission Supporting Goals & Objectives.** This section of the Program Performance Summary shall concisely describe the main purpose of the sub-program and the key goals and objectives that support the mission of the major program element. Base program and any lower program elements (key activities) should also be described in this section to avoid rejustifying them each fiscal year. New starts, completions, terminations, and key accomplishments (both past and planned) of the sub-program and any subordinate elements should be described in Section III "Performance Summary" by fiscal year.
- (b) **Section II - Funding Schedule.** This table reports the sub-program's funding by its subordinate elements (key activities) by fiscal year (PY, CY, BY). In addition, the table includes two columns that provide the dollar and percent change from the CY to the BY.
- (c) **Section III - Performance Summary.**

- 1 Accomplishments. This section of the Program Performance Summary should provide narrative descriptions of past, current and planned activities and accomplishments by key activity and include the associated funding for each of the three fiscal years (PY, CY, BY). The purpose of this section is to convey what the funding is to be used for and why it is important. Narrative descriptions should be pithy, and technical terms ("DOEese") should be avoided. Activities and accomplishments should be described in quantifiable terms, to the extent possible. New starts, major initiatives, and items of Congressional interest should be described separately.

The funding associated with the activities and accomplishments should be displayed to the right of the narrative descriptions by fiscal year and equal the amounts presented in the funding table provided in Section II above. See Figure III-3g.1.

- 2 *Explanation of Funding Changes from FYCY to FYBY.* This section of the Program Performance Summary should explain the change in funding by key activity from CY to BY. Why is there a change in funding? Does an increase reflect a work scope change, a new start, changes in cost of materials or labor, or new regulatory requirements? Does a funding decrease reflect a completed project, or shift in program priorities? Any funding change should be described clearly and succinctly.

A tabular display of the funding change should also be provided to the right of each narrative explanation. The total change in funding from CY to BY presented in this column must tie back to the total funding change presented in the funding schedule provided in Section II above. **Net changes of zero dollars (\$0) should be broken out by subordinate activity.**

- 3 *Major Issues.* This section should be included when there are significant issues, concerns or sensitivities related to the sub-program. Potential program impacts should also be described to the extent possible. Examples include pending litigation and international or public/private partnerships.

- (2) Organizations funded under the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Subcommittee should prepare the Program Performance Summary according to the guidance provided below (see Figure III-3g.2).

- (a) **Section I: Mission Supporting Goals & Objectives.** Each Program Performance Summary must begin with a Mission Supporting Goals & Objectives Statement. This statement is intended to introduce the reader to the ensuing group(s) of Key Activities. Performance goals and objectives should be included for each major program activity. Key performance indicators in terms of outputs and outcomes should also be included to support the performance indicators outlined in the Program Mission. Detailed information about specific activities should be presented later in the Performance Summary. The use of acronyms and detailed technical explanations or statements should be avoided to facilitate the reader's comprehension of the Key Activities.
- (b) **Section II.A.: Funding Table.** The Funding Table follows the Mission Supporting Goals & Objectives. This table will provide additional detail supporting the Program Funding Profile. The stubs in the Funding Table should be the Key Activity element titles presented in the Performance Summary section (Part III) and should be, at a minimum, the level of

detail indicated by the budget structure attached to the FYBY Corporate call. Groups of Key Activities should have totals as appropriate.

- 1 *FYPY*. Reflects final Comparable appropriations including supplementals, rescissions, reprogramming, general reductions on a comparable basis.
- 2 *FYCY*. Contains the original CY appropriation plus any real or comparable adjustments such as reprogramming, rescissions, general reductions, restructures, or reorganizations.
- 3 *FYBY*. Contains the BY request amount.
- 4 *% Change*. The percent change of the BY from the CY is computed by the formula: $\% \text{ Change} = [(BY - CY)/CY] \times 100$. If the CY is zero (0) or the computation yields greater than 999 percent, the entry is: > 999.

- (c) **Section II.B.: Laboratory and Facility Funding.** All programs that perform work at national laboratories or major DOE facilities should include this table in the Program Performance Summary. For programs that are currently unable to breakout the total amount by site, the “All Other” line should be used to ensure the total amount is reflected. Congressional staff requested this table to track program funding at all laboratories and facilities. If this table appears on the same page as the Funding Table, the column headings are not repeated. The identical headings to the Funding Table are provided if this table appears on a new page. The data entered follow the same rules as the Funding Table. Use of BARRS to enter complete PFCLS data will allow automatic creation of this table.
- (d) **Section III: Performance Summary.** The format of this section parallels the Funding Table. The identical headings to the Funding Table are provided with the exception of the % Change column. These descriptions serve as the primary justification for individual program components. Care should be taken in describing the three years of budget activity in precise terms. Narrative justification should be oriented towards how the activity will help meet the output measures stated in the associated Mission Supporting Goals & Objectives and Program Mission. The use of acronyms and technical jargon should be avoided. Descriptions should provide information on program changes, staffing requirements and identification of technology transfer activities. Meaningful activity descriptions should be provided for each fiscal year. The term “No Activity” should only be used in years prior to starting an

activity or after completing an activity. **Also, do not repeat verbatim the activity descriptions in each of the three years.** The following items, at the minimum, need to be discussed in this section:

- 1 *Construction.* Activity Descriptions should contain **consolidated** Construction Key Activity structure elements or include the construction dollars in the various program activity structure elements. Please **do not** use this section to list each construction project associated with this Program Performance Summary because Part IV has been designed specifically to capture individual construction project information. BARRS can be used to produce summary construction amounts by giving individual projects a reporting level indicator (RLI) of “AD” under a Construction key activity (RLI of KA). The dollars for each project can be entered, but only the total for the “KA” Construction element will be printed on the report.
- 2 *Comparability Transfers.* Comparability transfers must be separately addressed with their own narrative description. Narrative descriptions for all activities involving a comparability transfer must begin with the word “TRANSFER:” capitalized and followed by a colon.

In the budget structure attached to the FYBY Congressional Call, a comparability is denoted by a structure element with a period (“.”) in either the PY, or the appropriate CY (CS, or CM) columns, and an “X” in the BY column of the structure report.

- 3 *Presidential Initiatives/Other Initiatives:* Activity descriptions associated with investment initiatives must begin with the investment initiative title in capital letters as an introductory header to identify these high-priority activities. Presidential initiatives include the Climate Change Action Plan (CCAP), Partnership for a New Generation of Vehicles (PNGV), and Weatherization. Associated funding amounts for these activities must also be clearly identified. See Figure III-3g.2 for a sample narrative.
- 4 A new feature of BARRS can be used to provide dollar amounts in the narrative paragraphs of the performance Summary, if desired, by using the print option \$ with Act Desc: Yes. Using this option avoids having dollar amounts in text that do not sum to the totals. The dollar amounts are added to the end of the text and enclosed in parenthesis.

- (e) **Section IV.A.: Construction Project Summary.** This is a list of all construction projects which have funding in FYPY through FYBY. Projects are listed in descending fiscal year order beginning with FYBY.
- 1 The Heading of the Project Summary should include the notation that tabular dollars are in thousands and narrative material is in whole dollars. An additional line in the Heading will follow the fiscal year and budget cycle identification line if Projects previously transmitted to Congress have changed data or text. The heading will only be placed on the Project Summary, Part IV.A. The heading will not be repeated on the following Project Descriptive Summary pages, Part IV.B.
 - 2 The title of Part IV. A. will include the expense type; e.g., “IV. A. Operating Expense Funded Project Summary” or “IV. A. Construction Funded Project Summary.”
 - 3 A “Redline indicator” (i.e., vertical line in the left margin) will be used for each project that has changes from the previous Part IV. A. transmitted in the last budget to Congress.
 - 4 **Project No..** The project number, obtained from the Budget Formulation Branch, consists of the last two digits of the year of initial funding of the project, a single letter code for the organization, and a three digit number. General Plant Projects have the letters “GP” in place of the initial funding year.
 - 5 **Project Title.** The title of the project must be the same as the title that was given the project number. Project titles shall not be changed.
 - 6 **Previous Obligations.** The total of all obligations previous to the FYPY is entered in this column.
 - 7 **FYPY Adjusted.** The amount appropriated in FYPY, including any adjustments is entered in this column.
 - 8 **FYCY Adjusted.** The FYCY amount - either requested for appropriation or appropriated, including any amendments or adjustments, depending on the status of Congressional action - should appear in this column.
 - 9 **FYBY Request.** The amount of the BY request for the project is entered in this column.

- 10 Unappropriated Balance.** The balance of the project total estimated cost (TEC) to be requested in fiscal years after the BY.
- 11 TEC.** The project Total Estimated Cost.
- (f) **Project Descriptive Summary (Section IV.B.)** - For each project listed in Part IV.A., a separate Project Descriptive Summary (Part IV.B.) is to be provided.
- 1** The same format is to be used for construction funded and operating expense funded projects. The title of Part IV. B. will include the expense type; e.g., “IV. B. Operating Expense Funded Project Summary” or “IV. B. Construction Funded Project Summary.”
 - 2** Information for Major Systems Acquisition (MSA) or Major Project (MP) projects will be in agreement with the project plan baseline document. Only directed changes (i.e., directed by Congressional action) or Energy Systems Acquisition Board (ESAB) approved changes are to be identified.
 - 3** The Financial Schedule (Section 2 of Part IV.B.) shall be reconciled to the Departmental Primary Accounting System (DPAS) i.e., Financial Information System (FIS) and Funds Distribution System (FDS).
 - 4** Project changes between the present Part IV.B. and the Part IV.B. transmitted in the last budget to Congress will be explained in Section 3 of Part IV.B. with a “Redline indicator” in the left margin of the explanation. Every effort should be made to ensure that project narrative and any necessary explanation of changes are succinct (i.e., short but meaningful) so that each Part IV. B. is only a single page. Footnotes should be used sparingly. See Figure III-3g.2 for examples of Part IV.A. and Part IV.B.
- (g) **Environmental Restoration (EM-40) Projects.** For Environmental Restoration (EM-40) projects under the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Restoration and Waste Management, the following definitions shall apply for each MSA unless a separate precedent has been established:
- 1** Total Estimated Cost (TEC): This term will not be used for EM-40 projects. The right most column heading of Part IV. A. will be

modified to be “TPC”. In addition, the entry for TEC in Part IV. B. will be state “see TPC”.

- 2 Total Project Cost (TPC): The cost included in the most current Ten Year Plan or in an approved Baseline Document which sums all previous costs plus projected costs for the next five fiscal years. The TPC shall include all associated Other Project Costs for this period. If certain projects which extend beyond the Ten Year Plan have approved baseline in place, they shall be used in their entirety.
- 3 Additionally, in Part IV.B., for EM-40 projects the Start Date: will be changed to Date Cleanup Phase Initiated: and the Completion Date: will be changed to Date Cleanup Phase Ends:

BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH

ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESSES

I. Mission Supporting Goals and Objectives: Research is focused on understanding the basic chemical, physical, and biological processes of the Earth's atmosphere, land, and oceans and how these processes may be affected by energy production and use, primarily the emission of carbon dioxide from fossil fuel combustion. A major part of the research is designed to provide the data that will enable an objective assessment of the potential for, and consequences of, global warming. The program is comprehensive with an emphasis on the radiation balance from the surface of the Earth to the top of the atmosphere including the role of clouds and on enhancing the quantitative models necessary to predict possible climate change at the global and regional levels. There are four contributing areas to this research program: **Climate and Hydrology, Atmospheric Chemistry and Carbon Cycle, Ecological Processes, and Human Interactions.** The National Institute for Global and Environmental Change (NIGEC) is included within these four areas. The Environmental Processes subprogram is DOE's contribution to the U.S. Global Change Research Program that was codified by Congress in the Global Change Research Act of 1990.

II. Funding Schedule:

<u>Program Activity</u>	<u>FY 19PY</u>	<u>FY 19CY</u>	<u>FY 19BY</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Climate and Hydrology	\$ 53,515	\$ 51,804	\$ 54,267	\$+ 2,463	+ 4.8%
Atmospheric Chemistry and Carbon Cycle	27,317	29,032	27,164	- 1,868	- 6.4%
Ecological Processes	12,287	11,797	11,448	- 349	- 3.0%
Human Interactions	<u>9,733</u>	<u>8,981</u>	<u>9,458</u>	<u>+ 477</u>	<u>+ 5.3%</u>
Total, Environmental Processes	<u>\$ 102,852</u>	<u>\$ 101,614</u>	<u>\$ 102,337</u>	<u>\$+ 723</u>	<u>+ 0.7%</u>

Figure III-3g.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

Sample Format
BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESSES

III. Performance Summary- Accomplishments:

	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>
<u>Climate and Hydrology</u>			
-Parallel Ocean Program model delivered by CHAMMP to climate modeling community for coupling with atmospheric models. Continued ocean process modeling efforts to improve understanding of exchange of heat and carbon dioxide between the ocean and atmosphere.	xxx		
-Initiated major field program at Cape Hatteras, NC, to probe changes in biological and geological properties at the ocean-land interface from increasing concentrations of atmospheric carbon dioxide.	xxx		
-Implement initial experiments with coupled climate system models on massively-parallel super-computers to capitalize on computational improvements. Execute multi-decade simulations of climate change to address century-scale climate prediction and evaluate estimates of model uncertainties to changes in atmospheric concentrations of greenhouse gases.		xxx	
-Complete measurements of ocean carbon in the Indian Ocean as part of the global survey of inorganic carbon in the ocean to understand role of ocean in the uptake of atmospheric carbon dioxide.		xxx	
-Complete evaluation of data obtained in field campaign at land/ocean interface.			xxx
TOTAL Climate and Hydrology	\$53,515	\$51,804	\$54,267

Figure III-3g.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

Sample Format
BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESSES

III. Performance Summary- Accomplishments:

Atmospheric Chemistry and Carbon Cycle

	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>
-Second ARM Site established in Tropical Western Pacific. Started key measurements to determine how tropical clouds are mathematically represented in General Circulation Models (GCMs).	xxx		
-Terrestrial Carbon Processes Research Program initiated to quantify fraction of fossil carbon dioxide taken up by terrestrial vegetation and to predict future uptake.	xxx		
-Acquired and analyzed data to determine the possible impact of energy emissions on tropospheric and stratospheric ozone.	xxx		
-The Quantitative Links program was completed, delivering information for the ARM and other programs.	xxx		
-Complete the experiments at the Oklahoma ARM site that will solve the puzzle of anomalous short wave absorption by clouds.		xxx	
-Begin periodic Intensive Observational Periods (IOPs) at the ARM site in the Tropical Western Pacific to improve parameterization of clouds in climate models. Continue collaborations with Australia, Papua New Guinea, and Japan. Initiate preparations for third ARM site on the North Slope of Alaska.		xxx	
-Continue experiments to quantify forest ecosystem responses to elevated carbon dioxide and climate variation.	xxx	xxx	
-Develop improved process models and methods for assessing regional consequences of atmospheric and climatic changes on ecological systems and human resources.		xxx	

Figure III-3g.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

Sample Format
BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESSES

III. Performance Summary- Accomplishments:

	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>
-Participate in the North American Research Strategy for Tropospheric Ozone (NARSTO) Program, designed to quantify and characterize the scientific uncertainties of urban and rural smog and provide data for science-based air quality management decisions by Federal, state, and local authorities.		xxx	
-Field experiment of land-ocean research becomes fully operational and its completion results in determining if the coastal oceans are a source or sink for atmospheric carbon dioxide.o		xxx	
Develop improved process models and methods for assessing regional consequences of atmospheric and climatic hanges on ecological systems and human resources.		xxx	
-Establish third ARM Site on North Slope of Alaska and begin arctic data collection to support improvements in treatment of clouds and radiation in GCMs. Maintain full operation at the ARM sites in Oklahoma and the Tropical Western Pacific.			xxx
-Include advanced understanding of how clouds affect atmospheric heating and cooling in the GCMs based on ARM data. Initiate the next step in the comparison of models by coupling with ocean models to enable the long-term climate predictions necessary for understanding global climate change.			xxx
-Provide improved estimates of atmospheric carbon dioxide changes that result from fossil fuel combustion. Improve understanding of the terrestrial biosphere's role in the uptake of carbon dioxide (i.e., the carbon exchange between the atmosphere and forests).			xxx
TOTAL Atmospheric Chemistry and Carbon Cycle	\$27,317	\$29,032	\$27,164

Figure III-3g.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

Sample Format
BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESSES

III. Performance Summary- Accomplishments:

	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>
<u>Ecological Process</u>			
-Provided regional estimates of sensitivity of ecological systems to climatic and atmospheric changes as a foundation for science-based assessments of the consequences of global change.	xxx		
-Evaluate success of global change fellowship program with respect to training of new scientists and the development of cross-disciplinary skills of the graduate- and postdoctoral fellows.		xxx	
-Synthesize initial results from experimental and observational studies to quantify responses of southern hardwood forest and arid land ecosystems to alterations in precipitation.			xxx
-Complete evaluation of data obtained in field campaign at land/ocean interface.			xxx
-Complete regional analysis to identify ecological systems most sensitive to climatic variation and change to provide improved assessments of consequences of climate change.			xxx
TOTAL Ecological Processes	\$12,287	\$11,797	\$11,448

Figure III-3g.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

Sample Format
BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESSES

III. Performance Summary- Accomplishments:

	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>
<u>Human Interactions</u>			
-Continued development of integrated assessment models and other means for assessing the potential environmental and economic consequences of natural and human-induced climatic and atmospheric changes.	xxx		
-Supported new graduate and post-doctoral fellowships to provide for the next generation of multidisciplinary research scientists.		xxx	
-Radon program completed, and results synthesized to develop protocols for identifying areas with high risk potential for elevated indoor radon..		xxx	
-Initiate a Young Scientists Award Program to strengthen global change research infrastructure at universities and national laboratories.			xxx
-Funding for SBIR and STTR programs.	xxx	xxx	xxx
TOTAL Human Interactions	<u>\$9,733</u>	<u>\$8,981</u>	<u>\$9,458</u>
TOTAL Environmental Processes	<u>\$102,852</u>	<u>\$101,614</u>	<u>\$102,337</u>

Figure III-3g.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

Sample Format
BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
ENVIRONMENTAL PROCESSES

SIGNIFICANT FUNDING CHANGES FROM FY 19CY TO FY 19BY:

Climate and Hydrology: The Atmospheric Radiation Measurement (ARM) program will continue to develop and operate the planned ARM sites, including the second and third sites located in the Tropical Western Pacific and the North Slope of Alaska, respectively. Activities within CHAMMP, the UAV-ARM program, and relevant parts of NIGEC will proceed at levels appropriate to their scientific priorities and urgencies. (+ \$2,463,000)

Atmospheric Chemistry and Carbon Cycle:- Activities within Marine Transport/Ocean Margins have focused on the role of coastal oceans as a source or sink for atmospheric carbon dioxide and the processes controlling the uptake, transport, and sequestration of carbon in the coastal ocean. Studies have included the use of biomarkers, measures of bacterial respiration, and studies of biogeochemical processes at the land/water interface. Research involving the development and application of such molecular and biological methods will be supported in the context of the synergistic and complementary research areas under the environmental remediation subprogram. Studies have included the use of biomarkers, measures of bacterial respiration, and studies of biogeochemical processes at the land/water interface. Research involving the development and application of such molecular and biological methods will be supported in the context of the synergistic and complementary research areas under the environmental remediation subprogram. (-\$1,868,000)

Ecological Processes: Experimental and observational studies will continue at a reduced pace. The program scope is maintained. (-\$349,000)

Human Interactions: - Integrated assessment studies targeted at the science-based understanding of the implications of fundamental research in issues related to environmental processes will be strengthened. Newly initiated activities directed towards the inclusion and development of minority students in peer-reviewed research focused on environmental processes will be maintained. (+ \$477,000)

Major Issues:

This section should be included when there are significant issues, concerns or sensitivities related to the sub-program (e.g., litigation).

Figure III-3g.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGIES
INDUSTRY SECTOR
(dollars in thousands)

I. Mission Supporting Goals and Objectives: Process Efficiency

Process Efficiency concentrates on the core fabrication processes and energy intensive industries that provide the foundational infrastructure of the United States manufacturing economy. The four key activities in this subprogram area are: Materials and Materials Processing, Paper and Pulp, Chemicals and Petroleum Refining, and Food, Textiles, and Agriculture. Process Efficiency replaces previous Industrial Sector budget key activities of Materials Processing, Separations, Sensors and Controls, Bioprocessing, and Enabling Materials except for CFCC.

Process Efficiency addresses critical areas for increased research and development to improve energy efficiency in the energy intensive industries. Domestic producers in these industries are increasingly threatened by offshore competitors. Development of leading edge process technologies is viewed as a key strategy to building a strong industrial economy and is important to national security. These industries are among the largest industrial energy consumers, using about 30 quads annually to produce goods valued at about \$900 billion. Energy costs are a significant part of total production costs with typical process energy efficiencies less than 50 percent. Therefore, the program goal of increasing energy efficiency can significantly improve the cost-competitiveness of these industries. In addition, utilization of improved sensors and controls is a key strategy that is embodied in each program area as a means to increase the energy efficiency and productivity of industrial processes. Aggressive government-industry action to develop and implement advanced production technologies is needed to maintain and enhance U.S. competitiveness. To achieve the program's objectives, the Process Efficiency program focuses on defining the industry "vision statements" of plants of the future by identifying the technical, market and regulatory challenges that impact the evolution of the next generation plants. New technologies can be developed, in cooperation with industry, that will: (1) eliminate energy-intensive unit processes, (2) improve present processing to enhance productivity while reducing energy demand, (3) reduce manufacturing costs to improve competitiveness, and (4) minimize environmental impact.

MATERIALS AND MATERIALS PROCESSING

The Materials and Materials Processing program includes the mandated programs of Metals Initiative, Metal Casting Competitiveness, Advanced Manufacturing Initiative and the Advanced Materials Initiative, in addition to the generic program areas of Process Electrolysis, Foundries and Glass, Engineered Industrial Materials and Materials Manufacturing Technologies. These industries are among the largest industrial energy consumers, directly using about 5 quads annually (about 16 percent of total industrial energy consumption) to produce goods valued at about \$65 billion. Energy costs are a significant part (more than \$15 billion) of total production costs. The process industries addressed are either suppliers to or producers of virtually all manufactured goods in the United States. Therefore, successful technology development will have a significant positive effect on the national economy.

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

I. Mission Supporting Goals and Objectives: Process Efficiency (Cont'd)

The programs are guided by an analytical activity which reflects the viewpoint of industry referred to as the "vision of the future." These documents will be created and peer reviewed by industry. The vision statements will provide a blueprint to coordinate industry and government efforts.

The Metals Initiative is mandated by Public Law 100-680 and reauthorized by 102-486 (Energy Policy Act of 1992). These laws recognize that maintaining a viable domestic metals industry is vital to national security and economic growth. The Metals Initiative seeks to develop technologies that will "leapfrog" the metals industry into a state-of-the-art position, putting U.S. industries in a more competitive position worldwide. Major projects already underway aim directly at reduction of iron ores into molten iron and steel, spray forming of aluminum, and advanced process control for steel mills. Potential energy savings benefits of 0.6 Quad/year are estimated from successful completion of presently funded research projects. With successful completion of the direct iron making pilot plant study in mid FY 1995, plans are to demonstrate this technology at a commercial steel plant.

Process Electrolysis component focuses on research and development of improved technologies which increase the energy efficiency of aluminum production and new electrolytic technologies for other metals. After new concepts are evaluated and establish the viability of a new technology, the actual applied development work to demonstrate the specific industrial application is transferred to the Metals Initiative program. In FY 1995, process electrolysis research will be continued on projects for the aluminum, copper, magnesium, and neodymium industries. In the mid-term, present projects have the potential to save 0.44 to 1.14 quad annually.

Foundries and Glass component focuses on improvements in glass processing, foundry practice, improved refractories, and mining. Work on activities in FY 1995 for foundries and glass plants of the future will include the scale-up and testing of a rapid glass refiner and improved high-temperature insulating fibers. In the long term, ongoing projects could provide energy savings of 0.15 quad/year. Research will continue to be conducted at the National Metal Casting Research Institutes, established by the Metal Casting Program in accordance with P. L. 101-425 and the Energy Policy Act of 1992, Section 2106. In view of the unique nature of the industry, which is characterized by small businesses unable to support research with their limited resources, much of the cost-sharing is provided through the industry's professional societies and trade associations. Short- and mid-term savings for the metal casting program are 0.05 quad annually.

It is widely recognized that, while the U.S. is the world leader in basic research in materials, inadequate attention has been paid to the synthesis, processing, and applications engineering needed to adapt the basic technology to actual industrial applications. Advanced materials can save significant energy by enabling systems to operate at higher temperatures and can increase service lives with less downtime and lower annual capital costs. Enabling Materials activities focus on developing high-temperature, corrosion-resistant, and thermally insulating materials. Major efforts in FY 1995 include development and commercialization of ordered intermetallic alloys, ceramic composites, and a new, low cost method for the production of near net shape composites through infiltration of powder preforms by reactive metals. Work will continue to bring the technology for recycling mixed plastics waste streams to the demonstration stage and to identify and solve material problems in the energy intensive industries, such as pulp and paper.

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

I. Mission Supporting Goals and Objectives: Process Efficiency (Cont'd)

The Energy Policy Act requires the implementation of the National Advanced Materials and Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Initiatives. This Act establishes programs that support industry-led efforts to commercialize advanced technologies in materials and manufacturing. The Initiatives program is required to expedite the private sector deployment of advanced technologies to improve productivity, quality, and control in manufacturing processes that can foster economic growth, energy efficiency, and competitiveness. These Initiatives will be implemented in FY 1995 with the objective of reducing the technical and economic risks associated with commercialization and deployment of advanced technologies. Program plans will be completed in the second quarter of FY 1994 and solicitations will be issued later in FY 1994.

CHEMICALS AND PETROLEUM REFINING

The Chemicals and Allied Products (SIC 28) industry, the largest exporting sector of U.S. industries, is truly global in nature, and partly dependent upon world economic conditions; more than two-thirds of the U.S. industry's direct foreign investment is in Europe and Canada. In response to market shifts, U.S. industry will move toward higher-value products. The Petroleum Refining (SIC 2911) industry is facing major restructuring in response to capital investment pressures to meet the Clean Air Act of 1990. This restructuring includes a trend of major decreases in R&D in favor of buying technology, and closing of small refineries beyond 1997.

Industry-derived "Visions" for the chemical and petroleum refining "Industries of the Future" are being developed to provide strategic direction to these programs, and will require increased focus on value-added processing from a total plant life-cycle perspective to minimize energy, waste, and feedstock costs for maximum productivity growth. The "Refinery of the Future" program plan will be completed in FY 1994 to support the "next generation" of integrated petroleum refinery processes that will sustain and enhance domestic refinery competitiveness through product yield improvement, energy efficiency, and waste minimization. Efforts are also underway to complete the "Chemical Industry of the Future" program plan. Current process improvement efforts are directed to increasing the efficiency of energy intensive separations processes in these two (petrochemicals) industries. One effort involves the development of catalyst models to aid process engineers in the design of more efficient catalysts for new and existing process operations. A second effort involves the development of bioprocessing capabilities for integration into chemical process systems. Of primary interest in this area is the development of enzymes and bioreactor systems that can operate in non-aqueous media. The opportunity for improved separations is large, since distillation and evaporation alone consume 2.6 quads per year. Major projects supported in 1995 include the hybrid Facilitated Transport Membrane (FTM) separation of propane from propylene in an oil refinery, active transport membranes (ATM) to remove hydrogen sulfide from natural gas, high temperature ceramic membranes for catalytic dehydrogenation, and commercial applications for polyphosphazene membranes. Sensor development addresses the control of the energy-intensive distillation process, which consumes 2.4 quad/year. A chemical composition sensor for non-aqueous applications has been developed which, if successful, could save about 0.03 quad/year based on the initial industrial field test. A Raman sensor allowing analysis of chemical compositions through steady state transitions for advanced control strategies of aqueous distillation applications is being evaluated by a second major chemical company.

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

I. Mission Supporting Goals and Objectives: Process Efficiency (Cont'd)

Feedstock flexibility for the “chemical plant of the future” is addressed by the Alternative Feedstocks’ program opportunity for displacing petroleum-based feedstocks with dedicated forestry and agricultural resources for the manufacture of high-volume, non-energy chemical products. To meet the energy goal of 1 quad/year by 2030, a research, development and demonstration “pipeline” of 12 chemical products must be initiated by 2000, and be ready for commercialization by 2015. Concurrent development of higher value products using high-value chemicals from renewables will be a critical market-penetration program strategy. The initial program focus is the development of an economic process to produce succinic acid. Succinic acid has the potential to be used in the manufacture of nylon and other polymer precursors.

PULP AND PAPER

The U.S. paper and allied products industry ranks eighth among all U.S. manufacturing industries in the value of its shipments, and third among the nondurables sector in sales. The industry has traditionally been a U.S. leader in annual investment for plant and equipment, ranking in capital expenditures, according to the most recent Bureau of the Census data. The paper industry consumes some 2.75 quads annually but self-generates about 1 quad of this energy from bark, “hog” fuel (wood waste), and a recycle stream termed “black liquor.” A comprehensive program plan for pulp and paper R&D was completed in FY 1994; and in response to Section 2103 of the Energy Policy of 1992, which directed a five-year program on advanced pulp and paper technologies, an aggressive program targeted to high-impact R&D in the paper industry was begun in FY 1994. The program for the “Pulp and Paper Mill of the Future” addresses the most energy-intensive process steps in a pulp/paper mill, which are chemical and mechanical pulping, chemical recovery, paper making; and sensors and controls.

Technology highlights for FY 1995 include planning and design for a 350 ton/day demonstration unit of the pulse combustion black liquor gasifier process, with near-term energy savings potential of 0.1 quad/year. Lab-scale studies will be continued to develop a process to produce anthraquinone for lignin, a pulping catalyst, that offers mid-term energy savings of 0.02 quad/year. In-plant verification of the black liquor recovery boiler model will be continued. Construction and installation of a large-scale pilot unit to demonstrate high-solids firing of black liquor will be initiated. Prototype testing at selected mill sites will be completed for a lignin fluorescence sensor, a black liquor viscometer, and an FTIR sensor for control of the Tomlinson black liquor recovery boiler. Development of a prototype on-machine sensor for control of paper properties, including plant validation studies, will be continued.

FOOD, TEXTILES, AND AGRICULTURE

The Food and Beverage industry (SIC 20) became the nation’s largest major manufacturing sector in 1992, with shipments of more than \$377 billion, surpassing the transportation equipment industry. Technologies in support of these industries have focused on reducing the energy utilization of energy-intensive drying processes, farm fertilizer use, and crop yields. In food and agriculture, a number of sensor developments will be completed,

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

I. Mission Supporting Goals and Objectives: Process Efficiency (Cont'd)

including in-field testing of an ammonia sensor, and field tests of a sensor to measure sucrose content of fruits. Marketing plans will be completed for the sonic temperature sensor for aseptic food processing, and the HTNMR (hydrogen transient nuclear magnetic resonance) moisture sensor for food drying.

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III-3.43

II. A. Funding Table: Process Efficiency

Program Activity	FY PYxx Enacted	FY CYxx Request/Enacted	FY BYxx Request	% Change
Materials and Materials Processing				
Metals Initiative	\$ 17,755	\$ 19,366	\$ 21,923	+ 13
Process Electrolysis	1,471	1,500	2,472	+ 65
Foundries and Glass	6,312	4,500	13,386	+ 197
Advanced Materials	10,106	9,286	12,465	+ 34
Subtotal, Materials and Materials Processing	\$ 35,644	\$ 34,652	\$ 50,246	+ 45
Chemicals and Petroleum Refining				
Alternative Feedstocks	\$ 2,257	\$ 2,780	\$ 6,675	+ 140
Bioprocessing	5,103	5,084	4,048	- 20
Process Development	1,587	4,196	4,063	- 3
Subtotal, Chemicals and Petroleum Refining	\$ 8,947	\$ 12,060	\$ 14,786	+ 23
Pulp and Paper	\$ 5,518	\$ 6,495	\$ 6,750	+ 4
Food, Textiles, and Agriculture	685	635	471	- 26
Total, Process Efficiency	\$ 50,794	\$ 53,842	\$ 72,253	+ 34

II. B. Laboratory and Facility Funding Table: Process Efficiency

Argonne National Lab (East)	\$ 535	\$ 977	\$ 2,225	+ 128
Idaho National Engineering Lab	2,375	2,554	3,074	+ 20
Lawrence Berkeley Lab	850	925	799	- 14
Lawrence Livermore National Lab	170	200	235	+ 18
Los Alamos National Laboratory	2,735	2,440	2,586	+ 6
National Renewable Energy Lab	2,845	3,267	3,486	+ 7
Oak Ridge National Lab	4,585	4,648	5,577	+ 20
Pacific Northwest Lab	1,377	925	1,269	+ 37
Sandia National Laboratories	1,500	1,350	1,461	+ 8
All Other	33,822	36,556	51,541	+ 41
Total, Process Efficiency	\$ 50,794	\$ 53,842	\$ 72,253	+ 34

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Performance Summary: (New BA in thousands of dollars)

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
Process Efficiency			
Materials and Materials Processing			
Metals Initiative	ENERGY SAVINGS OPPORTUNITY: 0.4 quad/year total, with 0.1 and 0.2 quad/year in aluminum and iron smelting respectively, and over 0.15 quad/year in near-net-shape steel processing. ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS: Nitrogen Oxide production is reduced in direct ironmaking through use of oxygen rather than air for combustion of coal. COMPETITIVENESS: All processes can achieve up to 50 percent reduction in capital, with 10-20 percent labor, energy cost savings, and improved productivity. (\$0)	No Activities. (\$0)	No Activities. (\$0)

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Process Efficiency (Cont'd):
Materials and Materials Processing (Cont'd):

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
Metals Initiative (Cont'd)	<p>DIRECT STEELMAKING: Installed and completed testing two-zone horizontal smelting vessel resulting in doubling of process intensity. Independent study by international engineering company confirmed process benefits compared to coke oven/blast furnace process and emerging Corex process. Completed direct ironmaking experimental program and process design manuals to support commercialization of direct iron/steelmaking. Completed pressurized smelter tests with gas cleaning and tempering loop. Completed feasibility study to define the integrated plant concept and component configuration for a demonstration plant. (AISI) (\$9,235)</p>	<p>DIRECT STEELMAKING: Initiate and complete site-specific detailed engineering design of direct iron/steelmaking demonstration plant for 350,000 tons/year. Initiate site preparation, and procurement and fabrication of long-lead equipment (EPACT Section 2106) (AISI) (\$14,100)</p>	<p>DIRECT STEELMAKING: Begin construction of 350,000 tons/year direct iron/steelmaking demonstration plant based on the successful results of the pilot unit campaigns and pre-reduction system developed in prior years. This plant will be installed in an existing integrated steel mill. Its production will feed directly into the mill's manufacturing line. (EPACT Section 2106) (AISI) (\$9,809)</p>

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Process Efficiency (Cont'd):
Materials and Materials Processing (Cont'd):

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
Metals Initiative (Cont'd)	<p>DIRECT STRIP CASTING: Established technical and economic feasibility of casting low-carbon steel sheet on a single-wheel caster, using the open channel process. Cast 0.03-.125" X 12" wide, 500-3,000 lb. on single-wheel caster. Completed casting trials and development of math model and refractory fabrication techniques. Completed work on electromagnetic containment and began material studies. (ARMCO) (\$984)</p> <p>RAPID ANALYSIS OF MOLTEN METALS: Installed molten metal levitation facility for sensor probe to rapidly determine the chemical composition of molten iron and steel, using spectroscopic analysis of laser-produced plasmas. Continued protocol development and began refractory studies.</p>	<p>DIRECT STRIP CASTING: Complete casting trials, material studies, and begin technoeconomic analysis with FY 1993 funds. (ARMCO) (\$0)</p> <p>RAPID ANALYSIS OF MOLTEN METALS: Complete work from previous year and initiate field testing of second probe. (EPACT Section 2106) (LEHIGH) (\$284)</p>	<p>No Activities. (\$0)</p> <p>RAPID ANALYSIS OF MOLTEN METALS: Complete field testing of second probe using funds from prior years. (LEHIGH) (\$0)</p>
Metals Initiative (Cont'd)	Signed agreement to test first probe at a steel company. (LEHIGH) (\$805)		

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Process Efficiency (Cont'd):
Materials and Materials Processing (Cont'd):

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
	<p>ADVANCED PROCESS CONTROL: Using funds from FY 1991 and FY 1992, initiated project for advanced process control in the steel industry. Five-year program will design, test, and commercialize selected sensors, control devices, and software for on-line control. Major elements of work are: on-line sensors to measure temperature and composition of basic oxygen furnace (BOF) offgas, temperature of the steel bath, and operating control software; an electromagnetic flow control valve to feed steel into a continuous casting mold; on-line sensors to measure the physical properties of steel strip; on-line sensors to measure the temperature, thickness and composition of zinc</p>	<p>ADVANCED PROCESS CONTROL: Continue pilot testing of BOF off-gas and bath temperature sensors. Begin designing prototype units for mill trials at Bethlehem Steel. Develop process control software. Complete testing of electromagnetic valve, evaluate results, and design a valve to be installed on an industrial caster. Develop computer model to predict properties of hot rolled band. Perform laboratory investigations of magnetic and laser ultrasonic sensors to determine the properties of steel strip. Fabricate and begin lab testing of sensors to determine the composition and temperature of galvanneal strip; continue physical property modeling and sensor</p>	<p>ADVANCED PROCESS CONTROL: Complete testing of BOF bath sensor, continue testing offgas sensor, and begin production trials of process control software. Fabricate prototype valve and perform laboratory pouring trials. Verify model from mill samples. Test magnetic sensor in laboratory and begin construction of field unit. Design laser ultrasonic sensor. Field test sensors. (AISI) (\$4,320)</p>
Metals Initiative (Cont'd)	<p>coatings on galvanneal, signed Financial Assistance Agreement, and issued all major subcontracts. (AISI) (\$0)</p>	<p>work. (EPACT Section 2106) (AISI) (\$3,109)</p>	

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Process Efficiency (Cont'd):
Materials and Materials Processing (Cont'd):

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
	<p>STABLE CATHODE: Kaiser Aluminum joined with Reynolds Metals and Great Lakes Research to complete the testing of titanium diboride/graphite stable (\$400) cathode technology at their Mead, WA. facility. This technology will save 0.1 quad when retrofitted to the U.S. aluminum capacity. (Reynolds) (\$708)</p> <p>STEEL PLANT WASTE OXIDE RECYCLING: Began a project to determine, on a pilot scale, the feasibility of converting steel plant wastes to molten pig iron using direct steel smelting technology. The recycling of plant wastes by bath smelting would save an estimated 0.15 quad per year. Will reduce landfill requirements by 5-8 million tons/year, and</p>	<p>STABLE CATHODE: Complete field testing of stable cathodes on commercial size cells. (EPACT Section 2106) (Reynolds)</p> <p>STEEL PLANT WASTE OXIDE RECYCLING: Continue smelting trials with FY 1993 funds. (AISI) (\$0)</p>	<p>STABLE CATHODE: No Activities. (\$0)</p> <p>STEEL PLANT WASTE OXIDE RECYCLING: Will complete smelting trials and perform technoeconomic analysis. (EPACT Section 2106) (AISI) (\$1,094)</p>

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Process Efficiency (Cont'd):
Materials and Materials Processing (Cont'd):

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
Metals Initiative (Cont'd)	<p>reduce dust disposal cost by up to \$100 million/year. Performed studies to characterize steel mill waste products and material handling properties. Added a second wet scrubbing cyclone to the smelter. Began smelting trials on various combinations of plant wastes. (AISI) (\$3,556)</p> <p>NEW PROJECTS: Started new Metals Initiative projects in response to unsolicited proposals and solicitations in areas defined in the Metals Initiative Research Plan, such as steel plant waste recycling, and calcination of alumina. (TBD) (\$346)</p> <p>ALUMINUM SPRAY FORMING: Commenced bench scale work by the modification of existing equipment at the Alcoa technical center, conduct parametric studies, mathematical modeling, nozzle design, and refractory/material</p>	<p>NEW PROJECTS: Continue Metals Initiative projects begun with FY 1993 (\$0) funds. Start new Metals Initiative projects in response to unsolicited proposals and solicitations in areas defined in the Metals Initiative Research Plan. (EPACT Section 2106) (TBD) (\$1,473)</p> <p>ALUMINUM SPRAY FORMING: Continue work initiated with FY 1993 funds. (EPACT Section 2106) (ALCOA) (\$0)</p>	<p>NEW PROJECTS: No Activities. (TBD)</p> <p>ALUMINUM SPRAY FORMING: Continue bench-scale work and evaluate the data to determine if continuation to pilot scale is appropriate. Design and begin construction of pilot plant, mathematical modeling, safety and</p>

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Process Efficiency (Cont'd):
Materials and Materials Processing (Cont'd):

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
Metals Initiative (Cont'd)	<p>design. Planned and conducted bench scale studies for aluminum copper alloys and aluminum zirconium alloys, characterized the sprayed samples, and evaluated sample solidification and microstructure.</p> <p>Conducted/updated the energy analysis, economic analysis, and updated the capital requirements for commercialization of this technology. Reports have included documentation of as-sprayed specimens, results of solidification studies, microstructural evaluation, characterized initial as-sprayed specimens, results of the aluminum copper and aluminum zirconium study, and an initial evaluation of refractory/nozzle materials. (EPACT Section 2106)</p> <p>BENEFIT: Energy Savings: with spray forming, a savings of 4.2×10 (to the sixth power) Btu/ton of aluminum sheet produced could be saved over conventional</p>		<p>industrial hygiene analysis. Characterize mechanical properties of spray deposited commercial alloys. The economic analysis will be updated for spray forming and capital requirements, investigate market potential for this technology with end users. (EPACT Section 2106) (ALCOA) (\$6,700)</p>

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

III. Process Efficiency (Cont'd):
Materials and Materials Processing (Cont'd):

Program Activity	FY PYxx	FY CYxx	FY BYxx
Metals Initiative (Cont'd)	processing; That is a maximum energy savings 27 percent by spray forming versus ingot casting; Environment: provides an increased recyclability of aluminum products and a reduction in waste produced in milling required for the ingot cast alloys; Economics: two cent per pound of finished sheet cost savings; acts as enabling technology for the automotive industry use of aluminum parts and panels which leads to substantial fuel savings; Jobs: increase the number of high value U.S. jobs in aluminum manufacturing and end use applications due to the economic growth provided by gaining market share and saving energy. (ALCOA) (\$2,121)		
	\$17,755	\$19,366	\$21,923

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
FOSSIL ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
(Tabular dollars in thousands. Narrative material in whole dollars.)

IV. A. Construction Funded Project Summary Listing:

<u>Project No.</u>	<u>Project Title</u>	<u>Previous Appropriations</u>	<u>FYPY Adjusted</u>	<u>FYCY Adjusted</u>	<u>FYBY Request</u>	<u>Unappropriated Balance</u>	<u>TEC</u>
GPP-600	General Plant Projects						
95-F-601	Upgrade to METC Bldg. B-4		<u>a/</u>				<u>a/</u>
94-F-601							
Total:							
Total Number of Line Items							

a/ Funds reprogrammed from line-item project 92-F-603, reprogramming number.

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

IV. B. Construction Funded Project Descriptive Summary

1.

Project Title and Location

Project GPP-600 General Plant Projects,
Various Locations

TEC: N/A
- Start Date: 1st Qtr. FY 1997

Completion Date: 4th Qtr. FY 1997
2.

Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	<u>Costs</u>
1993				
1994				
1995				
1996				
1997				
1998				
3.

Narrative:

These projects provide various items of new construction, additions, alterations, and improvements to buildings, and utility systems at Energy Technology Centers and the Bartlesville Project Office in support of environmentally safe and efficient program operations.

Figure III-3g.2
Program Performance Summary, INT

- h. Program Direction. Conference Report 104-293 accompanying the FY 1996 Energy & Water Development (EWD) Appropriations Bill (H.R. 1905) requires that each organization have one program direction line within each appropriation account for all Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs), both field and headquarters. The Conference Report language also requires that object class information be provided. The FY 1998, EWD Appropriation Bill Committee Report (H.R 105-190) clarified that all support services contracts are to be included in the program direction account regardless whether the contracts are in support of the program mission or Federal FTEs. To comply with these reporting requirements, all EWD funded programs must prepare and submit Figures II-3h.1 through 3h.3 according to the guidance provided below.

(1) **Program Performance Summary (Figure III-3h.1).**

A separate Program Performance Summary shall be prepared for program direction funding for each appropriation with an organization. For example, the Office of Energy Research must submit to two Program Funding Profiles, one for Energy Supply Research and Development, and the other for General Science and Research Activities. The standard format for the Program Performance Summary has been slightly modified for reporting program direction activities.

Section I has been retitled “Mission Supporting Goals/Ongoing Responsibilities.” This section should describe the purpose of the program direction line and also describe any activities funded under the following four categories: Salaries and Benefits, Travel, Support Services, and Other Related Services. All funding associated with program direction must be reported in one of the four categories. Definitions for these categories are provided at the end of this section.

Section II - “Funding Table” has been modified to report program direction funding and Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) by site by the four categories (Salaries and Benefits, Travel, Support Services, and Other Related Services) for each of the three fiscal years (PY, CY, BY). Area and Support Offices should be included under the cognizant Operations Office. For example, the Argonne, Brookhaven, Princeton Area Offices, and the Chicago Support Office should be included under Chicago Operations Office. The “Other” site category should be used only for those sites that are not associated with the Operations Offices listed in the Funding Table.

The last group of entries on the table displays total program direction funding and FTEs for the organization. An adjustment line shall be used to reflect general reductions, and the use of any prior year balances in any of the fiscal years. The amount in the adjustment line is then

subtracted from the organization's total line to calculate new budget authority. The adjustment column should be used to reflect any actual budget adjustments such as approved reprogramming, distribution of general reductions, or rescissions.

A detailed backup schedule is required for any program direction funding and FTEs reported under the "Other" sites section. This schedule should list the specific site(s) included as well as the associated program direction funding and FTEs. This "Other" sites backup summary should follow the same format as the Section II "Funding Table."

Section III - During the "lessons learned" meeting with EWD committee staff on the FY 1997 Congressional Budget Request, staff noted that the "Performance Summary" section was not very helpful because it simply described many of the obvious ongoing activities that are funded in program direction (e.g., "provide personnel compensation including salaries and benefits for 310 full-time equivalents"). Committee staff directed the Department to condense this section to describe those activities that readily are quantifiable and substantively justify the need for federal staff and the resources to support such staffing levels. Therefore, organizations should take care to identify and describe oversight/management activities performed and the programmatic problems that could occur in the absence of DOE oversight/management. Describe if the program is staffing up or down, reducing or increasing support service contracts or working capital activities, by how much and why. Explain if severance or voluntary separation incentive payments are being funded, including the number of FTEs affected and the estimated cost.

Section IV - "Explanation of Funding Changes from FYCY to FYBY" should be explained in terms of total category levels (i.e., Salaries and Benefits, Travel, Support Services, and Other Related Costs) for the organization as well as for specific sites. Net changes in categories should be broken out by the specific increases or decreases of subordinate activities.

(2) **Detailed Support Services Schedule (Figure III-3h.2)**

Organizations that fund support service contracts are required to prepare and submit a detailed breakout of such contracts. The schedule should be prepared according to the definitions provided below. All support services are to be included in this schedule.

*
*

(3) **Detailed Other Related Expenses Schedule (Figure III-3h.3)**

Organizations are required to prepare and submit a detailed breakout of other related expenses. This schedule should be prepared according to the definitions provided below.

Definitions of Program Direction Categories:

Salary and Benefits - (Object Class categories 11.1 through 13.0)

Salary includes compensation for regular salaries and wages paid directly to civilian full-time permanent and other than full-time permanent employees, other payments that become a part of the employee's basic pay rate (e.g., geographic differentials and nationwide pay raises) and other personnel compensation such as overtime, holiday pay, Sunday pay, and cash incentive awards.

Benefits includes cash allowances for relocation and other expenses related to permanent change of station (PCS) and payments to funds for the benefit of employees. Such payments include the employer's share of employee retirement, health and life insurance, accident compensation, Federal Insurance Contribution Act taxes, and Federal Retirement Thrift Savings Plan. Also, includes payments to subsidize the costs of civilian employees in commuting by public transportation.

Benefits also includes payments for former employees such as severance pay to employees involuntarily separated, and voluntary separation incentives. Includes payments to the unemployment fund, payments of 9 percent of final basic pay to the civil service retirement fund for employees who took the early-out or buy-out authority, and payments to the Employees health benefits fund for annuitants.

Travel - (Object Class categories 21.0 and 22.0)

Travel includes funding for the transportation of Government employees, their per diem allowances while in authorized travel status, and other expenses incidental to travel that are to be paid by the Government either directly or by reimbursing the traveler. Travel also includes transportation of things, for the care of such things while in process of being transported, and for other services incidental to the transportation of things. An example, would be the transportation of household goods related to permanent change of station (PCS).

Support Services - (Object Class category 25.1)

As a part of the Strategic Alignment Initiative, support services were grouped into the following two categories below. The format for displaying detailed information on support services is shown in Figure III-3h.2.

- (1) *Technical Support Services* - includes funding for services which include, but are not limited to, determining feasibility of design considerations; development of specifications, system definition, system review and reliability analyses; trade-off analyses; economic and environmental analyses which may be used in the

Department of Energy's preparation of environmental impact statements; test and evaluation, surveys or reviews to improve the effectiveness, efficiency and economy of technical operations.

Management Support Services - includes funding for services which include, but are not limited to, analyses of workload and work flow; directives management studies; automated data processing; manpower systems analyses; assistance in the preparation of program plans; training and education; analyses of Department management processes; and any other reports or analyses directed toward improving the effectiveness, efficiency and economy of management and general administrative services.

Questions on the definition of support services should be directed to the contact listed in the Point of Contact Matrix provided at the front of this chapter.

Other Related Expenses - (Object Class categories 23.1 through 24, 25.2 and 25.3, 25.7, 26.0, and 31.0) Other Related Expenses includes all program direction costs not reported under Salaries and Benefits, Travel or Support Services. The format for displaying other related expenses is shown in Figure III-3h.3. Specifically, this category includes payments for rental space, telecommunications, utilities and miscellaneous charges, printing and reproduction, operation & maintenance of equipment, purchases of goods and services from government accounts, supplies and materials, and equipment.

Expenses incurred through the Working Capital Fund should be budgeted for in object class 25.3 since they are intra-agency reimbursable costs. The Working Capital Fund is, generally, a subset of this category. In other words, the Fund does not constitute a Congressional Control level but may be displayed as a distinct funding requirement within Other Related Expenses.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FY BY CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST
ENERGY SUPPLY, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
(Tabular dollars in thousands, Narrative in whole dollars)

OFFICE OF ENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAM DIRECTION

I. Mission Supporting Goals/Ongoing Responsibilities:

Program direction provides overall direction and administrative support for Energy Research programs to ensure that all operations are conducted in the most efficient manner consistent with national science and technology policy....

Program direction has been grouped into four categories:

Salaries and Benefits provides for

Travel.....

Support Services.....

Other Related Expenses.....(explain Headquarters Working Capital Fund costs and any landlord responsibilities in the field)

II. Funding Table:

	FY PY Comparable <u>Appropriation</u>	FY CY Budget <u>Request</u>	FY CY House <u>Mark</u>	FY CY Senate <u>Mark</u>	FY BY Budget <u>Request</u>
<u>Chicago</u>					
Salary and Benefits	5,371	4,380	4,380	4,380	4,000
Travel	386	350	350	350	300
Support Services	254	204	204	204	180
Other Related Expenses	<u>461</u>	<u>460</u>	<u>460</u>	<u>460</u>	<u>460</u>
Total	\$ 6,472	\$ 5,394	\$ 5,394	\$ 5,349	\$ 4,940
Full Time Equivalents	65	54	54	54	49
 <u>Oakland</u>					
Salary and Benefits	162	165	165	165	165
Travel	15	15	15	15	15

Figure III-3h.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

II. Funding Table: Cont-

	FY PY Comparable <u>Appropriation</u>	FY CY Budget <u>Request</u>	FY CY House <u>Mark</u>	FY CY Senate <u>Mark</u>	FY BY Budget <u>Request</u>
Support Services	0	0	0	0	0
Other Related Expenses	<u>10</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>59</u>
Total	\$ 187	\$ 239	\$ 239	\$ 239	\$ 239
Full Time Equivalents	2	2	2	2	2
<u>Other*</u>					
Salary and Benefits					
Travel					
Support Services					
Other Related Expenses					
Total	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>
Full Time Equivalents					
<u>Headquarters</u>					
Salary and Benefits	27,725	26,635	26,635	26,635	26,000
Travel	1,545	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,400
Support Services	2,470	2,370	2,370	2,370	2,300
Other Related Expenses	1,051	1,462	1,462	1,462	1,300
Working Capital Fund	<u>4,254</u>	<u>4,554</u>	<u>4,554</u>	<u>4,554</u>	<u>4,600</u>
Total	\$37,045	\$ 36,521	\$36,521	\$ 35,600	
Full Time Equivalents	273	254	254	254	248
<u>Total Energy Research</u>					
Salary and Benefits	33,258	31,180	31,180	31,180	30,165
Travel	1,946	1,865	1,865	1,865	1,715
Support Services	2,724	2,574	2,574	2,574	2,480
Other Related Expenses	1,522	1,981	1,981	1,981	1,819
Working Capital Fund	<u>4,254</u>	<u>4,554</u>	<u>4,554</u>	<u>4,554</u>	<u>4,600</u>
Grand Total	\$43,704	\$42,154	\$ 42,154	\$42,154	\$ 40,779
Full Time Equivalents	340	310	310	310	299
Adjustments	<u>-704a/</u>				
Budget Authority	\$43,000	\$42,154	\$ 42,154	\$42,154	\$ 40,779

a/ Use of prior year balances

* If the "Other" category is used, a detailed backup schedule must also be submitted that lists the specific sites included.

Figure III-3h.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

III. Performance Summary:

	FYPY	FYCY	FYBY
Salaries and Benefits:	\$33,258	\$31,180	\$30,165
- Streamlined organizational elements by eliminating four (third-tier) components (three in HQ and one at CHO) in FY 1997 and expect to consolidate several second-tier organizations at headquarters in FY 1998. Staffing was correspondingly reduced by 5 FTEs in CHO and 6 FTEs in HQ. Federal staff conducts independent peer reviews for approximately 300 projects in Energy Research, Fossil Energy and Energy Efficiency to determine quality of the science and its relevance to DOE's mission and the national science objectives. These energy projects may be curtailed somewhat due to reductions in other DOE research budgets. Federal staff reviews and implements nuclear safety requirements contained in the Price Anderson Amendment Act of 1988. Staff prepares policy and plans for laboratory infrastructure management as required by the Energy Policy Act of 1992, and prepared the science and technology sections of the National Energy Policy Plan.			
Travel:	\$ 1,946	\$1,865	\$1,715
Instituted travel ceilings in accordance with Secretarial initiative to accomplish a reduction in travel costs. Teleconferencing was increased and the numbers of Federal staff reduced who had previously traveled for management and oversight purposes, primarily oversight of the National laboratories.			
Support Services:	\$2,724	\$2,574	\$2,480
Conducted training in FY FYPY for 68 FTEs for use of the new Energy Research wide area network (WAN) for more efficient transfer of science data between Headquarters and Field. Will train 52 FTES for use of the WAN in FYCY, and 45 FTEs in FYBY.			
Other Related Expenses:	\$5,776	\$6,535	\$6,419
FYCY funding supports the purchase of a replacement copier at CHO, a scanner and two computer printers at ORO, and eight replacement personal computers at Headquarters. In FYBY, support for infrastructure at both Headquarters locations was reduced commensurate with lower staffing levels.			

Figure III-3h.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

IV. Explanation of Funding Changes from FY CY to FY BY:

Decrease of \$1,015,000 in Salaries and Benefits is due to a Headquarters and CHO FTE reductions.	-\$1,015,000
Decrease of \$150,000 in Travel is consistent with Secretarial strategic alignment initiative.	- \$150,000
Decrease of \$94,000 in Support Services is due to the anticipated budget reductions in DOE research areas in FY 1998.	-\$94,000
Net decrease of \$116,000 is due to a decrease of \$162,000 for infrastructure at Headquarters locations commensurate with lower staffing levels and an increase of \$46,000 due to increased costs of printing services to be purchased through the DOE Working Capital Fund.	-\$116,000
Total	-\$1,375,000

Figure III-3h.1
Program Performance Summary, EWD

Support Services	FY 19PY (\$000)	FY 19CY (\$000)	FY 19BY (\$000)	FY 19BY/FY 19CY Change (\$000)
Technical Support Service				
Feasibility of Design Considerations	\$xxx	\$xxx	\$xxx	\$xxx
Economic and Environmental and Environmental Analysis	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Test and Evaluation Studies	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Subtotal	\$xxxx	\$xxxx	\$xxxx	\$xxxx
Management Support Services				
Management Studies	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Training and Education	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
ADP Support	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Subtotal	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Use of Prior-Year Balances	xxx	xxx		
Total Support Services	\$xxxx	\$xxxx	\$xxxx	\$xxxx

Figure III-3h.2
Other Related Expenses Schedule, EWD

Other Related Expenses	FY 19PY (\$000)	FY 19CY (\$000)	FY 19BY (\$000)	FY 19BY/FY 19CY Change (\$000)
Training				
Working Capital Fund	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Printing and Reproduction	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Rental Space	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Software Procurement /Maintenance Activities/Capital Acquisitions	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Other	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Subtotal	\$xxx	\$xxx	\$xxx	\$xxx
Use of Prior-Year Balances	xxx	xxx		
Total	\$xxxx	\$xxxx	\$xxxx	\$xxxx

Figure III-3h.2
Other Related Expenses Schedule, EWD

- i. Capital Operating Expenses & Construction Summary: This schedule, an expansion of section IV.a. of the old Key Activity Summary format, is required by all EWD funded organizations that fund construction and/or capital related items (see Figure II-3i). It summarizes all construction and capital-related operating expenses **at the program level for all three fiscal years**. Capital Operating Expenses include capital equipment (CE), General Plant Projects (GPP), most Accelerator Improvement Projects (AIP), and project related costs. Project related costs are conceptual design reports (CDR) and other project-related costs funded from operating expenses such as research and development, preparation of design criteria, safety analyses, and environmental documentation prior to project authorization. These other project-related costs are sometimes referred to as “Bridge” costs.
- (1) The Capital Operating Expenses and Construction Summary schedule must separately list the total funding amounts for CE, GPP, AIP, project related costs, and each line-item construction (both operating & expense-funded) project by fiscal year. The Capital Operating Expenses section will include two additional columns that reflect the dollar and percentage from FYCY to FYBY. The Construction Project Summary section will include three additional columns to provide Total Estimated Cost (TEC), Previous Appropriated, and Unappropriated Balance data.
- (2) **Detailed Breakouts for CDR, Bridge, & Major Items of Equipment costs:** To comply with the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 1996, **CDR** and “**bridge**” costs estimated to exceed \$3 million must be separately identified by project in the detailed breakout section of the Capital Operating Expenses and Construction Summary.

Major Items of Equipment (MIE) must also be separately identified in the detailed breakout section provided. As a reminder, the funding threshold for all MIE is \$2 million.

BIOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
CAPITAL OPERATING EXPENSES & CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY
(Dollars in thousands)

Capital Operating Expenses	FYPY	FYBY	FYCY	\$ CHG.	% CHG.
GPP (total)	\$ 3,500	\$ 4,450	\$ 4,450	\$ 0	0%
AIP (total)	1,200	1,275	1,350	75	6%
Capital Equipment (total)	24,540	24,000	24,000	0	0%
Project Related Costs					
1 CDRs (enter total amount from page two)					
2 "Bridge" Costs (enter total amount from page two)					

Construction Project summary (both Operating and Construction Funded)

Project Number	Project Title	TEC	Previous Approp.	FYPY Approp.	FYCY Approp.	FYBY Request	Unapprop. Balance
94-E-339	Human Genome Laboratory, LBL	\$ 24,634	\$ 2,134	\$ 15,800	\$ 5,700	\$ 1,000	\$ 0
94-E-338	Structural Biology Center, ANL	14,876	3,881	6,700	4,295	0	0
94-E-337	ALS Structural Biology Support Facilities, LBL	7,882	582	4,700	2,600	0	0
94-E-335	BLIP Facility Upgrade	5,821	5,821	0	0	0	0
91-EM-10 0	Environmental Molecular Sciences Lab., PNL	207,900 a/	82,787	40,000	50,000	35,113	0
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Biological and Environmental Research		\$ <u>261,113</u>	\$ <u>95,205</u>	\$ <u>67,200</u>	\$ <u>62,595</u>	\$ <u>36,113</u>	\$ <u>0</u>

a/ \$28,500,000 FYPY-1 funding provided by Environmental Management Program.

Figure III-3i
Capital Operating Expenses & Construction Summary

CAPITAL OPERATING EXPENSES & CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY - BER (Cont'd)

Detailed Breakouts

CDRs - Exceeding \$3 Million	Total CDR Cost	Previous Approp.	FYPY Approp.	FYCY Approp.	FYBY Request	Comp. Date
1 Project Title/Site #1	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
2 Project Title/Site #2						
3 Project Title/Site #3						
Total (enter amount on page one)						

"Bridge" Costs - Exceeding \$3 Million	Previous Approp.	FYPY Approp.	FYCY Approp.	FYBY Request
1 Project Title/Site #1: R & D, Environmental Doc.	\$	\$	\$	\$
2 Project Title/Site #2: Safety Analyses				
3 Project Title/Site #3: Environmental Doc., Safety Analyses				
Total (enter amount on page one)				

Major Items of Equipment (CE \$2 Million and Above)	TEC	Previous Approp.	FYPY Approp.	FYCY Approp.	FYBY Request	Acceptance Date
1 MIE #1	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
2 MIE #2						
3 MIE #3						
Total						

j. Project Data Sheets.

(1) General.

- * (a) Project data sheets are required to explain and justify to Congress the need for real property capital improvements regardless of the funding source (operating or construction expense). They are the primary documents used to defend funding for construction projects throughout the budget formulation process. Also, data from the Project Data Sheet will be used in conjunction with the OMB A-11 Project Status Report, Figure III-4m.2b to meet performance reporting requirements of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act (FASA) Title V and OMB A-11, Part III, Planning, Budgeting and Acquisition of Capital Assets. Project data sheets shall be developed and submitted for new project efforts and for any ongoing projects which require congressional authorization and/or appropriation in the budget fiscal year.
- * (b) Project data sheets contain cost and schedule baseline data necessary to support funding the project. The data sheet includes a Preliminary Baseline Estimate, Title I Design Baseline, and Current Baseline. These baselines estimates are established based upon the projects Total Estimated Cost (TEC). The Total Project Cost (TPC) is not used to establish cost and schedule baselines. A Preliminary Baseline is established when construction project funds are requested based on the conceptual design report and will be reported throughout the life of project. The Title I Design Baseline (TEC) represents the official baseline for the project. It is established after completion of Title I Design work and will be used during the life of the project to comply with annual performance reporting requirements contained in FASA Title V, and OMB A-11. The Current Baseline represents the Department's latest approved baseline.
- (c) Project data sheets present the description, justification, and cost data for all construction projects **that exceed the dollar threshold of \$2,000,000.**
- (d) Include in the TEC of a construction project all costs in connection with the addition and/or retirement of plant and equipment (including transferred equipment and materials), land, improvements to land, buildings (including permanently attached equipment), utilities, and initial movable equipment, such as machine tools, laboratory and office furniture, and equipment, necessary to outfit a building or group of buildings for operation. Exclude initial stocks of spare parts or other materials and supplies which are initially chargeable to inventories.

- (e) Each project shall be assigned to the appropriate organizational component.

(2) Project Accounting Requirements.

- (a) All new projects must proportionately share site overhead/landlord cost. It is important that project cost estimates include and reflect this full proportionate share of these indirect costs. Construction projects started after FY 1994 are affected by the following guidance:

Cost Accounting Standards require that indirect costs be allocated to cost objectives in reasonable proportion to the causal and beneficial relationship of these costs to cost objectives. For purposes of allocating indirect costs to DOE construction/capital projects, this would mean that (in addition to fringe and organizational burden) an equitable share of all general and administrative and other site wide common support activities would be charged to all cost objectives, regardless of the type of funding. In most, if not all, instances, this would result in the application of the same overhead/indirect rate to both operating and construction/capital projects. However, this does not preclude the use of a different rate if there are cost centers/costs which are material and do not have a causal and beneficial relationship to construction/capital projects.

- (b) The budgets for operating expenses (OE), plant acquisition and construction (PL), and capital equipment not related to construction (CE) should be prepared so as to be consistent with the accounting treatment as prescribed in DOE O 534.1 and the DOE Accounting Handbook, Chapter 10, PLANT AND CAPITAL EQUIPMENT, Section 1. INTRODUCTION, Paragraph 1.d. Capitalization Criteria. DOE capitalization criteria requires that all property, plant and equipment with an initial acquisition cost of \$25,000 or more and an estimated service life of two years or greater shall be capitalized and reported in the financial statement. Below are guidelines to be used in simplifying the determination as to where the acquisition of land, facilities, or equipment should be budgeted:

- 1 Items of capital equipment for which the Department will retain title, which cost \$25,000 or more, have an expected service life of two years or more, and are not required to complete a construction project, shall be budgeted for as capital equipment not related to construction.

- 2 Items of capital equipment not related to construction required for experimental projects shall be budgeted from operating expenses if it is expected that the equipment will be destroyed during the experiment or will have no further value other than scrap upon completion of the experiment.
 - 3 Budget plant and capital equipment funds for the following:
 - a All land acquisition (fee or easement).
 - b All constructed facilities and capital equipment necessary to provide a complete and operable facility.
 - c Exception. Facilities or equipment which meet the definition of research and development, and which normally have an estimated life of less than three years, may be budgeted for as operating expenses. Regardless of the budget source or classification of funds, R&D facilities and equipment that meet the capitalization criteria shall be capitalized.
- (c) The leasing of facilities and equipment is permissible when it is in the best interest of the Government to do so.
 - 1 Lease With Option to Purchase. When a lease contains an option to purchase, the lease payments may have to be capitalized.
 - 2 Lease Purchase Agreements. Agreements which provide for transfer of title at the end of the lease term or for the transfer of title by exercise of an option at a nominal sum unrelated to the value of the property at the time the option is exercised, are considered installment purchases. Such installment purchases have to be capitalized.
- (d) For additional clarification, refer to the definitions for Budget and Reporting Classifications 35, Capital Equipment Not Related to Construction, and 39, Plant Acquisition and Construction.
- (3) Preparation of Project Data Sheets.
 - (a) DOE is required by law to obtain Congressional authorization for the appropriation of funds. Insofar as practical, the development and review of the project to be submitted to the Congress for authorization will be undertaken as an integral part of the regular budget process, both internally and through OMB. Project data sheets shall be prepared and

submitted for all projects requiring authorization or appropriation in the budget year.

- (b) A data sheet should be an objective document written from the standpoint of the Department as a whole rather than as one segment of the Department. Personal pronouns, building and area numbers, identification of staff personnel, and unsubstantiated value judgements should not be used. A data sheet should be self-sufficient. It should avoid the use of technical terms that have a special connotation in industry or science, and should not depend on the reader having access to other documents.
- (c) The scope of the project shall be set forth in the data sheets in detail sufficient to permit a careful review and evaluation of the project. The data sheet items should not, however, be stated so precisely as to preclude the exercise of appropriate latitude by the manager in the actual design and construction of the project, as described in the data sheet, after authorization and appropriation of the funds.
- (d) Project data sheets are to be prepared as illustrated in Figures Ii-3k.1, Significant Changes and Ii-3k.2, Project Data Sheet. These examples are for illustration purposes and the amount of space or length required should be adjusted for full presentations under each section. The examples contain all the data elements required in actual project descriptions.
 - 1 A project data sheet shall be submitted for each new plant or facility and for each addition involving the construction, modification, or improvement which is estimated to cost \$2,000,000 or more. Project data sheets for "Operating Expense Funded" projects with a total estimated cost of \$2 million or more shall also be prepared. Capital projects costing less than \$2,000,000 shall be requested and funded as GPP.
 - 2 Data sheets for the multiprogram general purpose facilities program will be submitted for those projects selected by the multiprogram general purpose facilities review committees.
 - 3 The construction of a number of similar or related units, under a specific program, may be submitted on a consolidated basis as a single project, i.e., the construction of a group of facilities for a specific reactor. Consolidated project data sheets shall identify subprojects as follows:

- a Separate subprojects shall be used to identify items that are not at a single location.
 - b Separate subprojects shall be identified for items at the same location that require separate Architect and Engineering (A-E) work or where funding will be the responsibility of different decision units, or that have construction activity start or end dates in different fiscal years.
 - c Project data sheet for a consolidated project will identify as subprojects items that would have required designation as a subproject based on the criteria of subparagraph j(3)(d)3 b above when changes in the funding, schedule, or actual performance dictate.
- (e) An additional line in the Heading will follow the fiscal year and budget cycle identification line if Projects transmitted in the last budget to Congress have changed data or text.
 - 1 The Decision Unit title that the Project supports will be shown in the Heading. If the Decision Unit title is subordinate to a Program title, the Program title (and any additional intervening titles) will be shown above the Decision Unit title.
 - 2 Continuation information will be included on every page after the first page. The designation (Continued) will be appended to all continuation information.
 - a The Heading will appear only on the first page.
 - b A two line identification consisting of Section 1. and 2. with a top and bottom ruler will be on every page after the first.
 - c The Section Number and Section Title and Subsection letter and Subsection Title will be the first line after the project continuation identification.
 - 3 The Heading in the Significant Changes Sheet is identical to that in the Project Data Sheet with the exception of the line indicating that changes from the last Congressional submission have a redline. The Significant Change Sheet should contain only changes from the previous submission to the Congress that are **significant**. If needed, the heading will include the notation that tabular dollars are in thousands and narrative material is in whole dollars.

- (f) In even numbered budget years, Projects funded from the National Defense Budget Function (050) will append data for the BY+ 1 in brackets (for example, the budget year 1998 request will show: FY 1998/[FY 1999] for column headings and \$xx,xxx [\$zz,zzz] for dollar amounts). However, brackets will not be used in the Heading.
- (g) Information for Strategic Systems projects will be in agreement with the project plan baseline document. Only directed changes (i.e., directed by Congressional action) or Energy Systems Acquisition Advisory Board (ESAAB) approved changes are to be identified.
- (h) For Environmental Restoration (EM-40) projects under the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Restoration and Waste Management, the following definitions shall apply for each MSA unless a different precedent has been established:
 - 1 Total Estimated Cost (TEC): This term will not be used for EM-40 projects.
 - 2 Total Project Cost (TPC): The cost included in the most current EM-40 *Ten-Year Plan* or in an approved Baseline Document which sums all previous costs plus projected costs for the next five fiscal years. The TPC shall include all associated Other Project Costs for this period. If certain projects which extend beyond the EM-40 *Ten-Year Plan* have approved baselines in place, they shall be used in their entirety.
- (i) Significant changes (full-funding policy, project or subproject TEC, TPC, construction end date, or scope adjustments) are to be clearly identified.
 - 1 Project changes between the present Project Data Sheet and the Project Data Sheet transmitted in the last budget to Congress will be explained in Item 8.
 - 2 Figure III-3j.1a summarizing the major changes to a Project Data Sheet will be placed in front of the Project Data Sheet. The explanation of changes in Figure III-3j.1a should be limited to a single page. Any more extensive explanation of the changes should be placed in Item 8.
 - 3 **All elements of the project description (Item 8 of the Project Data Sheet) that have been added, deleted, or modified since the last budget to Congress will have a “Redline indicator” (a vertical line in the left margin).**

- (j) Footnotes should be used sparingly. Do not footnote within the text. It is distracting to have to leave the text to read the footnote. Include all necessary discussion in the text. Project TEC, TPC, and completion date require explanations in the narrative of Item 8 of the Project Data Sheet. Thus, footnotes on these three categories elsewhere are redundant and may be inconsistent.
- (k) The following detailed instructions govern the preparation of project data sheets, Figure III-3j.2a-2c:

1 **Item 1, Title, and Location of Project.**

- a Each project title must be unclassified.
- b Project titles shall be sufficiently short and descriptive to permit ready reference and shall not be changed after a project number has been assigned.
- c In typing project titles, an initial capital letter shall be used for the first word in the project title and for proper names.
- d The location of the project shall be given. For consolidated project data sheets at more than one location, the term Various Locations shall be used. Do not show the predominate location in such cases.
- e The funding program decision unit is indicated in the data sheet header. If the project is under consideration by more than one program, identify alternate funding programs in Item 1.

2 **Item 2a and 2b, Project Number and Funding Type.** New project numbers shall be issued by the Budget Operations Division (CR-13) for new projects in each budget year, showing the year, the organization, and the sequential number of the project which also indicates appropriation for organizations with multi-appropriations. Project numbers shall be assigned soon after receipt of data sheets at Headquarters. Only properly assigned numbers shall be used to identify projects. The type of funding for the project, either Operating Expense or Construction, will be shown in item 2b.

3 **Items 3a and 3b, Date A-E Work Initiated (Title I design start scheduled) and A-E Work (Title I and II) Duration.** Insert the fiscal quarter and year in which A-E work for Title I design began or

is to be initiated and the duration of Title I and II design in months. Do not assume “start” of a budget year project prior to the start of FYBY. The most realistic dates possible should be shown based on the status of conceptual work, assuming availability of funds at the beginning of the budget year. Enter the date under the Preliminary Baseline Schedule. When Title I Design work is complete, enter Title I Design Baseline date and enter the same date under the Current Baseline. The Preliminary Baseline Schedule date and the Title I Design Baseline date will not change. All subsequent date changes will be shown under the Current Baseline. For EM-40 projects only, items 3a and 3b should be titled “Date Assessment Phase Initiated” and “Duration of Assessment Phase” correspondingly.

- 4 Items 4a and 4b, Date Physical Construction Starts and Ends.** Insert the date (fiscal quarter) construction activity started or is to be initiated and date which construction activity is expected to be completed. These dates shall be the earliest start date and the last completion date of all subprojects identified. Include dates for physical construction start and end, beneficial occupancy, completion of final punch list, and operational start dates in Item 8 below. This date will be shown under the Preliminary Baseline Schedule. When Title I Design work is completed, enter Title I Design Baseline date and enter the same date under the Current Baseline. The Preliminary Baseline Schedule date and the Title I Design Baseline date will not change. All subsequent date changes will be shown under the Current Baseline. For EM-40 projects only, items 4a and 4b should be titled “Date Cleanup Phase Starts/Started” and “Date Cleanup Phase Ends” correspondingly.

- 5 Item 5, Total Estimated Cost (TEC).** Insert Federal total estimated cost (TEC). Escalation factors approved by the Office of Projects and Fixed Asset Management will be used in preparation of project cost estimates. EM-40 projects shall enter see TPC for TEC. Projects that are funded Title I & II Design only should be footnoted as shown in Figure III-2ja.

- a Preliminary Baseline Estimate.** The preliminary TEC baseline estimate is based upon the CDR and will be shown through the completion of the project.
- b Title I Design Baseline.** When Title I Design is completed show TEC for Title I Design Baseline and TEC for Current Baseline. The Title I Design Baseline date will not change.

The TEC baseline is used for FASA Title V performance reporting to OMB and Congress, **not the TPC.**

c **Current Baseline.** All approved changes will be shown under the Current Baseline which is the latest approved baseline.

6 **Item 6. Total Project Cost.** Insert the current Federal total project cost (TPC). Although the TPC will be shown under the Preliminary, Title I Design, and Current Baseline Estimates, the TPC shall not be used for baselining and performance reporting. Projects that are funded Title I & II Design only should be footnoted as shown in Figure III-2ja. TPC is further described in Item 12 (a). For projects that contain subprojects, the TEC shall be the sum of the TEC for all subprojects less any Non-Federal contribution(s). EM-40 projects shall enter see TPC for TEC.

7 **Item 7. Financial Schedule.** OMB has changed its approach regarding the full funding of fixed assets. This year OMB has directed that capital projects be fully funded by using incremental budget authority for the budget year plus advance appropriations for the outyears necessary to fully fund current and proposed construction projects. Obligations in the budget year and outyears shall equal the amount of appropriations that would have been requested if the incremental funding policy were still in place. The request for advance appropriations must be written in the appropriation language which funds the project.

Projects that are phase funded (e.g., Title I & II Design, and Construction), will display funding in the financial schedule by design and construction phases. The preliminary baseline estimate (TEC) will be used for the Finance Schedule until completion of Title I design. Afterwards, the Financial Schedule will be changed to reflect the Title I design baseline TEC or Current Baseline Estimate TEC if it is difference from Title I Design.

The tabulation should be consistent with the project schedule dates as shown in Items 3a, 3b, 4a and 4b. The total of the appropriation plus adjustments columns, the obligations column, and the costs column shall be equal and agree with the TEC in Item 5, "Current Baseline Estimate." Financial schedules should reflect all Federal funding for the project from its beginning and must be reconciled to the Departmental Primary Accounting System (DPAS) i.e., Financial Information System (FIS) and Funds Distribution System (FDS).

- a Section 7 of Figure III-3j.2 is an example of a financial schedule as required for all projects.
- b The FIS Plant History report only provides a total of five year segments (four individual years previous to the current execution year and an aggregate amount for all other years) thus, amounts for years earlier than the budget year minus 6 years (BY-6) are combined.
- c The Appropriation and Adjustments columns for all past years and the current execution year must be identical to the Office of Budget FDS Base Table amounts for the Project.
- d Footnotes must be shown for all amounts in the Adjustments column. A reference to a reprogramming must identify the Office of Budget Reprogramming Number. Other adjustments must cite the authority (supplemental or rescission, the Public Law; deferral, the Presidential deferral number; etc.). If multiple adjustments occurred in a year, the footnote must list the individual amounts and authorities. Additionally, do not footnote the year, place the footnote on the amount being explained.
- e The Obligations and Costs columns for all past years must be identical to the FIS Plant History Report amounts. The obligations column for the current execution year will be identical to the latest FDS Approved Funding Program (AFP) amount.
- f The current execution year Obligations and Costs will be in agreement with the approved baseline for Strategic Systems projects.

8 **Item 8, Project Description, Justification and Scope.** This item should state clearly and concisely the essential features of the project, indicating whether it is a new facility, modification of existing facilities, or addition to existing facility. The justification shall state how this project ties to the DOE (or program) Strategic Plan, discuss alternatives, risks and uncertainties of meeting cost/schedule goals. In describing facilities, code words, if used, should be identified as such. Any unusual technical terms should be explained when used in project descriptions. Describe the following physical aspects as applicable. The description should read such that easy correlation can be made with the cost estimate

*
*
*
*

given in Item 9. If the project contains subprojects, describe each subproject using the same aspects after a general introduction of the overall project.

*

- a If the data sheet shows a revised Current Baseline (TEC) cost estimate in item 6 of Figure III-3j.2 explain the factors involved in determining the revised estimate. The explanation shall also be provided on the Significant Changes cover sheet, Figure III-3j.1.
- b Describe improvements to land and, where this item constitutes a major portion of the project, include information such as the approximate length, width, and types of roadways, approximate capacities of parking areas, and any proposed drainage structures and fencing.
- c Describe each building or building addition, including approximate floor plan dimensions, gross area, number of stories, story heights, basement, if provided; types of construction and reason for using such if not obvious; types of heating and air-conditioning; capacities of cranes and any design, fabrication, or construction features which are unusual or specialized and have a significant impact on the cost estimate, such as shielding, protective construction, hot cells, or special ventilation systems, environmental protection systems, and fire protection systems.
- d Describe other structures, such as pits, tunnels, towers, bunkers, stacks, and other enclosures not included in subparagraph (h)3 above.
- e Describe types of utilities to be provided, such as water, sewer, and power, and where this item constitutes a major portion of the project, include information such as the length and size of the utility lines.
- f Describe any special facilities, such as accelerator components, movable shielding, vacuum systems, processing piping, power or controls, reactor vessels, inert gas, hydrogen or purging systems, or cryogenic systems.
- g Describe any standard equipment included in this project, such as office and laboratory furniture and equipment, hoists, and machine tools.

- h Describe any computer system or component of a computer system having a total estimated purchase cost of \$2,000,000 or more. A brief justification and explanation of the rationale for utilizing construction funds shall be provided.
- i Provide a description of that portion of the scope to be accomplished in the BY.
- j For projects that contain Subprojects the following applies:
 - i After the subparagraph letter, provide a two-digit Subproject Number (01-99) preceding the Subproject Title and Location. The Subproject Number will be used to provide Obligational Authority in the Approved Funding Program (AFP) and to report Obligations and Costs to FIS.
 - ii Subproject Numbers will not be reused or changed during the life of the Project
 - iii Subproject titles shall not be changed.
 - iv Provide the Subproject Total Estimated Cost (TEC), the cumulative Appropriation for all previous years, the PY Appropriation, the CY Appropriation, and the BY Appropriation to complete the Subproject and the construction activity start and end dates with each subproject description as follows:

<u>t -- Comp. Dates</u>	<u>TEC</u>	<u>Prev.</u>	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>	<u>Outyear</u>
\$51,600	\$41,800	\$4,400	\$600	\$0	\$0	3rd Qtr 1993 - 3rd Qtr FY BY

Elements of the funding profile and construction schedule that changed from the last data sheet submitted to the Congress shall be underlined and a Redline should appear in the left margin. Explain the changes in the text description of the subproject.
 For EM-40 Subprojects, modify the TEC heading to read - TPC and enter the Subproject TPC.

- v Provide the date Subproject construction activity starts and the date construction activity ends. If any date has changed from the date previously transmitted to Congress, provide an explanation in the description of the Subproject. For EM-40 Subprojects, (substitute the word cleanup for construction) the completion date will be the current ten-Year Plan end date or approved baseline end date, as appropriate.
- vi Subproject data will be reconciled with total Project data.
- vii The sum of the TEC for all Subprojects will equal the total line item cost on line d of Item 9, and the Total on line a.1.(a) in Item 11 of the Project Data Sheet (See Figure III-3j.2). For EM-40 Subprojects, the TPC for all Subprojects will equal the TPC in Item 6 and line a.2.(i) of Item 11 of the Project Data Sheet.
- viii The sum of the Appropriation amounts for each fiscal year for all Subprojects will equal the sum of the Appropriation and Adjustment amounts in the Financial Schedule for the fiscal year.
- ix The sum of the Appropriation amounts for the previous fiscal years for all Subprojects will equal the sum of the Appropriation and Adjustment amounts in the Financial Schedule for all fiscal years previous to the PY.
- x The dates in Items 4a and 4b of the Project Data Sheet will be the earliest construction (or cleanup for EM-40 projects) start date and the latest completion date for all Subprojects.
- xi **Completed subprojects are to remain in the Project Data Sheet with its funding profile. To conserve space, the narrative description should be removed the year following the year it was reported completed to Congress.**
- k Describe the research, development, or production program which is underway or planned, including the relationship of the proposed facility (both as to need and timing) to the program objectives and schedules.

- i State the criteria which determined the size or scope of the project, such as volume of production, storage capacity, number of persons to be housed, and space requirements for research.
- ii To the maximum extent feasible within security limitations, data sheets for projects involving production increases should indicate the present production rate or capacity and the change proposed. If the project is deemed to be an intermediate phase of a long-range program, indicate its relationship to the foreseeable planned capacity. If a production facility, state annual capacity and basis therefore, i.e., 1-shift, 2-shift operation, 5-day week, 6-day week. When inclusion of capacity involves "Top Secret" data, indices shall be used to the maximum extent practicable, or, if not practicable, the information shall be submitted separately to the program office concerned.
- iii If the purpose of the project is to replace existing facilities, explain fully the circumstances which make replacement necessary and the disposition to be made of the replaced facilities.
- iv Indicate that existing facilities have been reviewed to determine that the need cannot be met by modification of existing facilities. This is of particular importance in the case of radioactive contaminated facilities where decontamination and decommissioning costs are factors.
- v State the reasons for the proposed timing of the completion of the project and the effect on the program if the project is deferred or not authorized.
- vi To the maximum extent practicable, justifications should contain data on the economics of the project including the basis for calculating savings and payout. In computing savings, comparative cost estimates shall include the cost of depreciation of the facility. Justifications can often be strengthened by reference to alternatives and to the consequences of disapproval.
- vii State if costs include overhead of an off-site contract laboratory operated by a university or other institution,

the reasons for including such overhead and the method by which the amount of such overhead was determined.

viii The project data sheet shall state the estimated gross annual cost (excluding depreciation) for operating the facilities upon completion, less any offsetting reductions which are applicable. In the case of replacement facilities, include comparative data for the facilities being replaced.

[1] For production type facilities and power producing facilities, the first full-year's operating costs, maintenance costs, and the annual costs at equilibrium should be set forth. Gross annual costs, revenues, or other offsetting reductions, and new annual costs should be shown.

[2] For research or development facilities, including new research machines, show separately the operating costs, maintenance costs, the total cost of the research or development program to be carried out, and the incremental program cost related to occupation of the new building.

[3] In all cases, the basis for these estimates of annual cost for operations and maintenance should be included.

1 Include two items of performance measurement data at the appropriate (project or subproject) level:

i Indicate what program planning objectives the project (or subproject) benefits/supports, and

ii Indicate the type and amount of project (or subproject) work to be completed during the budget year in quantifiable terms.

9 Item 9, Details of Cost Estimate.

a This section of the data sheet consists of an estimate for each of the account classifications listed in subparagraph c below. Under each of the classifications give a breakdown of the costs, indicating significant units and costs wherever possible.

Include all classifications. Enter zero dollars for classifications not applicable to the project. All costs should be presented in current year dollars, escalated to the midpoint of construction.

- b General administrative and other indirect costs, properly charged to the project, shall not be shown as a line item but shall be prorated among the various elements of costs. Also, the estimated costs of construction management services by private firms shall be similarly prorated among the various elements of construction costs. All the account classifications shall be listed even if no dollar amount is applicable. If it has been determined that the project will be administered under an “off-site” contract with a university or other institution, and that the institution will be reimbursed for overhead in connection with such administration, a memorandum entry shall be included indicating the estimated amount of such overhead. The costs for preparing system design descriptions or any comparable technical documentation are to be budgeted for and costed to operating expense or construction consistent with the treatment of related expenditures, e.g., documents which are accomplished for conceptual design are charged to operating cost while those performed for Titles I and II are charged to construction. The costs for preparing environmental documentation shall be budgeted for and costed to operating expenses.
- I Unit cost per square foot or cubic foot for buildings or other construction shall be computed on the basis of gross areas and shall exclude the amount included in the estimate for contingencies. Unit costs should not be more precise than warranted by the status of design.
- ii The items to be shown in this section of the data sheet should include all pertinent data on quantities and unit costs. Unusual unit costs, engineering design, and inspection or contingency rates should be explained in notes.
- iii A statement shall be included as a note at the end of the estimate to show the basis for the estimate, e.g., “conceptual design is complete, Title I design is 25 percent complete”.

- iv Explanatory notes shall be provided to indicate reasons why certain unit costs may be out of the normal range, such as: cost for special isolation requirements; costs related to speedup of construction showing hours per week on which estimate is based; and factors affecting the contingent amount.
 - v Actual costs in the narrative should be in whole dollars, tabular actual costs should be in thousands of dollars.
 - vi Escalation rates should be explicitly stated and when the rates are significantly different from the guidance provided in the Field Budget Call, a thorough explanation shall be provided.
 - c The account classifications to be used, together with explanatory notes, are provided below as noted costs are broken between design and construction:
 - i Design Phase.
 - [1] Preliminary and Final Design costs (Design Drawings, and Specifications. Record the cost of design, drawings, and specifications (DDS) on Figure III-3j.2, Item 9.a.1., as shown.
 - [2] Design Management Costs as a Percentage of Design Phase. Report costs for those services provided by the organization responsible for management of the construction effort during Title I and Title II design as a percentage of 9.a.(1). Construction management services are further defined in DOE 4700.1 and DOE 6430.1.
 - ii Construction Phase.
 - [1] Land and Land Rights. Provide a breakdown identifying each site to be acquired, the acreage or square miles involved, unit cost, and total cost or the cost of each land right acquired. See DOE 4300.1B, REAL PROPERTY AND SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANNING, for regulations concerning the acquisition of real property.

- [2] Improvements to Land. Indicate the types of improvements to be made and total cost. Where this sub-item constitutes a major portion of the project, it should be expressed in terms of units, unit costs, and total cost, such as ___miles of road at \$___ per mile.
- [3] Buildings. List and identify each building or building addition to be constructed or existing building to be modified, showing gross square feet, unit cost, and total cost. If the unit cost is unusually high, provide an explanatory note.
- [4] Special Equipment. Identify major engineered equipment, and special systems, as described in Item 8 of the Project Data Sheet (see subparagraph j(3)(k)8 f). Where major equipment components identified under “special facilities” appear to be standard in nature but are listed as special because, for example, they actually require special engineering and/or fabrication to meet requirements, an explanation of the special nature of the equipment should be included.
- [5] Other Structures. List and provide costs for each major other structure described in Item 8 of the Project Data Sheet (see subparagraph j(3)(k)8 d).
- [6] Utilities. List the types of utilities described in Item 8 of the Project Data Sheet (see subparagraph j(3)(k)8 e) and the total cost. Where this subitem constitutes a major portion of the project, units, unit costs, and total costs should be shown.
- [7] Standard Equipment. List and provide costs for the major items of “off-the-shelf” equipment and furnishings, requiring a nominal engineering effort, as described in Item 8 of the Project Data Sheet (see subparagraph j(3)(k)8 g). Costs shall include any engineering effort required.
- [8] Major Computer Items. List and provide costs for each major computer item as described in subparagraph j(3)(k)8 h.

- [9] Removal Cost Less Salvage. Include removal costs less salvage incident to the replacement of plant and equipment applicable to the project. Separate projects shall be established to budget and account for removal costs and salvage incident to the retirement of plant equipment which is not to be replaced.
- [10] Inspection, Design and Project Liaison, Testing, Checkout, and Acceptance. The cost of assisting in the design and development of equipment (not to be confused with start-up costs).
- [11] Construction Management Costs. Report costs for those services provided by the organization responsible for management of the construction effort after Title I and Title II design and continuing through completion of construction. Construction management services are further defined in DOE 4700.1 and DOE 6430.1.
- [12] Project Management. Report costs for those services provided to the DOE on a specific project, after the design phase and starting with the construction phase through completion, for planning, organizing, directing, controlling, and reporting on the status of the project. Compute the approximate percentage of total construction costs in Item 9.b. rounding off to the nearest tenth of a percent.

iii Contingency at Approximate Percentage of Above Costs. Compute and indicate a total (design and construction phase) contingency amount as a percentage of all above costs, rounding to the nearest percent. This contingency is provided to cover unforeseen and unpredictable situations and shall not provide for increasing the scope of the project. The amount of contingency will depend on the status of design and complexity of the project.

- [1] Design Phase. Show design phase contingencies as a subtotal of total contingencies.

[2] Construction Phase. Show construction phase contingencies as a subtotal of total contingencies.

ix Total Line Item Cost. Add contingencies to subtotal.

x Non-Federal Contribution. Non-Federal funds from other sources that are considered capital funds contained in the Total line item cost.

xi Net Federal Total Estimated Cost (TEC). The Federal cost net of non-Federal contribution. This is the TEC shown in Item 6.

10 Item 10, Method of Performance. Indicate the type of contracting arrangements contemplated, using the following paragraphs or combinations of parts of these paragraphs as a guide:

a Design and inspection shall be performed under a negotiated architect or engineer contract. Construction and procurement shall be accomplished by fixed price contracts awarded on the basis of competitive bidding.

b Design and inspection shall be performed by the operating contractor. To the extent feasible, construction and procurement shall be accomplished by fixed price contracts and subcontracts awarded on the basis of competitive bidding.

11 Items 11 and 12. All project data sheets shall contain an item 11 and an item 12. Item 11 shall contain the financial schedule and item 12 shall contain the narrative material associated with the financial schedule. Items 11 and 12 shall be prepared as illustrated in the sample Figure III-3j.2, using the amount of space required for presentation under each section. If the project includes subprojects, attach a page in the format of Sections 11 and 12 for each subproject. Aggregated data should be supplied in Section 11 and 12 of the data sheet.

12 Detailed Instructions In Completing Items 11 and 12. The cost estimates in item 11 are to be developed using the general guidance provided below. Item 12 shall parallel the costs detailed in item 11 with a narrative justification and explanation. The narrative shall include a brief description of each item in 11, its cost, the basis for operating expense funding and a schedule for accomplishment of

the item. It should include the estimated start and completion dates and relevant project interface dates.

a Total Project Costs (item 11 (and 12).a).

I Total Facility Costs (item 11 (and 12).a.1). This section shall contain all those costs which are directly related to construction of the facility.

[1] Line Item (item 11 (and 12).a.1.(a)). The line item costs must agree with the TEC before offset for Non-Federal contribution in Item 9.j. Cost are broken between design and construction.

[2] Plant Engineering and Design (item 11 (and 12).a.1.(b)). Include any operating expense engineering and design costs, exclusive of the conceptual design costs identified in subparagraph ii [2] below, prior to construction funding availability. These are sometimes referred to as “bridge funds”.

[3] Operating Expense Funded Equipment (item 11 (and 12).a.1.(c)). Any equipment, system, component, or other item which is funded from operating expenses for the direct use of the construction project or is required to make the facility or experiment complete and operable should be included. A narrative justification should be included to explain the reasons for such items and examples of items to be funded in this manner.

[4] Inventories (item 11 (and 12).a.1.(d)). Any inventories which are necessary to put the facility into use should be included.

[5] Total Facility Cost (Federal and Non-Federal) (item 11 (and 12).a.1.(e)). Total items identified in I through iv above.

ii Other Project Costs (item 11 (and 12).a.2). All estimated costs shall be escalated to the year of planned expenditure. Actual costs shall be shown when incurred.

- [1] R&D Necessary to Complete Construction (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(a)). Any construction project which requires the conduct of a Research and Development program directly prerequisite to its specific design and construction features and for which R&D funds are included in the operating expenses appropriation request shall include the total cost by fiscal year for such R&D.
- [2] Conceptual Design Costs (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(b)). Indicate the cost of the conceptual design and Conceptual Design Report (CDR).
- [3] Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(c)). Costs associated with removal of hazardous material (typically radioactive or chemical material) from facilities, soils, or equipment by washing, chemical action, mechanical cleaning, or other remediation techniques. Also include costs associated with decommissioning (demolition, dismantling, and removal, see DOE Accounting Handbook, Chapter 10, Plant and Capital Equipment.
- [4] NEPA Documentation Costs (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(d)). All costs of complying with NEPA 1969 including: EAs, EISs, permitting actions, and site characterization.
- [5] Other Project Related Costs (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(e)). Any other costs directly related to the project that occur on a one-time basis, such as start-up costs, and training should be listed along with a narrative explaining and justifying each cost.
- [6] Total Other Project Costs (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(f)). Total the project costs identified in [1] through [5] above.
- [7] Total Project Costs (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(g)). Total the costs in I [5] (Item 11.a.1.e) and ii [6] (Item 11.a.s.f) above including any Non-Federal contribution.

[8] Non-Federal Contribution (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(h)). Include Non-Federal funds from other sources that are considered operating funds and any Non-Federal capital funds identified in Item 9.j.

[9] Net Federal Total Project Cost (TPC) (item 11 (and 12).a.2.(i)). Total project cost less Non-Federal contribution.

[10] The total costs in Item 11 on line a.1.(a) will be the same as the costs in Item 9 on line 9.i. For EM-40 projects, the TPC by year in Item 11 in line a.2.(i) will equal the costs by year in Item 7.

b Related Annual Cost. This section should include the costs directly associated with the operation and maintenance of the facility. An estimate of the annual cost (Item 11b) and a narrative explanation (Item 12b) should be included. Indicate when the annual cost will begin to be incurred. The annual cost, which will represent average per year over the useful life, should be escalated to the first year in which the cost will be incurred. Any significant variances in the annual cost estimates year to year should be discussed in the narrative. For example, there may be planned purchase of a major item of equipment which shall substantially change the annual costing later or make a significant change in the mode of operation. Any significant variations in the annual costing rates or the preceding items should be footnoted. For example, the procurement of a new nuclear reactor core on a very infrequent basis would greatly increase the annual capital equipment cost rate for a facility. These deviations in costs should be segregated from the annual cost rate. Indicate the estimated useful life of the facility (years).

i Facility Operating Costs (item 11 (and 12).b.1). The estimate should include the annual costs to operate the facility including cost of labor and materials. The narrative should include:

[1] The staff years of effort required to operate the facility, and

[2] A statement indicating whether it does or does not replace any other facility. If a replacement facility, provide total, not incremental, annual costs.

- ii Facility Maintenance and Repair Costs (item 11 (and 12).b.2). Include all non-construction maintenance efforts and repair. In the narrative, specify the staff years of effort required to maintain and repair the facility.
- iii Programmatic Operating Expenses Directly Related to the Facility (item 11 (and 12).b.3). Include programmatic effort which relies upon the direct and primary use of the facility. Provide a yearly estimate and narrative justification.
- iv Capital Equipment not Related to Construction but related to the Programmatic Effort in the Facility (item 11 (and 12).b.4). An estimate of annual capital equipment needs not related to construction but related to the programmatic effort included in subparagraph j(3)(k)(xii) 2 a should be included. The accompanying narrative should explain any expected installations of new programmatic related capital equipment.
- v GPP or Other Construction related to the programmatic Effort in the Facility (item 11 (and 12).b.5). Include a yearly cost estimate and narrative justification of a General Plant Project or other expected construction related to programmatic effort included in subparagraph j(3)(k) 12 b i.
- vi Utility Costs (item 11 (and 12).b.6). All annual utility costs incurred to operate the facility.
- vii Other Costs (item 11 (and 12).b.7). Any other expected annual costs should be listed with an accompanying narrative.

13 Item, 13 Design and Construction of Federal Facilities. The following paragraph should be used.

“All DOE facilities are designed and constructed in accordance with applicable Public Laws, Executive Orders, OMB Circulars, Federal

Property Management Regulations, and DOE Orders. The total estimated cost of the project includes the cost of measures necessary to assure compliance with Executive Order 12088, “Federal Compliance with Pollution Control Standards”; section 19 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, the provisions of Executive Order 12196, and the related Safety and Health provisions for Federal Employees (CFR Title 29, Chapter XVII, Part 1960); and the Architectural Barriers Act, Public Law 90-480, and implementing instructions in 41 CFR 101-19.6.”

a The applicable statement a or b should be included:

- I “The project will be located in an area not subject to flooding determined in accordance with Executive Order 11988.”
- ii “The project location in an area subject to flooding has been evaluated and the findings, determined in accordance with Executive Order 11988, are that ...”. The appropriate material from the finding must be included.

b The applicable statement a or b should be included:

- I “DOE has reviewed the GSA inventory of Federal Scientific laboratories and found insufficient space available, as reported by the GSA inventory.”
- ii Other appropriate statement in lieu of the above.

Item 13 is required in the Field Budget, Draft OMB Budget, and OMB Budget Request submissions. For the Congressional Budget Request, Item 13 is not prepared.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FY 1998/FY 1999 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST
(Changes from FY 1998 Congressional Budget Request are denoted with a vertical line in left margin.)

DEFENSE ASSET ACQUISITION
(Tabular dollars in thousands. Narrative material in whole dollars.)

Defense Programs Stockpile Management

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project - Title I & II
Design	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico	
Construction Funded (design only)	

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

- None

Figure III-3j.1
Project Data Sheet Significant Changes

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 FY 1998/FY 1999 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST
 (Changes from FY 1997 Congressional Budget Request are denoted with a vertical line in left margin.)

DEFENSE ASSET ACQUISITION
 (Tabular dollars in thousands. Narrative material in whole dollars.)

Defense Programs Stockpile Stewardship

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project - Title I & II
Design	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico	
Construction Funded (design only)	

	Preliminary Schedule	Title I Baseline	Current Baseline
Schedule			
3a. Date A-E Work Initiated, (Title I Design Start Scheduled):	1st Qtr. FY 1992		
3b. A-E Work (Titles I & II) Duration:	52 months		
4a. Date physical Construction Starts:			
4b. Date Construction Ends:			

Total Design Cost --	Preliminary Estimate \$52,286
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	Preliminary Estimate	Title I Baseline	Current Baseline
Estimate ^{b/}			
5. Total Estimated Cost (TEC) --	a/		
6. Total Project Cost (TPC) --	a/		

7.a Design Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	<u>Costs</u>
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^{b/}Current Baseline Estimate is the latest baseline which reflects the approved changes to the Title I baseline.

Figure III-j.2a
 Project Data Sheet
 (Design Title I & II Funding Only)

1992	\$ 12,000	0	\$ 12,000	\$ 8,120
1993	15,000	0	15,000	15,050
1994	15,250	0	15,250	17,300
1995	10,036	0	10,036	10,816
1996	0	0	0	0
2,000				

a/ Preliminary Cost Estimates for the CMR Upgrades project are based upon the Conceptual Design Report dated 11/4/90. The preliminary estimates are: Total Estimated Cost (TEC) -- \$174,100 (K) and Total Project Cost (TPC) -- \$223,635 (K). These estimates are used for the purpose of requesting design funding only. Future construction funding (if requested) will be based upon Title I cost estimates.

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope

The Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR) Building is the largest structure at the Los Alamos National Laboratory (550,000 square feet). Construction of the CMR Building was completed in 1952. Most of the major mechanical and electrical equipment has reached the end of its design life.

Since its construction 40 years ago, the CMR Building has been used for research, development, and analytical work with plutonium, uranium and their alloys, and other materials in support of weapons, nuclear materials, and other Laboratory programs. This work continues to be essential to the nation's weapons program, with the principal activities in the building being in support of the plutonium research, development, and demonstration activities conducted at the Laboratory's Plutonium Handling Facility at TA-55. The activities that are critical to these plutonium operations are:

- Essential daily analytical chemistry and metallurgical services on plutonium and other actinides.
 - Analyses of plutonium metal preparations for the Laboratory's Weapons Research, Development, and Test Programs.
 - Analyses required for development and demonstration of new and improved processing methods for scrap recovery.
 - Analyses required for accountability and verification of material received or shipped and for on-site transfers.
- The CMR Building future role is also essential for support of several major Defense Programs areas which include:
 - Enhanced Safety and Reliability of Nuclear Weapons
 - Lead Technical Laboratory for Pu and U Processing
 - Weapons Dismantlement and Component Storage

The primary purpose of this project is to upgrade facility systems and infrastructure that has been in continuous operation for 40 years and are near the end of their useful life. Such upgrading will ensure the continued safety of the public and Laboratory employees and increase the operational safety, reliability and security of essential activities. Increased safety, reliability, and security are critical to the continued operation of the Laboratory's Stockpile Stewardship Programs and other national defense programs.

Funding is requested to initiate Title I & II design of the project. No funding of construction activities is requested.

Figure III-j.2a Project Data Sheet (Design Title I & II Funding Only)

III-3.98

The equipment replacements and upgrades included:

- **Continuous Air Monitor (CAM) Installations**

Install a new CAM system in the Wings 3, 5, 7, and 9 laboratories. Upgrades include installation of CAMs, Fixed head Air Samplers (FAS), and glovebox hand monitors as required by DOE Order 5480.11 and AR 3-7. Remote monitoring capabilities at the Health Physics office and a data logging system are also included. Existing vacuum systems in Wings 3, 5, and 7 will be utilized while the vacuum system in Wing 9 will be expanded.

- **HVAC Blowers and Motors**

Replace existing laboratory exhaust fans in the CMR Building and provide vibration analysis for approximately twenty exhaust fans in the CMR Building. Immediate needs are to replace the 200 HP exhaust fans on the first floor of the filter towers in Wings 3, 5, and 7. Other exhaust fans may require replacement contingent on the scope of the Phase 2 Confinement Zone Separation upgrade.

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

- **Electrical Upgrades**

The Distribution Analysis and Power Planning Evaluation and Reporting (DAPPER) software will be used for analysis, calculations, and record drawings for all electrical upgrades. Provisions to incorporate a future facility computer monitoring and limited control system will be provided as part of the Electrical Upgrades.

Exterior Electrical Upgrades: Replace inadequately sized exterior sectionalizing switches, eliminate existing exterior single point failures, modify exterior underground electrical system to allow switching and maintenance functions, upgrade existing controls and correct deficiencies to the existing administration wing, and Wings 1, 3, 4, and 9 substations.

Substations Upgrade: Replace substations in Wings 2, 5, and 7.

Wing Electrical Upgrades: Upgrade the interior low voltage power distribution system for all wings except 2 and 4 in the CMR Building. This includes the replacement of power and lighting panel boards, laboratory power panel boards, bus ways, motor control centers, replacement of all obsolete branch and feeder wiring systems, rewiring of laboratories, and upgrading the emergency and exit lighting systems.

Electrical Upgrades to Support Safe Standby, Wings 2 and 4: Upgrade the interior low voltage power distribution system in Wings 2 and 4, which is necessary for safety systems.

Figure III-j.2a
Project Data Sheet
(Design Title I & II Funding Only)

Spinal Corridor Cable Tray: Provide a cable tray system in the attic spinal corridor.

Grounding and Lightning Protection: Upgrade the CMR Building grounding and lightning protection systems.

- **Stack Monitors Upgrade**

Provide a stack effluent monitoring system for the CMR Building that is in compliance with DOE and EPA requirements. Each stack will be evaluated to determine the type of monitoring required. Each stack system will be stand alone, consisting of in-line samplers, CAMS, vacuum pumps, and associated tubing, wiring, and signal processing equipment. This upgrade also includes a data collection system from all of the stack CAM's to the CMR operations room and the ES&H operations room. The stack effluent monitoring will be in compliance with 40 CFR 61 and DOE Order 6430.1A.

- **Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) Installation**

* This Upgrade is in support of the Stack Monitors Upgrade. There will be one UPS supporting the stack monitoring
* data collection computer systems. The UPS will be capable of providing backup power to the stack effluent
* monitoring systems for a 4 hour period.

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

- **Duct Modification**

Backdraft Dampers: Provide positive shutoff intake backdraft dampers in the supply air ductwork in Wings 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 9.

Duct Washdown Upgrade: Upgrade the existing exhaust duct washdown system in Wings 3, 5, and 7. This includes replacement of piping, valves, and spray heads and installation of new flow measurement devices.

- **Acid Vents and Drains Upgrades**

Aging piping and a lack of gradient in the acid drain system in the basement of the CMR Building has led to corrosion and clogging of the system. This upgrade includes evaluation and documentation of the existing system, prioritization of the system deficiencies, and cost estimates to correct each deficiency for Wings 3, 5, and 7. Construction will include replacement of piping and components including threaded nipples, fittings, valves, flanged fittings, and gaskets with compatible new components.

Figure III-j.2a
Project Data Sheet
(Design Title I & II Funding Only)

III-3.100

9. Detail of Cost Estimate

	<u>Item Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
a. Design Phase.		\$ 43,667
(1) Preliminary and Final Design costs, (Design, Drawings, and Specifications)		\$ 33,667
(2) Design Management costs @ 29.7% of (a)		10,000
c. Contingencies at approximately 19.7 percent of above costs		<u>8,619</u>
1. Design Phase		8,619
d. Total line item cost (Section 11.a.1.(a))		\$52,286
e. LESS: Non-Agency contribution (Define in Section 12).		<u>0</u>
f. Total Agency Requirement (Design Only)		<u>\$52,286</u>

10. Method of Performance

Procurement will be accomplished under fixed-price subcontracts awarded on the basis of competitive bidding. Consideration will be given to cost-plus-fixed fee on decontamination and refurbishment work on the CMR. Upgrades construction will be done by fixed price contractors and the Laboratory's support services subcontractor. The operating contractor and contracted Architect-Engineers will perform construction inspection.

Figure III-j.2a
Project Data Sheet
(Design Title I & II Funding Only)

11. Schedule of Project Funding and Other Related Funding Requirements

	Prior Years <u>FY 1995</u>		<u>FY 1993</u> <u>Outyear</u>		<u>FY 1994</u> <u>Total</u>	
a. Total design costs (Agency Requirements)						
1. Total facility costs						
(a) Design (Section 9.a & Section 9.c.1))		\$ 8,120	\$ 15,050	\$ 17,300	\$ 10,816	\$ 2,000
\$ 52,286						
(c) Plant, Engineering and Design (PE&D)	0	0	0	0	0	0
(d) Operating expense funded equipment.		0	0	0	0	0
0						
(e) Inventories	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total facility costs (Federal and Non-Federal) . . .	\$ 8,120	\$ 15,050	\$ 17,300	\$ 10,816	\$ 2,000	\$52,286
2. Other project costs						
(a) R&D necessary to complete project		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 0						
(b) Conceptual design costs		0	0	0	0	0
0						
(d) NEPA documentation costs	0	0	0	0	0	0
(e) Other ES&H costs	0	0	0	0	0	0
(f) . . Other project related costs (Define in Section 12)		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>0</u> Total other project costs				\$ <u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
\$ <u>0</u> \$ <u>0</u> \$ <u>0</u>						
Total design costs	\$ <u>8,120</u>	\$ <u>15,050</u>	\$ <u>17,300</u>	\$ <u>10,816</u>	\$ <u>2,000</u>	\$ <u>52,286</u>
3. LESS: Non-Agency contribution (define Federal vs non-Federal)		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>0</u>						
Agency total design costs	\$ <u>8,120</u>	\$ <u>15,050</u>	\$ <u>17,300</u>	\$ <u>10,816</u>	\$ <u>2,000</u>	\$ <u>52,286</u>

Figure III-j.2a
Project Data Sheet
(Design Title I & II Funding Only)

12. Narrative Explanation of Total Project Funding and Other Related Funding Requirements

a. Total project funding

1. Total facility costs

- (a) Line item -- Narrative not required.
(b) PE&D -- None.
(c) Operating expense funded equipment -- Narrative not required.
(d) Inventories -- None.

2. Other project costs

- (a) R&D necessary to complete construction -- No research and development is necessary to establish the specific design and construction features.
(b) . . . Conceptual design -- None. Phase 1 line item. c/
(c) . . Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) -- None.

Documentation -- None. (d) Phase 1 line item costs include NEPA documentation costs..
(e) Other project related costs -- Operational testing and acceptance, including the Operational Readiness Review has been allowed on selected major system upgrades. Training materials, programs, and test/certification will be updated to reflect the change in site operations resulting from selected systems upgrades becoming operational. See also paragraph 17, Environmental Impacts, below.

b. Related annual costs

1. Annual facility operating costs -- The CMR facility were estimated from the FY 1995 budget requirements for CMR operations.
2. Annual facility maintenance/repair costs -- These are based upon current budget requirements for CMR maintenance.
3. Annual programmatic effort related to facility -- The programmatic effort which relies upon the direct and primary use of the CMR facilities was established at the FY 1992 level-of-effort based on the unique capabilities of handling radioactive materials. This assumes a constant level-of-effort in these programs.
4. Other Annual Costs -- These are anticipated to be approximately \$1,000,000/year based upon current CMR programmatic needs.

c/ CDR and Environmental Assessment costs are carried as part of the Phase 1 Engineering Assessment/Phase 2 Planning Activities and are broken out for clarify.

Figure III-j.2a
Project Data Sheet
(Design Title I & II Funding Only)

13. Design and Construction of Federal Facilities

The total estimated cost of this project includes, where appropriate, the cost of measures necessary to assure compliance with OMB Circular No. A-106, and Executive Order No. 12088, "Federal Compliance with Pollution Control Standards"; Section 19 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, the provisions of Executive Order No. 12196, and the related Safety and Health provisions for Federal Employees (CFR Title 29, Chapter XVII, Part 1960); and the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968." The project will be located in an area not subject to flooding determined in accordance with Executive Order 11988.

Figure III-j.2a
Project Data Sheet
(Design Title I & II Funding Only)

III-3.104

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FY 1998/FY 1999 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST
(Changes from FY 1998 Congressional Budget Request are denoted with a vertical line in left margin.)

DEFENSE ASSET ACQUISITION
(Tabular dollars in thousands. Narrative material in whole dollars.)

Defense Programs Stockpile Management

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	2a.
	Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico
Construction Funded	2b.
	Project No.: 95-D-102

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

- Total estimated cost for Processed Chilled Water, Main Vault, Acid Vents and Drains, and Exhaust Duct Washdown Recycle System Upgrades have been adjusted to reflect completed Preliminary Design (Title I) estimates.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 FY 1998/FY 1999 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST
 (Changes from FY 1997 Congressional Budget Request are denoted with a vertical line in left margin.)

DEFENSE ASSET ACQUISITION
 (Tabular dollars in thousands. Narrative material in whole dollars.)

Defense Programs Stockpile Stewardship

1. Title and Location of Project: Construction	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and Project No.: 95-D-102
2a. Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico	2b. Construction Funded

	Preliminary Schedule	Title I Baseline	Current Baseline
Schedule			
3a. Date A-E Work Initiated, (Title I Design Start Scheduled):	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992
3b. A-E Work (Titles I & II) Duration:	52 months	52 months	52 months
4a. Date physical Construction Starts: 1993	3rd Qtr. FY 1993	3rd Qtr FY 199	3rd Qtr. FY 1993
4b. Date Construction Ends:	3rd Qtr. FY 2002	3rd Qtr FY 2002	3rd Qtr. FY 2002

	Preliminary Estimate	Title I Baseline	Current Baseline
5. Total Estimated Cost (TEC) --	\$174,100	\$174,100	\$174,100
6. Total Project Cost (TPC) --	\$223,635	\$223,635	\$223,635

7.a Design Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	<u>Costs</u>
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a/ Current Baseline Estimate is the latest baseline which reflects the approved changes to the Title I baseline.

Figure III-3j.2b
 Project Data Sheet
 (Design and Construction Phase Funded)

III-3.106

1. Title and Location of Project:				CMR Upgrades Project, Design and			
Construction				Project No.: 95-D-102			
2a.				2b.			
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)							
Construction Funded							
1992	\$	12,000	0	\$	12,000	\$	8,120
1993		15,000	0		15,000		15,050
1994		15,250	0		15,250		17,300
1995		10,036	0		10,036		10,816
1996			0			0	
2,000							

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

III-3.107

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	
Construction Funded	

7.b. Construction Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	<u>Costs</u>
1993	12,000	0	12,000	8,500
1994	14,500	0	14,500	14,000
1995	18,000	0	18,000	15,500
1996	22,000	0	22,000	20,500
1997	20,000	0	20,000	21,000
1998	15,000	0	15,000	12,300
1999	12,500	0	12,500	13,000
2000	7,814	0	7,814	6,800
2001	0	0	0	6,000
2002	0	0	0	4,214

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope

The Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR) Building is the largest structure at the Los Alamos National Laboratory (550,000 square feet). Construction of the CMR Building was completed in 1952. Most of the major mechanical and electrical equipment has reached the end of its design life.

Since its construction 40 years ago, the CMR Building has been used for research, development, and analytical work with plutonium, uranium and their alloys, and other materials in support of weapons, nuclear materials, and other Laboratory programs. This work continues to be essential to the nation's weapons program, with the principal activities in the building being in support of the plutonium research, development, and demonstration activities conducted at the Laboratory's Plutonium Handling Facility at TA-55. The activities that are critical to these plutonium operations are:

- Essential daily analytical chemistry and metallurgical services on plutonium and other actinides.
 - Analyses of plutonium metal preparations for the Laboratory's Weapons Research, Development, and Test Programs.
 - Analyses required for development and demonstration of new and improved processing methods for scrap recovery.
 - Analyses required for accountability and verification of material received or shipped and for on-site transfers.
- The CMR Building future role is also essential for support of several major Defense Programs areas which include:

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	
Construction Funded	

- Enhanced Safety and Reliability of Nuclear Weapons
- Lead Technical Laboratory for Pu and U Processing
- Weapons Dismantlement and Component Storage

The primary purpose of this project is to upgrade facility systems and infrastructure that has been in continuous operation for 40 years and are near the end of their useful life. Such upgrading will ensure the continued safety of the public and Laboratory employees and increase the operational safety, reliability and security of essential activities. Increased safety, reliability, and security are critical to the continued operation of the Laboratory's Stockpile Stewardship Programs and other national defense programs.

The Special Nuclear Materials Laboratory (SNML) Project was authorized (88-D-105) to replace the CMR Building at Los Alamos National Laboratory. In FY 1990, the project was put on hold pending a substantive review of the project including other potential options for providing the necessary specialized Laboratory space. As the planned completion date of the SNML continued to be pushed back, it became necessary to provide interim upgrades to CMR to allow its safe and reliable use in the interim period; \$6,250,000 was reprogrammed (91-R-14, executed in FY 1992) from the SNML line item to Project 90-D-102, Nuclear Weapons Research, Development and Testing Facilities Revitalization, Phase III (WRD&T Revit., 3), subproject CMR Upgrades (Phase 1). Later in FY 1991, it was decided not to proceed with the construction of SNML but provide interim upgrades, to CMR (Phase 1) and to identify further upgrades based on safety and risk assessment, for continued long-term operations. The result of these safety and risk assessments is an Interim Safety Analysis Report (ISAR). The findings of the ISAR are the basis for the scope of CMR Upgrades Phases 2 and 3, which were combined with Phase 1 to produce this stand alone line item in FY 1995.

The ISAR includes an analysis of risks associated with natural phenomena design basis accidents, current operations, and comparison to criteria (6430.1A). The ISAR was utilized as the basis to identify and prioritize upgrades that would be required to continue operations in a safe, secure, and reliable manner for at least the next 20 years.

CMR Phase 1 Upgrade

Phase 1 was formerly part of WRD&T Revit, 3 with a TEC of \$49,500,000. Based upon the 1995 baseline change proposal and the completion of the CDR, the TEC changed to \$51,600,000 and completion date changed from 3rd Qtr. FY 1996 to 3rd Qtr. FY 1998.

Phase 1 of this project consists of required and urgent capital equipment replacements and upgrades in the CMR Building. Individual tasks were initially identified by a panel commissioned by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

III-3.109

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	
Construction Funded	

Military Application (DASMA) in July 1990, as the minimum essential effort required to maintain operations in the CMR Building while a Safety Analysis Report (SAR) was prepared.

* The FY 1998 funds for Phase 1 will be used to complete Phase 1 construction activities. Most Phase 1 construction
* activities will be substantially completed 3rd Qtr. FY 1997.

The equipment replacements and upgrades included:

- **Continuous Air Monitor (CAM) Installations**

Install a new CAM system in the Wings 3, 5, 7, and 9 laboratories. Upgrades include installation of CAMs, Fixed head Air Samplers (FAS), and glovebox hand monitors as required by DOE Order 5480.11 and AR 3-7. Remote monitoring capabilities at the Health Physics office and a data logging system are also included. Existing vacuum systems in Wings 3, 5, and 7 will be utilized while the vacuum system in Wing 9 will be expanded. This project is complete.

- **HVAC Blowers and Motors**

* Replace existing laboratory exhaust fans in the CMR Building and provide vibration analysis for approximately twenty exhaust fans in the CMR Building. Immediate needs are to replace the 200 HP exhaust fans on the first floor of the filter towers in Wings 3, 5, and 7. Other exhaust fans may require replacement contingent on the scope of the Phase 2 Confinement Zone Separation upgrade. This subproject is 97 percent complete.

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

- **Electrical Upgrades**

The Distribution Analysis and Power Planning Evaluation and Reporting (DAPPER) software will be used for analysis, calculations, and record drawings for all electrical upgrades. Provisions to incorporate a future facility computer monitoring and limited control system will be provided as part of the Electrical Upgrades.

* **Exterior Electrical Upgrades:** Replace inadequately sized exterior sectionalizing switches, eliminate existing exterior single point failures, modify exterior underground electrical system to allow switching and maintenance functions, upgrade existing controls and correct deficiencies to the existing administration wing, and Wings 1, 3, 4, and 9 substations. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion 3rd Qtr. FY 1997.

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

III-3.110

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

Substations Upgrade: Replace substations in Wings 2, 5, and 7. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion 2nd Qtr. FY 1997.

Wing Electrical Upgrades: Upgrade the interior low voltage power distribution system for all wings except 2 and 4 in the CMR Building. This includes the replacement of power and lighting panel boards, laboratory power panel boards, bus ways, motor control centers, replacement of all obsolete branch and feeder wiring systems, rewiring of laboratories, and upgrading the emergency and exit lighting systems. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion 2nd Qtr. FY 1997.

Electrical Upgrades to Support Safe Standby, Wings 2 and 4: Upgrade the interior low voltage power distribution system in Wings 2 and 4, which is necessary for safety systems. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion 4th Qtr. FY 1998.

Spinal Corridor Cable Tray: Provide a cable tray system in the attic spinal corridor. This portion of Electrical Upgrades was completed 1st Qtr. FY 1996.

Grounding and Lightning Protection: Upgrade the CMR Building grounding and lightning protection systems. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion 1st Qtr. FY 1997.

- **Stack Monitors Upgrade**

Provide a stack effluent monitoring system for the CMR Building that is in compliance with DOE and EPA requirements. Each stack will be evaluated to determine the type of monitoring required. Each stack system will be stand alone, consisting of in-line samplers, CAMS, vacuum pumps, and associated tubing, wiring, and signal processing equipment. This upgrade also includes a data collection system from all of the stack CAM's to the CMR operations room and the ES&H operations room. The stack effluent monitoring will be in compliance with 40 CFR 61 and DOE Order 6430.1A. This subproject is currently estimated to be 97 percent complete.

- **Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) Installation**

This Upgrade is in support of the Stack Monitors Upgrade. There will be one UPS supporting the stack monitoring data collection computer systems. The UPS will be capable of providing backup power to the stack effluent monitoring systems for a 4 hour period. This subproject is 99 percent complete.

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	
Construction Funded	

- **Duct Modification**

* **Backdraft Dampers:** Provide positive shutoff intake backdraft dampers in the supply air ductwork in Wings 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 9. This subproject is 92 percent complete.

* **Duct Washdown Upgrade:** Upgrade the existing exhaust duct washdown system in Wings 3, 5, and 7. This includes replacement of piping, valves, and spray heads and installation of new flow measurement devices. This portion of the Duct Modifications is scheduled for completion 4th Qtr. FY 1996.

- **Sanitary Sewer Upgrades**

* This subproject was completed 3rd Quarter of FY 1994.

- **Acid Vents and Drains Upgrades**

* Aging piping and a lack of gradient in the acid drain system in the basement of the CMR Building has led to corrosion and clogging of the system. This upgrade includes evaluation and documentation of the existing system, prioritization of the system deficiencies, and cost estimates to correct each deficiency for Wings 3, 5, and 7. Construction will include replacement of piping and components including threaded nipples, fittings, valves, flanged fittings, and gaskets with compatible new components. Remaining system replacement will be incorporated in Phase 2. This subproject is scheduled for completion 4th Qtr. FY 1998.

- **Fire Hazard Analysis (Formerly Fire Protection Upgrades)**

* A Fire Hazard Analysis (FHA) on the CMR Building will be completed in accordance with DOE Order 5480.7A. A cost benefit analysis will be performed on the results of the FHA and the existing National Fire Protection Act (NFPA) 101 analysis to prioritize deficiencies. Identified required upgrades will be done as part of Phase 2. This subproject was completed during the 2nd Qtr. FY 1996.

- **Safety Analysis Report**

* Perform a complete safety analysis for the CMR Building operations. Activities include analysis, documentation, and review. Complete an Interim Safety Analysis Report (ISAR) to aid in determining the basis for long term upgrades for the CMR Building. Produce a Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR) to define the safety envelope and the authorization basis for the operation of the CMR Building. The FSAR is to be produced in accordance with DOE Order 5480.23, and related standards for Nuclear Facility Safety Analysis Reports. This was completed 4th Qtr. FY 1995.

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	2a. Project No.: 95-D-102
	2b.
Construction Funded	

- **Engineering Assessments/CDR/EA**

* Engineering Assessment--This project was completed 2nd Qtr. FY 1996.

* Phase 1 funding includes the development of the CDR for those items that have been identified and prioritized as a result of the Interim Safety Analysis Report (ISAR). They are comprised of those upgrade items that are required to extend the operational life of the facility for at least another 20 years based upon safety and compliance for present and future operations. The original CDR was completed during the 3rd Qtr. FY 1995; the Supplemental CDR effort is scheduled for completion 1st Qtr. FY 1997.

* An environmental assessment, including all aspects of Phase 2, has been prepared based upon the conceptual design report. This EA assessed the environmental impact of construction as represented by the Phase 2 scope of work.

* Approval is scheduled for 2nd Qtr. FY 1997.

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a. LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded	

9. Detail of Cost Estimate

	<u>Item Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
a. Design Phase.		\$ 43,667
(1) Preliminary and Final Design costs, (Design, Drawings, and Specifications)		\$ 33,667
(2) Design Management costs @ 29.7% of (a)		10,000
b. Construction Phase		
111,814		
1. Land and Land Rights		0
2. Buildings & Improvements to Land		77,640
3. Specialized Equipment		4,174
4. Other (major utilities/comp items,specialized facilities, etc.)		0
5. Removal cost less salvage		0
6. Inspection,design and project liaison, testing, checkout and acceptance		10,000
7. Construction Management @ 21.8% of (b)		20,000
c. Contingencies at approximately 12 percent of above costs		<u>18,619</u>
1. Design Phase		8,619
2. Construction Phase		10,000
d. Total line item cost (Section 11.a.1.(a))		
\$174,100		
e. LESS: Non-Agency contribution (Define in Section 12).		
<u>0</u>		
f. Total Agency Requirement (TEC)		
<u>\$174,100</u>		

10. Method of Performance

Procurement will be accomplished under fixed-price subcontracts awarded on the basis of competitive bidding.
Consideration will be given to cost-plus-fixed fee on decontamination and refurbishment work on the CMR. Upgrades

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	
Construction Funded	

construction will be done by fixed price contractors and the Laboratory's support services subcontractor. The operating contractor and contracted Architect-Engineers will perform construction inspection.

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	
Construction Funded	

11. Schedule of Project Funding and Other Related Funding Requirements

	Prior Years FY 1999	FY 1997 Outyear	FY 1998 Total		
a. Total project costs (Agency Requirements)					
1. Total facility costs					
(a) Design (Section 9.a & Section 9.c.1))		\$ 52,286	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 52,286					
(b) Construction (Section 9.b & Section 9.c.2)		\$ 58,500	\$ 21,000	\$ 12,300	\$ 13,000 \$ 17,014
\$121,814					
(c) Plant, Engineering and Design (PE&D)	0	0	0	0	0
(d) Operating expense funded equipment.		0	0	0	0
0					
(e) Inventories	0	0	0	0	0
Total facility costs (Federal and Non-Federal) . . .	\$ 110,786	\$ 21,000	\$ 12,300	\$ 13,000	\$ 17,014 \$174,100
2. Other project costs					
(a) R&D necessary to complete project		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 0					
(b) Conceptual design costs		0	0	0	0
0					
(c) Decontamination & Decommissioning (D&D)		0	0	0	0
0					
(d) NEPA documentation costs	0	0	0	0	0
(e) Other ES&H costs	0	0	0	0	0
(f) . . Other project related costs (Define in Section 12)		8,545	2,423	3,500	5,000 30,067
49,535					
(g) Total other project costs		\$ 8,545	\$ 2,423	\$ 3,500	\$ 5,000 \$ 30,067
\$ 49,535					
Total project costs	\$ 119,331	\$ 23,423	\$ 15,800	\$ 18,000	\$ 47,081 \$223,635
3. LESS: Non-Agency contribution (define Federal vs non-Federal)		0	0	0	0
0					
Agency total project costs (TPC)	\$ 119,332	\$ 23,423	\$ 15,800	\$ 18,000	\$ 47,081 \$223,635
b. Related Lifecycle costs (estimated life of project--40 years; FY 1995 \$)					

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		
1.	Annual facility operating costs (staff, utilities,etc.)	\$ 10,000
2.	Annual facility maintenance/repair costs	2,500
3.	Annual programmatic effort related to facility	30,000
4.	Other Annual Costs (define in Section 12)	1,000
Total related lifecycle costs		\$ <u>46,950</u>

Figure III-3j.2b
Project Data Sheet
(Design and Construction Phase Funded)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Design and
Construction	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a.	2b.
LANL, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	
Construction Funded	

12. Narrative Explanation of Total Project Funding and Other Related Funding Requirements

- a. Total project funding
 - 1. Total facility costs
 - (a) Line item -- Narrative not required.
 - (b) PE&D -- None.
 - (c) Operating expense funded equipment -- Narrative not required.
 - (d) Inventories -- None.
 - 2. Other project costs
 - (a) R&D necessary to complete construction -- No research and development is necessary to establish the specific design and construction features.
 - (b) Conceptual design -- None. Phase 1 line item. b/
 - (c) Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) -- None.
 - (d) NEPA documentation -- None. Phase 1 line item costs include NEPA documentation costs.
 - (e) Other project related costs -- Operational testing and acceptance, including the Operational Readiness Review has been allowed on selected major system upgrades. Training materials, programs, and test/certification will be updated to reflect the change in site operations resulting from selected systems upgrades becoming operational. See also paragraph 17, Environmental Impacts, below.
- b. Related annual costs
 - 1. Annual facility operating costs -- The CMR facility were estimated from the FY 1995 budget requirements for CMR operations.
 - 2. Annual facility maintenance/repair costs -- These are based upon current budget requirements for CMR maintenance.
 - 3. Annual programmatic effort related to facility -- The programmatic effort which relies upon the direct and primary use of the CMR facilities was established at the FY 1992 level-of-effort based on the unique capabilities of handling radioactive materials. This assumes a constant level-of-effort in these programs.
 - 4. Other Annual Costs -- These are anticipated to be approximately \$1,000,000/year based upon current CMR programmatic needs.

b/ CDR and Environmental Assessment costs are carried as part of the Phase 1 Engineering Assessment/Phase 2 Planning Activities and are broken out for clarify.

Figure III-3j.2b
 Project Data Sheet
 (Design and Construction Phase Funded)

III-3.118

13. Design and Construction of Federal Facilities

The total estimated cost of this project includes, where appropriate, the cost of measures necessary to assure compliance with OMB Circular No. A-106, and Executive Order No. 12088, "Federal Compliance with Pollution Control Standards"; Section 19 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, the provisions of Executive Order No. 12196, and the related Safety and Health provisions for Federal Employees (CFR Title 29, Chapter XVII, Part 1960); and the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968." The project will be located in an area not subject to flooding determined in accordance with Executive Order 11988.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FY 1998/FY 1999 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST

(Changes from FY 1998 Congressional Budget Request are denoted with a vertical line in left margin.)

DEFENSE ASSET ACQUISITION
(Tabular dollars in thousands. Narrative material in whole dollars.)

Defense Programs Stockpile Management

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project
2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102	
	Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico	2b.
Construction Funded		

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

- Total estimated cost for Processed Chilled Water, Main Vault, Acid Vents and Drains, and Exhaust Duct Washdown Recycle System Upgrades have been adjusted to reflect completed CDR estimates.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FY 1998/FY 1999 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET REQUEST
(Changes from FY 1997 Congressional Budget Request are denoted with a vertical line in left margin.)

DEFENSE ASSET ACQUISITION
(Tabular dollars in thousands. Narrative material in whole dollars.)

Defense Programs Stockpile Stewardship

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project		
2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102			
	Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico	2b.		
Construction Funded				

		Preliminary Estimate	Title I Baseline	Current Baseline Estimate
3a. Date A-E Work Initiated, (Title I Design Start Scheduled):	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992
3b. A-E Work (Titles I & II) Duration:	52 months	52 months	52 months	52 months
4a. Date physical Construction Starts:	3rd Qtr. FY 1993	3rd Qtr FY 1993	3rd Qtr. FY 1993	3rd Qtr. FY 1993
4b. Date Construction Ends:	3rd Qtr. FY 2002	3rd Qtr FY 2002	3rd Qtr. FY 2002	3rd Qtr. FY 2002

		Preliminary Estimate	Title I Baseline	Current Baseline Estimate ^{a/}
5. Total Estimated Cost (TEC) --	\$174,100	\$174,100	\$174,100	\$174,100
6. Total Project Cost (TPC) --	\$223,635	.	\$223,635	\$223,635

7. <u>Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):</u>				
<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	<u>Costs</u>
1992	\$ 12,000	0	\$ 12,000	\$ 2,757
1993	27,000	0	27,000	5,061
1994	29,750	0	29,750	10,504
1995	28,036	0	28,036	13,363
1996	22,000	0	22,000	14,909
1997	20,000	0	18,000	16,270
1999	13,000	0	13,000	19,080

^{a/}Current Baseline Estimate is the latest baseline which reflects the approved changes to the Title I baseline.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:			CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos	
National	2a.		Project No.: 95-D-102	
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)		2b.	
Construction Funded				
1999	11,000	0	11,500	27,400
2000	6,300	0	6,300	27,000
2001	3,500	0	3,500	20,450
2002	3,014	0	3,014	17,306

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope

The Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR) Building is the largest structure at the Los Alamos National Laboratory (550,000 square feet). Construction of the CMR Building was completed in 1952. Most of the major mechanical and electrical equipment has reached the end of its design life.

Since its construction 40 years ago, the CMR Building has been used for research, development, and analytical work with plutonium, uranium and their alloys, and other materials in support of weapons, nuclear materials, and other Laboratory programs. This work continues to be essential to the nation's weapons program, with the principal activities in the building being in support of the plutonium research, development, and demonstration activities conducted at the Laboratory's Plutonium Handling Facility at TA-55. The activities that are critical to these plutonium operations are:

- Essential daily analytical chemistry and metallurgical services on plutonium and other actinides.
 - Analyses of plutonium metal preparations for the Laboratory's Weapons Research, Development, and Test Programs.
 - Analyses required for development and demonstration of new and improved processing methods for scrap recovery.
 - Analyses required for accountability and verification of material received or shipped and for on-site transfers.
- The CMR Building future role is also essential for support of several major Defense Programs areas which include:
 - Enhanced Safety and Reliability of Nuclear Weapons
 - Lead Technical Laboratory for Pu and U Processing
 - Weapons Dismantlement and Component Storage

The primary purpose of this project is to upgrade facility systems and infrastructure that has been in continuous operation for 40 years and are near the end of their useful life. Such upgrading will ensure the continued safety of the public and Laboratory employees and increase the operational safety, reliability and security of essential activities. Increased safety, reliability, and security are critical to the continued operation of the Laboratory's Stockpile Stewardship Programs and other national defense programs.

The Special Nuclear Materials Laboratory (SNML) Project was authorized (88-D-105) to replace the CMR Building at Los Alamos National Laboratory. In FY 1990, the project was put on hold pending a substantive review of the project including other potential options for providing the necessary specialized Laboratory space. As the planned completion date of the SNML continued to be pushed back, it became necessary to provide interim upgrades to CMR to allow its safe and reliable use in the interim period; \$6,250,000 was reprogrammed (91-R-14, executed in FY 1992) from the SNML line item to Project 90-D-102, Nuclear Weapons Research, Development and Testing Facilities Revitalization, Phase III (WRD&T Revit., 3),

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

subproject CMR Upgrades (Phase 1). Later in FY 1991, it was decided not to proceed with the construction of SNML but provide interim upgrades, to CMR (Phase 1) and to identify further upgrades based on safety and risk assessment, for continued long-term operations. The result of these safety and risk assessments is an Interim Safety Analysis Report (ISAR). The findings of the ISAR are the basis for the scope of CMR Upgrades Phases 2 and 3, which were combined with Phase 1 to produce this stand alone line item in FY 1995.

The ISAR includes an analysis of risks associated with natural phenomena design basis accidents, current operations, and comparison to criteria (6430.1A). The ISAR was utilized as the basis to identify and prioritize upgrades that would be required to continue operations in a safe, secure, and reliable manner for at least the next 20 years.

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

a. CMR Phase 1 Upgrade

	<u>TEC</u>	<u>Previous</u>	<u>FY 1996</u>	<u>FY 1997</u>	<u>FY 1998</u>	<u>Outyear</u>
	<u>Construction Start - Completion Dates</u>					
1998	\$51,600	\$41,800	\$4,800	\$4,400	\$600	\$0 3rd Qtr. FY 1993 - 3rd Qtr. FY

*
*
*

	<u>Previous</u>	<u>FY 1996</u>	<u>FY 1997</u>	<u>FY 1998</u>	<u>FY 1999</u>
Obligations b/	<u>\$41,800</u>	<u>\$4,800</u>	<u>\$4,400</u>	\$600	\$0

Phase 1 was formerly part of WRD&T Revit, 3 with a TEC of \$49,500,000. Based upon the 1995 baseline change proposal and the completion of the CDR, the TEC changed to \$51,600,000 and completion date changed from 3rd Qtr. FY 1996 to 3rd Qtr. FY 1998.

Phase 1 of this project consists of required and urgent capital equipment replacements and upgrades in the CMR Building. Individual tasks were initially identified by a panel commissioned by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for

b/ This obligation profile is added as an explanation of the proposed obligations for this subproject, based on the new full funding initiative. Item 7, Financial Schedule, does not show obligations for individual subprojects.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

Military Application (DASMA) in July 1990, as the minimum essential effort required to maintain operations in the CMR Building while a Safety Analysis Report (SAR) was prepared.

* The FY 1998 funds for Phase 1 will be used to complete Phase 1 construction activities. Most Phase 1 construction
* activities will be substantially completed 3rd Qtr. FY 1997.

The equipment replacements and upgrades included:

- **Continuous Air Monitor (CAM) Installations**

Install a new CAM system in the Wings 3, 5, 7, and 9 laboratories. Upgrades include installation of CAMs, Fixed head Air Samplers (FAS), and glovebox hand monitors as required by DOE Order 5480.11 and AR 3-7. Remote monitoring capabilities at the Health Physics office and a data logging system are also included. Existing vacuum systems in Wings 3, 5, and 7 will be utilized while the vacuum system in Wing 9 will be expanded. This project is complete.

- **HVAC Blowers and Motors**

* Replace existing laboratory exhaust fans in the CMR Building and provide vibration analysis for approximately twenty exhaust fans in the CMR Building. Immediate needs are to replace the 200 HP exhaust fans on the first floor of the filter towers in Wings 3, 5, and 7. Other exhaust fans may require replacement contingent on the scope of the Phase 2 Confinement Zone Separation upgrade. This subproject is 97 percent complete.

- **Electrical Upgrades**

The Distribution Analysis and Power Planning Evaluation and Reporting (DAPPER) software will be used for analysis, calculations, and record drawings for all electrical upgrades. Provisions to incorporate a future facility computer monitoring and limited control system will be provided as part of the Electrical Upgrades.

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

* **Exterior Electrical Upgrades:** Replace inadequately sized exterior sectionalizing switches, eliminate existing exterior single point failures, modify exterior underground electrical system to allow switching and maintenance functions, upgrade existing controls and correct deficiencies to the existing administration wing, and Wings 1, 3, 4, and 9 substations. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion 3rd Qtr. FY 1997.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		
*	Substations Upgrade: Replace substations in Wings 2, 5, and 7. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for	
*	completion 2nd Qtr. FY 1997.	
	Wing Electrical Upgrades: Upgrade the interior low voltage power distribution system for all wings except 2 and 4 in	
	the CMR Building. This includes the replacement of power and lighting panel boards, laboratory power panel boards, bus	
*	ways, motor control centers, replacement of all obsolete branch and feeder wiring systems, rewiring of laboratories,	
*	and upgrading the emergency and exit lighting systems. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion	
	2nd Qtr. FY 1997.	
	Electrical Upgrades to Support Safe Standby, Wings 2 and 4: Upgrade the interior low voltage power distribution system	
*	in Wings 2 and 4, which is necessary for safety systems. This portion of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for	
*	completion 4th Qtr. FY 1998.	
	Spinal Corridor Cable Tray: Provide a cable tray system in the attic spinal corridor. This portion of Electrical	
*	Upgrades was completed 1st Qtr. FY 1996.	
*	Grounding and Lightning Protection: Upgrade the CMR Building grounding and lightning protection systems. This portion	
*	of Electrical Upgrades is scheduled for completion 1st Qtr. FY 1997.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stack Monitors Upgrade 	
	Provide a stack effluent monitoring system for the CMR Building that is in compliance with DOE and EPA requirements.	
	Each stack will be evaluated to determine the type of monitoring required. Each stack system will be stand alone,	
	consisting of in-line samplers, CAMS, vacuum pumps, and associated tubing, wiring, and signal processing equipment.	
	This upgrade also includes a data collection system from all of the stack CAM's to the CMR operations room and the	
*	ES&H operations room. The stack effluent monitoring will be in compliance with 40 CFR 61 and DOE Order 6430.1A.	
	This subproject is currently estimated to be 97 percent complete.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) Installation 	
*	This Upgrade is in support of the Stack Monitors Upgrade. There will be one UPS supporting the stack monitoring	
*	data collection computer systems. The UPS will be capable of providing backup power to the stack effluent	
*	monitoring systems for a 4 hour period. This subproject is 99 percent complete.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Duct Modification 	

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

- * **Backdraft Dampers:** Provide positive shutoff intake backdraft dampers in the supply air ductwork in Wings 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 9. This subproject is 92 percent complete.
- * **Duct Washdown Upgrade:** Upgrade the existing exhaust duct washdown system in Wings 3, 5, and 7. This includes replacement of piping, valves, and spray heads and installation of new flow measurement devices. This portion of the Duct Modifications is scheduled for completion 4th Qtr. FY 1996.
- *

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

- **Sanitary Sewer Upgrades**

* This subproject was completed 3rd Quarter of FY 1994.

- **Acid Vents and Drains Upgrades**

* Aging piping and a lack of gradient in the acid drain system in the basement of the CMR Building has led to corrosion and clogging of the system. This upgrade includes evaluation and documentation of the existing system, prioritization of the system deficiencies, and cost estimates to correct each deficiency for Wings 3, 5, and 7. Construction will include replacement of piping and components including threaded nipples, fittings, valves, flanged fittings, and gaskets with compatible new components. Remaining system replacement will be incorporated in Phase 2. This subproject is scheduled for completion 4th Qtr. FY 1998.

- **Fire Hazard Analysis (Formerly Fire Protection Upgrades)**

* A Fire Hazard Analysis (FHA) on the CMR Building will be completed in accordance with DOE Order 5480.7A. A cost benefit analysis will be performed on the results of the FHA and the existing National Fire Protection Act (NFPA) 101 analysis to prioritize deficiencies. Identified required upgrades will be done as part of Phase 2. This subproject was completed during the 2nd Qtr. FY 1996.

- **Safety Analysis Report**

* Perform a complete safety analysis for the CMR Building operations. Activities include analysis, documentation, and review. Complete an Interim Safety Analysis Report (ISAR) to aid in determining the basis for long term upgrades for the CMR Building. Produce a Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR) to define the safety envelope and the authorization basis for the operation of the CMR Building. The FSAR is to be produced in accordance with DOE Order 5480.23, and related standards for Nuclear Facility Safety Analysis Reports. This was completed 4th Qtr. FY 1995.

- **Engineering Assessments/CDR/EA**

* Engineering Assessment--This project was completed 2nd Qtr. FY 1996.

Phase 1 funding includes the development of the CDR for those items that have been identified and prioritized as a result of the Interim Safety Analysis Report (ISAR). They are comprised of those upgrade items that are required to

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

* extend the operational life of the facility for at least another 20 years based upon safety and compliance for
 * present and future operations. The original CDR was completed during the 3rd Qtr. FY 1995; the Supplemental CDR
 * effort is scheduled for completion 1st Qtr. FY 1997.

* An environmental assessment, including all aspects of Phase 2, has been prepared based upon the conceptual design
 * report. This EA assessed the environmental impact of construction as represented by the Phase 2 scope of work.
 * Approval is scheduled for 2nd Qtr. FY 1997.

Figure III-3j.2c
 Project Data Sheet
 (Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

8. Project Description, Justification and Scope (Continued)

b. CMR Phase 2 Upgrade

The Phase 2 components are needed to maintain infrastructure, improve safety for public and workers, and enhance environmental management.

	<u>TEC</u>	<u>Previous</u>	<u>FY 1996</u>	<u>FY 1997</u>	<u>FY 1998</u>	<u>Outyear</u>
	<u>Construction Start - Completion Dates</u>					
* 2002	\$122,500	\$0	\$6,140	\$10,600	<u>\$105,760</u>	<u>\$0</u> <u>2nd Qtr. FY 1997 - 4th Qtr. FY</u>

	<u>Previous</u>	<u>FY 1996</u>	<u>FY 1997</u>	<u>FY 1998</u>	<u>FY 1999</u>
* * *	<u>Obligations c/</u>				
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$6,140</u>	<u>\$10,600</u>	<u>\$15,100</u>	<u>\$90,660</u>

Based upon completion of the CDR for the Phase 2 and 3 scope, the TEC for this phase is increased from \$85,000,000 to \$122,500,000. The construction start date changed from 2nd Qtr. FY 1996 to 2nd Qtr. FY 1997 and the end date changed from 4th Qtr. FY 2003 to 4th Qtr. FY 2002. (Phase 3 scope, cost, and schedule are contingent upon future programmatic requirements based upon the results of the Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PEIS) and Site Wide Environmental Impact Statement (SWEIS). Therefore, no funds are requested for Phase 3.

* The FY 1998 funds will be used to complete Phase 2 activities.

The additional long term upgrades developed by the Phase 2 CDR process are:

- **Seismic and Tertiary Confinement (Wings 3, 5, 7, and 9)**

* Structural strengthening to meet the seismic criteria for hazard Category 2 operations. Modification of the
* existing exterior structural openings in these wings to create a tertiary confinement barrier. Structural

c/ This obligation profile is added as an explanation of the proposed obligations for this subproject, based on the new full funding initiative. Item 7, Financial Schedule, does not show obligations for individual subprojects.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

- * strengthening of the Administration Wing (which houses the Operations Center) to meet the seismic criteria for
 * worker safety. Hardening of building openings to security requirements which are also being modified for tertiary
 * confinements. These openings include doors, windows, louvers, etc.
- **Ventilation and Confinement Zone Separation (Wings 3, 5, 7, and 9)**
- * Renovate the mechanical systems and the related control systems to replace components that are near the end of their
 * useful lives and to improve confinement zone separation throughout each Wing. Architecturally modifying Wings 3, 5,
 * and 7 to create a secondary confinement barrier. Providing an alarm for each enclosure to alert workers when the
 * mechanical systems are not operating according to safety standards for the facility. Providing a central, chilled
 * water plant to support the mechanical systems' renovations to the building.
- **Standby Power** (Wings 3, 5, 7, and 9)
- * Provide standby electrical power to operate the most important mechanical systems at a reduced level sufficient to
 * maintain negative pressure in the laboratory enclosures. This will reduce possibility of spread of contamination due
 * to the loss of offsite power to the ventilation system.
- **Communications** (Wings 3, 5, 7, and 9)
- * Improve emergency communications systems thereby improving worker safety.
- **Wing 1 (HVAC) Upgrades/Wing 1 Interim Decontamination**
- * Decontaminate the unoccupied, contaminated laboratories in Wing 1, modifying the HVAC exterior intake and exhaust
 * locations for Wing 1 to improve worker health and safety.
- **Operations Center** (Administration Wing)
- * Improve the ergonomics and reliability of the building's central monitoring and control capabilities. Install transfer
 * capability and wiring from the standby power generator to the CMR Operation Center to support all functions or systems
 * required to recover the facility after significant accidents.
- **Process Chilled Water** (Wings 3, 5, and 7)

Figure III-3j.2c
 Project Data Sheet
 (Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

Replace the 2 existing 40 year old evaporative coolers in each Wing with a single refrigeration unit to provide chilled water for process equipment. Also, replace the existing 40 year old process chilled water piping system with a new piping system.

- **Main Vault**

CAMs - Install new Canberra CAMs in the vault, ASM 2000 controllers in the anteroom, and incorporate remote monitoring (similar to Wing CAM systems) to the ES&H office. This upgrade would utilize the generic design established for the Wing CAMs.

- **Acid Vents and Drains (Wings 3, 5, and 7)**

Correct deficiencies not covered in Phase 1 upgrades (Phase 1 addresses major leaks and flanges). Correct area with inadequate slope, replace branches and risers to laboratories as required, and upgrade the ventilation of the system.

*

- **Fire Protection Upgrades (Entire Facility)**

Correct fire protection system deficiencies as identified in the 1992 NFPA 101 analysis, and the Fire Hazard Analysis (to be completed in Phase 1). Deficiencies will be prioritized in a cost benefit analysis which will be completed in Phase 1. Examples of current identified deficiencies are: Add check valves in fire protection risers, add backflow preventors in the sprinkler system, provide fire dampers in duct penetrations, replace fire alarm panels.

- **Exhaust Duct Washdown Recycling System (Wings 3, 5, and 7)**

This recycling system will significantly reduce the waste stream from the facility. The reduction in the waste stream will reduce the demands on the current waste treatment plant.

- **Wings 2 and 4 Safe Standby**

This upgrade includes the costs necessary to establish a safe standby condition for Wings 2 and 4 pending future programmatic use. Included are identification of safety systems required for safe standby deactivation/decontamination of abandoned systems and gloveboxes, removal of all radioactive materials and chemicals, and removal or stabilization of all loose contamination.

- **ES&H Support Activities**

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

* Additional enhanced ES&H support activities based on the lessons learned from Phase 1 are being incorporated. These efforts include waste management, waste minimization, ES&H support, risk analysis, and ES&H equipment including personnel protective equipment.

c. CMR Phase 3 Upgrades

Phase 3 scope, cost, and schedule are contingent upon future programmatic requirements based upon the results of the Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PEIS) and Site Wide Environmental Impact Statement (SWEIS). Therefore, no funds are requested for Phase 3 in FY 1998 and no specific funding has been allocated for the upgrade in the Departments' Five-Year Plan.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:	CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	Project No.: 95-D-102
2a. Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded	

9. Detail of Cost Estimate

	<u>Item Cost</u>	<u>Total Cost</u>
a. Design Phase.		\$ 43,667
(1) Preliminary and Final Design costs, (Design, Drawings, and Specifications) . .	\$ 33,667	
(2) Design Management costs @ 29.7% of (a)	10,000	
b. Construction Phase		
111,814		
1. Land and Land Rights		0
2. Buildings & Improvements to Land	77,640	
3. Specialized Equipment	4,174	
4. Other (major utilities/comp items,specialized facilities, etc.)	0	
5. Removal cost less salvage	0	
6. Inspection,design and project liaison, testing, checkout and acceptance	10,000	
7. Construction Management @ 21.8% of (b)	20,000	
c. Contingencies at approximately 12 percent of above costs		
<u>18,619</u>		
1. Design Phase	8,619	
2. Construction Phase	10,000	
d. Total line item cost (Section 11.a.1.(a))		
\$174,100		
e. LESS: Non-Agency contribution (Define in Section 12).		
<u>0</u>		
f. Total Agency Requirement (TEC)		
<u>\$174,100</u>		

10. Method of Performance

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

Procurement will be accomplished under fixed-price subcontracts awarded on the basis of competitive bidding. Consideration will be given to cost-plus-fixed fee on decontamination and refurbishment work on the CMR. Upgrades construction will be done by fixed price contractors and the Laboratory's support services subcontractor. The operating contractor and contracted Architect-Engineers will perform construction inspection.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

11. Schedule of Project Funding and Other Related Funding Requirements

	Prior Years FY 1999	FY 1997 Outyear	FY 1998 Total		
a. Total project costs (Agency Requirements)					
1. Total facility costs					
(a) Design (Section 9.a & Section 9.c.1))	\$ 52,286	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 52,286					
(b) Construction (Section 9.b & Section 9.c.2)	\$ 58,500	\$ 21,000	\$ 12,300	\$ 13,000	\$ 17,014
\$121,814					
(c) Plant, Engineering and Design (PE&D)	0	0	0	0	0
(d) Operating expense funded equipment.	0	0	0	0	0
0					
(e) Inventories	0	0	0	0	0
Total facility costs (Federal and Non-Federal) . . .	\$ 110,786	\$ 21,000	\$ 12,300	\$ 13,000	\$ 17,014
2. Other project costs					
(a) R&D necessary to complete project	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 0					
(b) Conceptual design costs	0	0	0	0	0
0					
(c) Decontamination & Decommissioning (D&D)	0	0	0	0	0
0					
(d) NEPA documentation costs	0	0	0	0	0
(e) Other ES&H costs	0	0	0	0	0
(f) . . Other project related costs (Define in Section 12)	8,545	2,423	3,500	5,000	30,067
49,535					
(g) Total other project costs	\$ 8,545	\$ 2,423	\$ 3,500	\$ 5,000	\$ 30,067
\$ 49,535					
Total project costs	\$ 119,331	\$ 23,423	\$ 15,800	\$ 18,000	\$ 47,081
3. LESS: Non-Agency contribution (define Federal vs non-Federal)	0	0	0	0	0
0					
Agency total project costs (TPC)	\$ 119,332	\$ 23,423	\$ 15,800	\$ 18,000	\$ 47,081

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		
b. Related Lifecycle costs (estimated life of project--40 years; FY 1995 \$)		
1.	Annual facility operating costs (staff, utilities,etc.)	\$ 10,000
2.	Annual facility maintenance/repair costs	2,500
3.	Annual programmatic effort related to facility	30,000
4.	Other Annual Costs (define in Section 12)	1,000
Total Annual related lifecycle costs		<u>\$ 46,950</u>

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

12. Narrative Explanation of Total Project Funding and Other Related Funding Requirements

- a. Total project funding
 1. Total facility costs
 - (a) Line item -- Narrative not required.
 - (b) PE&D -- None.
 - (c) Operating expense funded equipment -- Narrative not required.
 - (d) Inventories -- None.
 2. Other project costs
 - (a) R&D necessary to complete construction -- No research and development is necessary to establish the specific design and construction features.
 - (b) Conceptual design -- None. Phase 1 line item. d/
 - (c) Decontamination and Decommissioning (D&D) -- None.
 - (d) NEPA documentation -- None. Phase 1 line item costs include NEPA documentation costs.
 - (e) Other project related costs -- Operational testing and acceptance, including the Operational Readiness Review has been allowed on selected major system upgrades. Training materials, programs, and test/certification will be updated to reflect the change in site operations resulting from selected systems upgrades becoming operational. See also paragraph 17, Environmental Impacts, below.
- b. Related annual costs
 1. Facility operating costs -- The CMR facility were estimated from the FY 1995 budget requirements for CMR operations.
 2. Facility maintenance and repair costs -- These are based upon current budget requirements for CMR maintenance.
 3. Programmatic operating expenses directly related to the facility -- The programmatic effort which relies upon the direct and primary use of the CMR facilities was established at the FY 1992 level-of-effort based on the unique capabilities of handling radioactive materials. This assumes a constant level-of-effort in these programs.
 4. Capital equipment requirements for programmatic support were estimated at \$1,000,000/year based upon recent trends in CMR programmatic needs.
 5. GPP or other construction related to programmatic effort -- These are anticipated to be approximately \$1,000,000/year based upon current CMR programmatic needs.
 6. Utility costs -- These are estimated at \$2,450,000/year based upon current trends in CMR operations.

d/ CDR and Environmental Assessment costs are carried as part of the Phase 1 Engineering Assessment/Phase 2 Planning Activities and are broken out for clarify.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

7. Other costs -- None anticipated.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

1. Title and Location of Project:		CMR Upgrades Project, Los Alamos
National	2a.	Project No.: 95-D-102
	Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Continued)	2b.
Construction Funded		

13. Design and Construction of Federal Facilities

The total estimated cost of this project includes, where appropriate, the cost of measures necessary to assure compliance with OMB Circular No. A-106, and Executive Order No. 12088, "Federal Compliance with Pollution Control Standards"; Section 19 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, the provisions of Executive Order No. 12196, and the related Safety and Health provisions for Federal Employees (CFR Title 29, Chapter XVII, Part 1960); and the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968." The project will be located in an area not subject to flooding determined in accordance with Executive Order 11988.

Figure III-3j.2c
Project Data Sheet
(Design & Construction with Advance Appropriation Funding)

4. **SUPPLEMENTARY JUSTIFICATIONS.** The following additional reporting requirements should be submitted along with the primary justification materials to the Office of Budget by the due date specified in the FYBY OMB Call. Each organization is responsible for determining which of the additional reporting requirements it needs to submit. This section also includes backup data requirements for budget briefings and internal Departmental oversight. Questions regarding any of the supplemental justification materials should be directed to the designated point of contact indicated in the POC Matrix provided in the front of this chapter.
- a. Special Exhibits for Power Marketing. These exhibits are:
- (1) **Transmission System Map (PMA).** A map showing the parameters of the transmission system will be included in the OMB justification in the format shown in Figure III-4a.1.
 - (2) **Revenues and Receipts.** A summary of revenues and receipts for the fiscal years PY, CY, BY through BY+ 3 should be prepared using the format shown in Figure III-4a.2. Please note that the Gross Revenues minus Net Billing Amount should equal Total Proprietary Receipts.
 - (3) **Systems Statistics.** Statistics of the power systems will be presented in the format shown in Figure III-4a.3. Those stub entries which are not applicable to the organization preparing the exhibit need not be included in the array.
 - (4) **Power Marketed, Wheeled, or Exchanged by Project.** The power marketed, wheeled, or exchanged exhibit should be prepared in the format shown in Figure III-4a.4.
 - (5) **Pending Litigation.** A table showing the litigation involving each power marketing organization will be prepared in the format shown in Figure III-4a.5. This exhibit must be prepared even though no litigation is pending.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
19BY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
TRANSMISSION SYSTEM MAP (PMA)
ORGANIZATION NAME

Figure III-4a.1
Transmission System Map (PMA)

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

REVENUES AND RECEIPTS
(Dollars in Thousands)

<u>PMA name</u>	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>	<u>FYBY+1</u>	<u>FYBY+2</u>	<u>FYBY+3</u>
Gross Revenues	\$100,000	\$150,000	\$200,000	\$210,000	\$220,000	\$230,000
Sale & transmission of electric energy (Site 1)	\$ 70,000	\$ 100,000	\$120,000	\$130,000	\$140,000	\$150,000
Sale & transmission of electric energy (Site 2)	\$ 30,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000
etc (as applicable)						
Net billing amount credited as an offsetting receipt	-10,000	-20,000	-25,000	-25,000	-25,000	-25,000
Total Proprietary Receipts	\$ 90,000	\$130,000	\$175,000	\$185,000	\$195,000	\$205,000
Percent of sales to preference customers	39%	38%	37%	37%	37%	36%
Energy sales and Power marketed (in billions of kilowatt hours)	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5

Figure III-4a.2
Revenues and Receipts

III-4.3

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
19BY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
SYSTEMS STATISTICS

ORGANIZATION TITLE
(In thousands of dollars)

	19PY Actual	19CY Estimate	19BY Estimate
<u>Generating Capacity:</u>			
Installed Capacity (KW)	7,600,000	7,000,000	8,100,000
Leasing Capacity (KW)	----	----	----
Peak Capacity (KW)	8,000,000	8,500,000	8,520,000
<u>Generating Stations:</u>			
Generating Projects (No.)	12	12	12
Substations/Switchyards (No.) <u>a/</u>	270	265	265
Substation/Switchyards (KVA Capacity)	17,000,000	17,100,000	17,200,000
<u>Available Energy:</u>			
Energy Generated (Megawatt-Hours)	29,000,000	29,600,000	29,250,000
Energy Purchased (Megawatt-Hours)	6,000,000	6,100,000	6,500,000
Energy Available for Marketing (Megawatt-Hours)	35,000,000	35,700,000	35,750,000
<u>Transmission Lines (Circuit Miles):</u>			
800 KV	----	----	----
500 KV	94	94	94
345 KV	900	1,100	1,200
230 KV	6,000	6,000	6,300
161 KV	1,100	1,015	1,015
138 KV	300	300	300
115 KV	6,000	5,600	5,600
49 KV and Below	1,100	1,100	1,100
Total Circuit Miles	15,394	15,209	15,609

Figure III-4a.3
Systems Statistics

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
19BY OMB BUDGET REQUEST

POWER MARKETED, WHEELED OR EXCHANGED BY PROJECT

ORGANIZATIONAL TITLE

<u>Project</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>No. Of Plants</u>	<u>Installed Capacity (KW)</u>	<u>19PY Actual 1/ Power (GHW)</u>	<u>19CY Estimated 1/ Power (GHW)</u>	<u>19BY Estimated 1/ Power (GHW)</u>
<u>Power Marketed</u>						
Eklutna	Alaska	1	20,000	193	157	159
Snettisham	Alaska	1	47,200	75	92	101
Total, Power Marketed		<u>2</u>	<u>67,200</u>	<u>268</u>	<u>249</u>	<u>260</u>
<u>Power Wheeled and Exchanged</u>						
Eklutna	Alaska	1		28	40	40
Total, Power Wheeled and Exchanged		<u>1</u>		<u>28</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>40</u>

1/ Represents power delivered to customer in designated state.

Figure III-4a.4
Power Marketed, Wheeled, or Exchanged by Project

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
19BY OMB BUDGET REQUEST

PENDING LITIGATION

ORGANIZATION TITLE

Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. v. Harris, No. XXXX-XX (D.D.C.; filed June 10, 1968) seeks declaratory and injunctive relief from the application of annual \$1.6 million rate schedule transmission charge for service furnished plaintiff under contract. Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgement was granted by the District Court March 8, 1970. On April 18, 1971, the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia reversed that decision, and remanded the case for resolution of issues of fact. Rehearing was denied December 16, 1974. (See Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. v. Harris, XXX XXXX XXXX (D.C. 1974)). Plaintiff's Application for a Writ of Certiorari to the Supreme Court was denied November 16, 1975. On September 25, 1977, the District Court, following oral argument, dissolved the March 8, 1970 injunction and ordered plaintiff to begin immediate payment of the transmission charge and of one-half of the charges accrued since 1968. Formulation of an Order fixing trial issues and appointing a Special Master to take evidence is pending.

- Each Power Marketing Administration must complete this figure.
- If no pending litigation, tort action or contract claims actions are in process, enter the title of the figure and type "NONE" in the center of the page.

Figure III-4a.5
Pending Litigation

III-4.6

- b. Energy Information Administration (EIA) Support Cost Estimates. House Report No. 98-886, which accompanied the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act for 1985, established a requirement for the Department to specifically identify the amounts transferred to the Energy Information Administration (EIA) in support of other agencies and programs together with a description of that support. Therefore, Program Offices receiving support must complete the schedule shown on Figure III-4b and submit directly to the EIA Budget Staff, room 2H-055, on the same date draft budgets are due to the Office of Budget). This date must be met to allow EIA adequate time to incorporate this information into their budget. Questions on this requirement should be directed to EI-22 (see the Point of Contact Matrix provided at the front of this chapter).

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
SUMMARY OF SUPPORT FOR
ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

(dollars in thousands)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	FYBY <u>Enacted</u>	FYCY Requested <u>/Enacted</u>	FYBY <u>Requested</u>
----------------	------------------------	--------------------------------------	--------------------------

Total	_____	_____	_____
-------	-------	-------	-------

Narrative: Provide a brief explanation of the support to be provided by EIA.

Dollar amounts should not include any funds provided by EIA in carrying out the activities.

Figure III-4b
EIA Support Summary

- c. **Facilities Summary (Interior Programs).** The Interior Appropriations Subcommittee has requested that Interior funded DOE programs submit a Facilities Summary that lists and describes the facilities where their program activities are conducted. Programs not funded by the Interior and Related Agencies bill do not have to provide this report. Questions on this matter should be directed to the appropriate point of contact indicated in the POC Matrix in the front of this chapter.
- (1) **Definition of a Facility.** For the purposes of this summary, a facility is defined as structural space containing pertinent equipment which is dedicated to a program or a process. It is not merely an investment in capital equipment. A facility may be either government-owned or contractor-owned. For example, the equipment, installed in the High Temperature Materials Laboratory (HTML), by itself would not constitute a facility. However, the HTML, including its equipment, is a facility. Conversely, the Oak Ridge National Laboratory at which the HTML is co-located, would not be a facility. National labs are not facilities, but portions of them may be.
- (2) **Format.** The exhibit Figure III-4c shows the requested format. To the extent possible this format should be used. A new sheet should be used for each decision unit, with the name of the decision unit typed under the heading (e.g., Building and Community Systems or Surface Coal Gasification). A brief explanation for each element on the exhibit follows:
- (3) **Explanation of Elements in the Exhibit:**
- (a) Facility: provide the complete name (e.g., LaPorte Liquid Phase Methanol PDU)
 - (b) Description/Capability: describe the facility, its purpose, scale (e.g., bench, proof- of-concept), status (e.g., in operation, mothballed) and capability (e.g., 100 tons/day).
 - (c) Location: City and State and if located at a national lab or ETC, include that also.
 - (d) Ownership/Title Vested in: list under each heading the appropriate portion(s) of the facility and the land upon which it is built. For example: "DOE owns equipment only/site owned by Air Products." If there are any funds set aside by the Department or anyone else for mothballing, dismantlement, disposal or termination liability, the amount should be shown in parenthesis in tenths of millions under the appropriate heading.

- (e) Investment through FYPY: provide the amount invested, both R&D and capital, by Government and Industry.
- (f) Funding Support Estimate: provide an estimate of the same information for FYCY, and FYBY.

Department of Energy
FYBY OMB Budget Request
Facilities Summary

Appropriation Title
Organization Title
Decision Unit Title

Facility	Description	Location	Ownership-Title Vested In		Investment through FYPY (\$M)		Funding Support Estimate			
	FYCY						FYBY			
	Capability		Gov't Agency	Other	R&D	Capital	R&D	Capital	R&D	Capital
							Indus/Gov't	Indus/Gov't	Indus/Gov't	Indus/Gov't

Figure III-4c
INT Facility Summary

- d. Economic Regulatory Administration Major Program Budget Summary. Senate Report 98-578, which accompanied the FY 1985 Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, established a requirement for the Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) to provide a schedule showing funding, FTEs and major accomplishments for fiscal years PY, CY and BY for each major program division. A sample format of a schedule previously submitted to the Subcommittee staff is shown in Figure III-4d. ERA should prepare this schedule for submission with each year's Congressional budget request. Questions on this matter should be directed to the Conservation, Administration and Regulation Team (CR-14), see the POC Matrix for the designated point of contact name and phone number.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
ECONOMIC REGULATION
(dollars in thousands)

APPROPRIATIONS/FTE'S/ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Economic Regulatory Administration

THE DATA IN THIS EXAMPLE IS FROM THE FY 1991 BUDGET REQUEST. A COMPARABLE SCHEDULE IS TO BE PREPARED FOR THE FYBY BUDGET.

<u>Compliance</u>	<u>FYPY</u>	<u>FYCY</u>	<u>FYBY</u>
o Appropriation	\$12,511	\$11,674	\$10,316
o Full-time Equivalents	128	108	99
o Major Refiner PRO's Issued	1	0	0
o Other PRO's Issued	3	1	0
o Negotiated Settlements (Cases)	49	25-40	25-40
o Administrative Litigation (Cases at start of FY)	93	60	30-35
o Judicial Litigation (Cases at start of FY)	111	81	70-75
o Monitor Remedial and Consent Orders	283	215	175
<u>Program Administration</u>			
o Appropriation	\$712	\$761	\$676
o Full-time Equivalents	10	9	8
Total Appropriation	\$13,223	\$12,435	\$10,992
Total Full-time Equivalents	138	117	107

Figure III-4d
ERA Major Program Budget Summary

- e. Natural Gas Program. This reporting requirement is to be prepared by Fossil Energy. The Department has been directed by the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Subcommittee staff to include a natural gas program crosscut. Figure III-4e is the format to be used in completing the data for the PY, CY and BY. The Energy Research contact (Ralph De Lorenzo) and the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy contact (Fred Glatstein) should provide input to the lead organization Fossil Energy, (Charles Roy) by the date specified in the FYBY Call. Questions should be directed to the point of contact contained in the Point of Contact Matrix provided at the front of this chapter.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
NATURAL GAS R&D PROGRAM CROSSCUT
Requested vs. Appropriated for FYPY-FYBY
(Dollars in millions)

PROGRAM SECTORS	TOTAL DOE			TOTAL FE			TOTAL CE			TOTAL ER		
	FYPY	FYCY	FYBY	FYPY	FYCY	FYBY	FYPY	FYCY	FYBY	FYPY	FYCY	FYBY
Resource and Extraction Appropriated Requested * Conventional Appropriated Requested * Unconventional Appropriated Requested * Enviro/Long Range Res. Appropriated Requested * Other Appropriated Requested												
Delivery and Storage Appropriated Requested												
Utilization Appropriated Requested * Combustion Systems Appropriated Requested * Heat Pumps (heating & cooling) Appropriated Requested * Gas Turbines Appropriated Requested * Natural Gas Vehicles Appropriated Requested * Fuel Cells Appropriated Requested * Gas-to-Liquids Appropriated Requested * Other Appropriated Requested												
Environ. and Regulatory Impact Appropriated Requested												
Total Appropriated Requested												

Figure III-4e
Natural Gas Program Crosscut

- f. Estimate of Proprietary Receipts. All organizations with proprietary receipts must submit a receipts estimate for each receipt account for FYPY through FYBY+ 3. Receipt/Collection data for FYPY should agree with the actuals shown by Departmental Accounting and the Department of Treasury. The OMB receipt estimate should be the best estimate through year-end for the FYPY, FYCY, and FYBY.
- g. Staffing Guidance. The Staffing Management Branch (HR-61) will be provide in the OMB Call. Programs with questions or problems with staffing level control numbers should immediately notify HR-61.
- h. Historically Black Colleges and Universities. Executive Order 12677 requires Federal agencies to submit an estimate of funding to Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCU) in conjunction with OMB budget submissions. The Department needs to identify the amount of funding intended for HBCUs. The format to be used in presenting these data is provided in Figure III-4i. Each organization is requested to complete this schedule to the extent possible and provide a point of contact who can clarify questions concerning the data. Organizations with no funding for HBCUs in any of the three budget years should submit a negative response. A copy of all responses should be submitted both to the Office of Economic Impact and Diversity (ED-1) and the Office of Budget with other OMB Budget submission materials. ED will prepare a consolidated estimate for the Department based on program estimates submitted in response to this request. Questions concerning HBCU should be directed to the Office of Economic Impact and Diversity.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET SUBMISSION
ESTIMATES FOR HISTORICALLY BLACK
COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES
ORGANIZATION
(Dollars in thousands)

<u>Appropriation/Decision Unit</u>	<u>Name of HBCU (if known)</u>	<u>FYPY BA</u>	<u>FYCY BA</u>	<u>FYBY BA Request</u>
ESR&D				
1.Solar	University X	\$	\$	\$
	College Y	_____	_____	_____
Subtotal, Solar		----	----	----
2.(Decision Unit #2)	(to be determined)	\$	\$	\$
		_____	_____	_____
Subtotal, Decision Unit #2		----	----	----
Subtotal, ESR&D, Appropriation		\$	\$	\$
Total, A/S for		\$_____	\$_____	\$_____

Comments:

Program Contact:

Name: _____

Telephone: _____

Figure III-4h
Estimates for Historically Black
Colleges and Universities

- i. Administrative Support Costs. House Report 102-116 accompanying the FY 1992 Department of Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill requires programs that are assessed for administrative expenses (i.e., computer timesharing and other housekeeping functions) to separately identify those costs in their budget submissions. This requirement applies to the Economic Regulatory Administration, Energy Information Administration, the Office of Hearing and Appeals, and the Interior funded portion of the Office of Intelligence and National Security (IS). These costs should be identified in Part III of the program Performance Summary. Questions regarding this requirement should be directed to the Conservation, Administration and Regulation Team (CR-14). See the Point of Contact Matrix provided at the front of this chapter for point of contact name and phone number.
- j. Carryover Balances. As a reminder, Assistant Secretary/Directors of Program Organizations are responsible for ensuring that all carryover balances have been reviewed and used, as appropriate, as potential funding sources to offset new budget authority requirements in their OMB Budget Submission. Carryover balances are the total of unobligated and uncoded balances carried over into the budget year.
- k. Naval Petroleum & Oil Shale Reserve Production/Revenue Report. The Production/Revenue report is to be submitted with the Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserve Summary Submission materials. Provide the assumptions used to support the revenues in the report.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
FYBY OMB BUDGET SUBMISSION
NAVAL PETROLEUM AND OIL SHALE RESERVES
PROJECTED FEDERAL REVENUES
(Dollars in Thousands)

Date: _____

Level: _____

	FYFY			FYCY			FYBY		
	Production	Price	Revenues	Production	Price	Revenues	Production	Price	Revenues
NPR-1									
Crude Oil (BOPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Natural Gas (MCFPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Liquid Products (GPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Miscellaneous			\$			\$			\$
Subtotal, NPR-1			\$			\$			\$
NPR-3									
Crude Oil (BOPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Liquid Products (GPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Subtotal, NPR-3			\$			\$			\$
NAVAL OIL SHALE RESERVES									
Natural Gas (MCFPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
TOTAL NPOS			\$			\$			\$

	FYBY+ 1			FYBY+ 2			FYBY+ 3		
	Production	Price	Revenues	Production	Price	Revenues	Production	Price	Revenues
NPR-1									
Crude Oil (BOPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Natural Gas (MCFPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Liquid Products (GPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Miscellaneous			\$			\$			\$
Subtotal, NPR-1			\$			\$			\$
NPR-3									
Crude Oil (BOPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Liquid Products (GPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
Subtotal, NPR-3			\$			\$			\$
NAVAL OIL SHALE RESERVES									
Natural Gas (MCFPD)		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
TOTAL NPOS			\$			\$			\$

Figure III-4k
Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserve Production/Revenue Report

- I. Secretary's Reportable Problems under Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act (FMFIA). Schedules of the budget estimates for correcting the Secretary's FMFIA Reportable Problems should be submitted with the Department's budget request. The primary purpose of these schedules is to ensure that the Department has linked the budget to its Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act (FMFIA) process and has requested sufficient resources to address needed corrective actions identified through the Department's Management Control Program and reported in the Secretary's FY 1995 FMFIA Report to the President and the Congress.
 - (1) Headquarters Organizations that are responsible for implementing the corrective actions must develop budget schedules to document the funding needed. Schedules should include applicable funding data related to (a) program size, where applicable and (b) the management investment needed to correct each Secretarial FMFIA reportable problem as described in detailed action plans contained in the Secretary's FY 1995 FMFIA Report to the President. As indicated in several of the reportable problems, the program size data may be provided by CR and the cognizant offices will need only to provide the management funding data.
 - (2) For purposes of identifying the areas of the budget to include in the FMFIA Reportable Problems schedules, the following definitions are to be used:
 - (a) **Environmental Compliance.** The program size is defined as the environmental liability associated with EM's baseline environmental management report and will be by CR in the financial statements. The management investment is defined as the entire EM budget except funding related to WIPP.
 - (b) **Safety and Health.** The program size will be defined by EH using data from the Department's consolidated safety and health 5-year plan. The management investment is defined as that portion of EH's budget related to nuclear and nonnuclear safety oversight and policy development.
 - (c) **Nuclear Waste Storage and Disposal.** The program size is defined as RW's total estimated cost for establishing a permanent waste disposal repository and EM's total estimated cost related to making WIPP operational. The management investment is defined as RW's entire budget and that portion of EM's budget related to WIPP.

- (d) **Contract/Project Management.** The program size will be identified by the Assistant Secretary for Human Resources and Administration as the total cost of the Department's legally binding contractual agreements with M&O contractors, ERMCS, and management integrating contractors. The management investment is defined as that portion of HR's budget that relates to conducting contract administration and FM's portion of the budget that relates to implementing project management initiatives and performing the Business Management Oversight Process.
- (e) **Strategic Petroleum Reserve.** The program size is defined as the value of the petroleum reserves included in the Department's financial statements and will be provided by CR. The management investment is defined as the cost of decommissioning the Weeks Island Mine and relocating inventory to other storage facilities and degasifying and cooling other storage caverns at Bayou Choctaw, Big Hill, Bryan Mound, and West Hackberry.
- (f) **Material Inventory Management.** The program size will be defined by CR as the book value of the Department's nuclear and nonnuclear materials as provided in the Department's financial statements. The management investment is defined as MD's entire budget, that portion of PO's budget that relates to asset sales, that portion of EM's budget that relates to the Material Inventory project, that portion of NN's and CR's budget that relates to managing inventory systems, such as the Nuclear Materials Management and Safeguards System (NMMSS) and the Department's Inventory Management System (DIMS), and those portions of DP's and NE's budgets that relate to achieving the proper storage and disposition of excess nuclear and nonnuclear materials.
- (g) **Property Controls.** The program size will be defined by CR as the total value of the Department's personal property included in the financial statements. The management investment is defined as that portion of HR's budget that relates to issuing improved personal property management policy as a Final Rule in the Federal Register and conducting validations of contractor self-assessments and for cause reviews of personal property as part of the Business Management Oversight Process.

- (h) **Infrastructure.** The program size will be defined by CR as the total value of the Department's infrastructure (nonnuclear buildings, utilities, other structures, roads, railroads, bridges, dams, and warehouses) included in the financial statements. The management investment is defined as that portion of FM's budget that relates to establishing a Department-wide infrastructure replacement plan.
 - (i) **Inadequate Audit Coverage.** The program size is defined as the entire IG budget and that portion of HR's budget related to contracting audit services. The management investment is defined as that portion of the IG's budget that relates to performing M&O contractor audits at an acceptable level under the New Cooperative Audit Strategy and that portion of HR's budget that relates to ensuring that the cognizant audit agency performs audits of non-M&O contractors.
 - (j) **Quality Assurance.** The program size is not applicable to this reportable problem. The management investment is defined as that portion of the EH budget related to the prevention and detection of substandard and counterfeit products supplied by vendors.
 - (k) **Workforce Skills Analysis.** The program size and management investment are not applicable for this reportable problem.
- (3) The format shown in Figure III-4m should be used to prepare the FMFIA Reportable Problems supplementary schedules. Questions related to the FMFIA Reportable Problems should be directed to the Office of Compliance and Audit Liaison.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 FYBY OMB BUDGET REQUEST
 SCHEDULE OF CORRECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FMFIA REPORTABLE PROBLEMS
 (In Thousands of Dollars)

FMFIA Reportable Problem:_____

Departmental Element:_____

Point of Contact:_____

ACCOUNTS

89X0200.91 (Example)
89X0220.40 (Example)

Total

FYPY Actual BA		FYCY Estimate		FYBY Estimate	
Program Size	Management Investment	Program Size	Management Investment	Program Size	Management Investment

Figure III-4l
 FMFIA Reportable Problems

- * m. Planning and Budgeting for the Acquisition of Capital Assets. The Office of
* Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11 Part 3, Planning, Budgeting and
* Acquisition of Capital Assets requires all agencies fully fund each useful segment (or
* module) of a capital asset acquisitions through regular or advance appropriations (DOE
* will request Advance Appropriations) and submit this information with their annual
* OMB budget request each September.

* OMB A-11 requests “phased funding” or funding by project stages if the asset can be
* divided into more than one useful segment. For example, a construction project could
* first receive funding for the planning stage and later receive advance appropriation
* funding for the construction stage. Agencies are required to provide the following
* information related to the acquisition of capital assets as part of their initial budget
* submissions:

- * (1) Exhibit 300A, Impact of Full Funding of Capital Assets requires information on
* projects funded incrementally. Section A of the 300A reflects budget authority
* necessary under incremental funding. These numbers should match the sum of
* appropriations and adjustment columns on the funding schedule of the project
* data sheet.

* Section B of the 300A should reflect the budget authority being requested
* through Advance Appropriations in FYBY. The budget authority should be split
* by year based upon when it is proposed the money comes available. If an
* advance appropriation is being requested for an entire outstanding TEC, Section
* B should look just like section A.

* If the requested Advance Appropriation would fund only a segment of the project
* (funding one or more economically viable phases of the project to completion)
* then Section B should only reflect this portion of the funding, with any future
* advance appropriations being reflected in the unfunded amounts column. See
* Figure III-4m.1 for the content and format of the information requested from the
* program offices.

- * (2) OMB A-11 also requires that the Department report on all major acquisition that
* require special management attention because of their importance to agency
* mission. This information includes a summary of spending for project stages;
* justification and other information; and cost, schedule, and performance goals.
* The Department is required to submit a preliminary performance report with the
* OMB budget submission and a final report after yearend closing in the format
* provided at Figure III-4m.2 for all line item construction projects meeting the
* criteria as provided below.

- * (3) For FY 1999, OMB has established the reporting threshold to be for all new and
* existing line item construction funded Plant & Capital Equipment (PACE)

* projects with a Total Estimated Cost (TEC) greater than or equal to \$20 million
 * for which new budget authority is requested in FY 1999 or for which the
 * uncosted balances are equal to or greater than \$10 million as of September 30,
 * 1997. A preliminary performance report based upon FY 1997 third quarter data
 * (June 30, 1997) project through the end of FY 1997 will be submitted to OMB
 * with the Department's budget request. The final report will be submitted after
 * yearend closing but no later than January 31. A preliminary list of projects
 * meeting the above criteria was provided to the field and Headquarters Program
 * Offices for preparation of a performance report (Figure III-4m.2) and for
 * submission to the Office of Budget no later than August 15, 1997. Projects that
 * meet the above threshold that were not provided by the August 15, 1997, due
 * date should be submitted with the program's budget submission. The
 * instructions and format of the report are provided at Figure III-4m.2.

(4) Major Definitions:

(a) *Capital Assets*: Spending for capital assets includes construction, major
 rehabilitation, and the purchase of major items, such as land, buildings, or
 equipment, including information technology owned by the Federal
 Government.

(b) *Full Funding* means that appropriations—regular annual appropriations or
 advance appropriations—are enacted that are sufficient in total to complete
 a useful segment of a capital project before any obligations may be incurred
 for that segment. Full funding for an entire capital project is required if the
 project cannot be divided into more than one useful segment. If the asset
 can be divided into more than one useful segment, full funding is desirable,
 but is not required to constitute full funding.

(c) *Incremental Funding* means that appropriations—regular appropriations or
 advance appropriations—are enacted for just part of a useful segment of a
 capital project, if the project has useful segments, or for a part of the capital
 project as a whole, if it is not divisible into useful segments. Incremental
 funding a capital asset, in which funds could be obligated to start the
 segment (or project) despite the fact that they are insufficient to complete a
 useful segment or project, is not permitted under Circular A-11.

(5) Questions regarding the preparation of these reports should be direct to
 the cognizant point of contact matrix in the front of this chapter.

IMPACT OF FULL FUNDING OF CAPITAL ASSETS

(Report all new and ongoing incrementally funded capital assets)

Agency: Department of Energy

Appropriation Account Number/Title: _____

Program Office: _____

(Budget authority in thousands)

PY= Prior Year

CY= Current Year

BY= Budget Year

	PY	CY	BY	BY+ 1	BY+ 2	BY+ 3	BY+ 4	BY+ 5 and Beyond	Total Unfunded
--	----	----	----	-------	-------	-------	-------	------------------------	-------------------

PART I: NEW Projects/Capital/Assets Funded Beginning in BY or Later

A. Annual incremental amounts of budget authority for new projects/capital assets:

Project No.1.....	na	na	100	100	100	100	100	0	400
Project No.2.....	na	na	300	200	200	200	100	0	700
Project No.3.....	na	na							
Etc.....	na	na							
Total.....	na	na							

B. FYBY Advance Appropriation funding for new projects/capital assets:

Project No.1.....	na	na	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
Project No.2.....	na	na	300	100	100	0	0	0	500
Project No.3.....	na	na							
Etc.....	na	na							
Total.....	na	na							

Project No. 1. Example above shows a new \$500,000 project funded incrementally (I.A.) and (I.B.) advance appropriation are requested in BY to fully fund the entire outstanding TEC. Project No. 2. Example above shows a new \$1,000,000 project funded incrementally (I.A.) and (I.B.) advance appropriation requested in BY only to fund a segment or phase of the project. Future advance appropriations (for the balance of TEC) reflected in the unfunded amounts column.

PART II: PAST Projects/Capital/Assets Funded Beginning in CY or Earlier

A. Annual incremental amounts of budget authority for past projects/capital assets:

Project No.1.....	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	30
Project No.2.....	20	20	10	10	10	10	10		40
Project No.3.....									
Etc.....									
Total.....									

B. FYBY Advance Appropriation funding for past projects/capital assets:

Project No.1.....	na	na	10	10	10	10	0	0	0
Project No.2.....	na	na	10	5	5			0	70
Project No.3.....	na	na							
Etc.....	na	na							
Total.....	na	na							

Project No. 1. Example above shows an ongoing project (whose total cost is \$60,000 with \$40,000 still to be funded in BY and beyond) funded incrementally (II.A.) And (I.B.) advance appropriation are requested in BY to fully fund the entire outstanding TEC. Project No. 2. Example above shows an ongoing project (whose total cost is \$100,000 with \$60,000 still to be funded in BY and Beyond) funded incrementally (I.A.) and (I.B.) advance appropriation are requested in BY only fund a segment of the project. Future advance appropriations (for the balance of the TEC) reflected in the unfunded amounts column.

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

Instructions. The OMB A-11 Project Status Report provides project performance reporting. The data will be consistent with the project data sheet (PDS) and performance management systems used to track the Department's construction projects. To assist in completing the performance report, three examples are provided (Figures III-4m.2b through Figures III-4m.2d) that represent various phases a project may be funded.

The OMB A-11 report provides the following baseline information: Preliminary Baseline Estimate, Title I Design Baseline, and Current Baseline. These baselines are based upon the projects Total Estimated Cost (TEC). **Do not use The Total Project Cost (TPC) to baseline projects.** The Preliminary baseline is established when construction project funds are requested based on the conceptual design report and will be reported throughout the life of project. The Title I Design Baseline (TEC) represents the official baseline for the project. It is established after completion of Title I Design work and will be used during the life of the project to comply with annual performance reporting requirements contained in FASA Title V, and OMB A-11, Part III, Planning, Budgeting, and Acquisition of Capital Assets. The Current Baseline represents the Department's latest approved baseline.

General baseline requirements and guidance is found DOE Order 430.1, Life Cycle Asset Management and Good Practices Guides, PMG-01, Project Management Overview, and PMG-09, Baseline Change Control. Program specific baseline thresholds and authorities are found in the Joint Program Direction on Project Management guidance issued January 1996.

1. Title and Location of Project. This information will be the same as item 1 reported on the project data sheet.
- 2.a. Project No. This information will be the same as item 2.a. reported on the project data sheet.
- 3.a. Date A-E Work Initiated, (Title I Design Start Scheduled). This information will be the same as item 3.a. reported on the project data sheet.
- 3.b. A-E Work (Title I & II) Duration. This information will be the same as item 3.b. reported on the project data sheet.
- 4.a. Date Physical Construction Starts. This information will be the same as item 4.a. reported on the project data sheet.
5. Total Estimated Cost (TEC). This information will be the same as item 5 reported on the project data sheet.
6. Total Project Cost (TPC). This information will be the same as item 6 reported on the project data sheet.
7. Financial Schedule. This information will be the same as reported on the project data sheet. The financial schedule should start with the initial year of funding the project through BY + 5 and beyond.
8. Project Description. Use applicable parts of item 8 as reported on the project data sheet for project description.

9. Performance Measurement System Description. Give a description of the performance based system used to monitor achievement or deviation from baselines during the life cycle of the project. An “earned value” system that calculates cost and schedule variances may be used when available, also an equivalent system may also be described and used.
10. Previous Baselines. Identify previous cost, schedule, and performance baselines, if any (each previous baseline must be identified separately).

[NOTE: The baseline for requesting capital funding (based on the conceptual design report) is a Preliminary baseline. The baseline for performance reporting is not established until after completing Title I Design which will be the performance baseline used to measure and report to OMB and comply with OMB A-11. The initial Title I Design baseline and all subsequent baselines approved will be provided under the "Current Baseline" section].

PERFORMANCE REPORTING

11. Project Technical Baseline Goals. Include relevant parts of item 8 (to include subprojects if appropriate) reported on the project data sheet to discuss technical baseline goals.

Current Performance: Based on outputs from the performance based management system described above, identify any deviation from the technical performance baseline (progress to date).

Performance Variance: If any deviation exists, discuss and explain why.

Performance Measurement

12. Cost Baseline Goals. Based on outputs from the performance based management system described in 9 above, identify whether current total estimated cost at completion is 10% or more above the baseline goals.

The cost baseline is the same as item 5 (TEC) Title I Baseline from the project data sheet. The following footnote will be included for the Current Estimate. “The Current Estimate is the estimate to complete that reflects progress to date, but is not a change to the baseline.”

Corrective Action. Identify corrective actions that have been taken or are needed to complete the project. Also identify the impact on the final TEC, schedule, and performance goals.

13. Schedule Baseline Goals. Based on outputs from the performance based management system described in 9 above, identify whether the current forecasted completion date for the project is 10% or more past the baseline schedule completion date. If so, discuss and explain why.

The schedule baseline is the same as item 3 Title I Baseline from the project data sheet. The following footnote will be included for the Current Estimate. “The Current Estimate is the estimate to complete that reflects progress to date, but is not a change to the baseline.”

Corrective Actions. Identify corrective actions that have been taken or are needed to complete the project.

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

1. Title CMR Upgrades Project, Title I & II Design 2.a. Project No.: 95-D-102
 Location Los Alamos National Laboratory,
 Los Alamos, New Mexico

 Preliminary Title I Baseline Current
 Baselinea/
 3.a. Date A-E Work Initiated,
 (Title I Design Start Scheduled): 1st Qtr. FY 1992
 3.b. A-E Work (Titles I & II) Duration: 52 months
 4.a. Date physical Construction Starts:
 4.b. Date Construction Ends:

 Preliminary Title I
 Baseline Current Baseline
 5. Total Estimated Cost (TEC) -- \$174,100
 6. Total Project Cost (TPC) -- \$223,635

7.a. Design Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	<u>Costs</u>
1992	\$ 12,000	0	\$ 12,000	
\$ 8,120				
1993	15,000	0	15,000	
15,050				
1994	15,250	0	15,250	
17,300				
1995	10,036	0	10,036	
10,816				
1996	0	0	0	
2,000				

8. Project Description

The Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR) Building is the largest structure at the Los Alamos National Laboratory (550,000 square feet). Construction of the CMR Building was completed in 1952. Most of the major mechanical and electrical equipment has reached the end of its design life.

a/ Current Baseline reflects the latest approved baseline; performance data provided on an annual basis reflects variances, not approved baseline change.

Figure III-4m.2b
 OMB A-11 Project Status Report
 Title I & II Design

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

Since its construction 40 years ago, the CMR Building has been used for research, development, and analytical work with plutonium, uranium and their alloys, and other materials in support of weapons, nuclear materials, and other Laboratory programs. This work continues to be essential to the nation's weapons program, with the principal activities in the building being in support of the plutonium research, development, and demonstration activities conducted at the Laboratory's Plutonium Handling Facility at TA-55. The activities that are critical to these plutonium operations are:

- Essential daily analytical chemistry and metallurgical services on plutonium and other actinides.
 - Analyses of plutonium metal preparations for the Laboratory's Weapons Research, Development, and Test Programs.
 - Analyses required for development and demonstration of new and improved processing methods for scrap recovery.
 - Analyses required for accountability and verification of material received or shipped and for on-site transfers.
- The CMR Building future role is also essential for support of several major Defense Programs areas which include:
 - Enhanced Safety and Reliability of Nuclear Weapons
 - Lead Technical Laboratory for Pu and U Processing
 - Weapons Dismantlement and Component Storage

The primary purpose of this project is to upgrade facility systems and infrastructure that has been in continuous operation for 40 years and are near the end of their useful life. Such upgrading will ensure the continued safety of the public and Laboratory employees and increase the operational safety, reliability and security of essential activities. Increased safety, reliability, and security are critical to the continued operation of the Laboratory's Stockpile Stewardship Programs and other national defense programs.

9. Performance Measurement System Description - The CMR Upgrades is using a performance-based system to monitor achievement of, or deviation from, established cost and schedule goals. Actual work accomplished is compared monthly to planned work which has been time-phased over the established schedule duration. Actual costs are collected from the Laboratory's Financial Management Information System (FMIS) and then compared to both the planned work and the earned progress to determine performance against cost and schedule goals. Variance analyses are conducted and case, impact, and corrective action determined whenever a deviation occurs.

The project scope was derived from the Conceptual Design Report and baselined, using risk analysis, into a logical Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) that provides for the proper level of visibility into each sub-element of the project. There are 333 separate work packages for the project.

10. Previous Baselines - None

PERFORMANCE REPORTING

11. PROJECT TECHNICAL BASELINE GOALS

The components of the project are needed to maintain infrastructure, improve safety for public and workers, and enhance environmental management. These goals include:

Figure III-4m.2b
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Title I & II Design

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

<u>Subproject</u>	<u>Performance Measure</u>
Seismic & Tertiary Confinement	Structural strengthening to meet the seismic criteria for hazard Category 2 operations. Hardening of building openings to security requirements which are also being modified for tertiary confinements.
Ventilation & Confinement Zone Separation	Renovate the mechanical systems and the related control systems to replace components that are near the end of their useful lives and to improve confinement zone separation throughout each wing.
Standby Power	Provide standby electrical power to operate the most important mechanical systems at a reduced level sufficient to maintain negative pressure in the laboratory enclosures.

Figure III-4m.2b
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Title I & II Design

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

Current Performance:

Unchanged from the Title I Design Baseline.

Performance Measurement
Corrective

<u>Actions</u>	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Current Estimates b/</u>	<u>Variances</u>
12. COST BASELINE GOALS			
TOTAL ESTIMATE COST	52,286		
13. SCHEDULE BASELINE GOALS- Design Only			
Start	1st Qtr 92		
Complete	2nd Qtr 96		

b/ Current Estimate is the estimate to complete that reflects progress to date, but is not a change to the baseline.

Figure III-4m.2b
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Title I & II Design

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

1. Title: CMR Upgrades Project, Design and Construction
 No.: 95-D-102
 Location: Los Alamos National Laboratory,
 Los Alamos, New Mexico

2.a. Project

	Preliminary	Title I Baseline	
Current Baseline ^{a/}			
3.a. Date A-E Work Initiated, (Title I Design Start Scheduled):	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st
Qtr. FY 1992			
3.b. A-E Work (Titles I & II) Duration:	52 months	52 months	52
months			
4.a. Date physical Construction Starts:	3rd Qtr. FY 1993	3rd Qtr FY 1993	3rd
Qtr. FY 1993			
4.b. Date Construction Ends:	3rd Qtr. FY 2002	3rd Qtr FY 2002	3rd
Qtr. FY 2002			

	Preliminary	Title I
Baseline Current Baseline		
5. Total Estimated Cost (TEC) --	\$174,100	\$174,100
\$174,100		
6. Total Project Cost (TPC) --	\$223,635	
\$223,635		

7.a. Design Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Costs</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>
1992	\$ 12,000	0	\$ 12,000
\$ 8,120			
1993	15,000	0	15,000
15,050			
1994	15,250	0	15,250
17,300			
1995	10,036	0	10,036
10,816			
1996	0	0	0
2,000			

^{a/} Current Baseline reflects the latest approved baseline; performance data provided on an annual basis reflects variances, not approved baseline change.

Figure III-4m2.c
 OMB A-11 Project Status Report
 Design and Construction Phase Funded

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

7.b. Construction Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>
<u>Costs</u>			
1993	12,000	0	12,000
8,500			
1994	14,500	0	14,500
14,000			
1995	18,000	0	18,000
15,500			
1996	22,000	0	22,000
20,500			
1997	20,000	0	20,000
21,000			
1998	15,000	0	15,000
12,300			
1999	12,500	0	12,500
13,000			
2000	7,814	0	7,814
6,800			
2001	0	0	0
6,000			
2002	0	0	0
4,214			

8. Project Description

The Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR) Building is the largest structure at the Los Alamos National Laboratory (550,000 square feet). Construction of the CMR Building was completed in 1952. Most of the major mechanical and electrical equipment has reached the end of its design life.

Since its construction 40 years ago, the CMR Building has been used for research, development, and analytical work with plutonium, uranium and their alloys, and other materials in support of weapons, nuclear materials, and other Laboratory programs. This work continues to be essential to the nation's weapons program, with the principal activities in the building being in support of the plutonium research, development, and demonstration activities conducted at the Laboratory's Plutonium Handling Facility at TA-55. The activities that are critical to these plutonium operations are:

- Essential daily analytical chemistry and metallurgical services on plutonium and other actinides.
 - Analyses of plutonium metal preparations for the Laboratory's Weapons Research, Development, and Test Programs.
 - Analyses required for development and demonstration of new and improved processing methods for scrap recovery.
 - Analyses required for accountability and verification of material received or shipped and for on-site transfers.
- The CMR Building future role is also essential for support of several major Defense Programs areas which include:
 - Enhanced Safety and Reliability of Nuclear Weapons

Figure III-4m2.c
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Design and Construction Phase Funded

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

- Lead Technical Laboratory for Pu and U Processing
- Weapons Dismantlement and Component Storage

The primary purpose of this project is to upgrade facility systems and infrastructure that has been in continuous operation for 40 years and are near the end of their useful life. Such upgrading will ensure the continued safety of the public and Laboratory employees and increase the operational safety, reliability and security of essential activities. Increased safety, reliability, and security are critical to the continued operation of the Laboratory's Stockpile Stewardship Programs and other national defense programs.

9. Performance Measurement System Description - The CMR Upgrades is using a performance-based system to monitor achievement of, or deviation from, established cost and schedule goals. Actual work accomplished is compared monthly to planned work which has been time-phased over the established schedule duration. Actual costs are collected from the Laboratory's Financial Management Information System (FMIS) and then compared to both the planned work and the earned progress to determine performance against cost and schedule goals. Variance analyses are conducted and case, impact, and corrective action determined whenever a deviation occurs.

The project scope was derived from the Conceptual Design Report and baselined, using risk analysis, into a logical work Breakdown Structure (WBS) that provides for the proper level of visibility into each sub-element of the project. There are 333 separate work packages for the project.

10. Previous Baselines - None

PERFORMANCE REPORTING

11. PROJECT TECHNICAL BASELINE GOALS

The components of the project are needed to maintain infrastructure, improve safety for public and workers, and enhance environmental management. These goals include:

<u>Subproject</u>	<u>Performance Measure</u>
Seismic & Tertiary Confinement	Structural strengthening to meet the seismic criteria for hazard Category 2 operations. Hardening of building openings to security requirements which are also being modified for tertiary confinements.
Ventilation & Confinement Zone Separation	Renovate the mechanical systems and the related control systems to replace components that are near the end of their useful lives and to improve confinement zone separation throughout each wing.
Standby Power	Provide standby electrical power to operate the most important mechanical systems at a reduced level sufficient to maintain negative pressure in the laboratory enclosures.

Current Performance:

Unchanged from the Title I Design Baseline.

Figure III-4m2.c
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Design and Construction Phase Funded

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

Performance Variance: There are no variances in the performance goals.

Performance Measurement
Corrective

<u>Actions</u>	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Current Estimates b/</u>	<u>Variances</u>
12.COST BASELINE GOALS			
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST	174,100	171,800	
Current Status through			
reporting period mm/dd/yy		\$48.9 M	\$ 46.6
-4.7% A			

Expected Cost/Expenditure Status: 48.9 M

Actual Cost/Expenditure Status: 46.6 M as of 9/30/96

Expected - Actual = - 4.7 %
Expected

Corrective Actions

A - Variances requiring corrective actions would be identified above in the rightmost column, with description of the actions to be taken stated in this space.

The project is projecting continued cost management and is forecasting a 1% cost underrun by year's end. The project is on track and the Performance Measurement Baseline established on February 1, 1995 continues as the current estimate.

There were project cost savings for the project totaling \$1.3 M that were realized FY 96. Savings resulted from procurement efficiencies and better than expected productivity. This amount added to the \$1M already identified previously, totals \$2.3 M.

Performance Measurement
Corrective

<u>Actions</u>	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Current Estimates c/</u>	<u>Variances</u>
13. SCHEDULE BASELINE GOALS			
Start		1st Qtr 92	1st Qtr 92
Complete		3rd Qtr 02	4th Qtr 02

b/ Current Estimate is the estimate to complete that reflects progress to date, but is not a change to the baseline.

c/ Current Estimate is the estimate to complete that reflects progress to date, but is not a change to the baseline.

Figure III-4m2.c
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Design and Construction Phase Funded

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

Current Status through			
reporting period mm/dd/yy		37% complete	35.8% complete
3.2 %	None Required		

Expected Percent Complete: 37 % as of 9/30/96

Actual Percent Complete: 35.8 % as of 9/30/96

Expected - Actual = 3.2 % as of 9/30/96
Expected

The project is projecting an improvement to the schedule and is forecasting a 2% overall variance at end of FY 1997. During FY 96 the project experienced a minor setback in the schedule. This delay caused a slippage in the overall schedule of an additional week. The project manager and staff took actions to rearrange the scheduled work to minimize the delay to the overall schedule.

Figure III-4m2.c
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Design and Construction Phase Funded

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

1. Title: CMR Upgrades Project 2.a Project
 No.: 95-D-102
 Location: Los Alamos National Laboratory,
 Los Alamos, New Mexico

	Preliminary	Title I	Baseline
Current Baseline ^a /			
3.a. Date A-E Work Initiated, (Title I Design Start Scheduled):	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992	1st Qtr. FY 1992
3.b. A-E Work (Titles I & II) Duration:	52 months	52 months	
4.a. Date physical Construction Starts:	3rd Qtr. FY 1993	3rd Qtr FY 1993	3rd Qtr. FY 1993
4.b. Date Construction Ends:	3rd Qtr. FY 2002	3rd Qtr FY 2002	3rd Qtr. FY 2002

	Preliminary	Title I
Baseline		
5. Total Estimated Cost (TEC) --	\$174,100	\$174,100
6. Total Project Cost (TPC) --	\$223,635	

7. Financial Schedule (Federal Funds):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Obligations</u>
<u>Costs</u>			
1992	12,000	0	12,000
2,757			
1993	27,000	0	27,000
5,061			
1994	29,750	0	29,750
10,504			
1995	28,036	0	28,036
13,363			
1996	22,000	0	22,000
14,909			
1997	20,000	0	18,000
16,270			
1998	13,000	0	13,000
19,080			

^a/ Current Baseline reflects the latest approved baseline; performance data provided on an annual basis reflects variances, not approved baseline change.

Figure III-4m.2d
 OMB A-11 Project Status Report
 Design & Construction Project Fully Funded Advance Appropriations

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

1999	11,500	0	11,500
27,400			
2000	6,300	0	6,300
27,000			
2001	3,500	0	3,500
20,450			
2002	3,014	0	3,014
17,306			

8. Project Description

The Chemistry and Metallurgy Research (CMR) Building is the largest structure at the Los Alamos National Laboratory (550,000 square feet). Construction of the CMR Building was completed in 1952. Most of the major mechanical and electrical equipment has reached the end of its design life.

Since its construction 40 years ago, the CMR Building has been used for research, development, and analytical work with plutonium, uranium and their alloys, and other materials in support of weapons, nuclear materials, and other Laboratory programs. This work continues to be essential to the nation's weapons program, with the principal activities in the building being in support of the plutonium research, development, and demonstration activities conducted at the Laboratory's Plutonium Handling Facility at TA-55. The activities that are critical to these plutonium operations are:

Figure III-4m.2d
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Design & Construction Project Fully Funded Advance Appropriations

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

- Essential daily analytical chemistry and metallurgical services on plutonium and other actinides.
 - Analyses of plutonium metal preparations for the Laboratory's Weapons Research, Development, and Test Programs.
 - Analyses required for development and demonstration of new and improved processing methods for scrap recovery.
 - Analyses required for accountability and verification of material received or shipped and for on-site transfers.
- The CMR Building future role is also essential for support of several major Defense Programs areas which include:
 - Enhanced Safety and Reliability of Nuclear Weapons
 - Lead Technical Laboratory for Pu and U Processing
 - Weapons Dismantlement and Component Storage

The primary purpose of this project is to upgrade facility systems and infrastructure that has been in continuous operation for 40 years and are near the end of their useful life. Such upgrading will ensure the continued safety of the public and Laboratory employees and increase the operational safety, reliability and security of essential activities. Increased safety, reliability, and security are critical to the continued operation of the Laboratory's Stockpile Stewardship Programs and other national defense programs.

9. Performance Measurement System Description - The CMR Upgrades is using a performance-based system to monitor achievement of, or deviation from, established cost and schedule goals. Actual work accomplished is compared monthly to planned work which has been time-phased over the established schedule duration. Actual costs are collected from the Laboratory's Financial Management Information System (FMIS) and then compared to both the planned work and the earned progress to determine performance against cost and schedule goals. Variance analyses are conducted and case, impact, and corrective action determined whenever a deviation occurs.

The project scope was derived from the Conceptual Design Report and baselined, using risk analysis, into a logical WORK Breakdown Structure (WBS) that provides for the proper level of visibility into each sub-element of the project. There are 333 separate work packages for the project.

10. Previous Baselines

The CMR upgrades project started as a phased project, initially authorized in FY 1993 as part of the Nuclear Weapons Research, Development and Testing Facilities Revitalization line item (90-D-102) with a total estimated cost of \$49.5 million and completion date of fourth quarter 1996. Phase I was separated from 90-D-102 in the Department's FY 1995 budget request and a new three phase line item (95-D-102) was created exclusively to deal with CMR. The total estimated cost of this three phase project was \$194.75 million. Phase 3 was subsequently deleted in DOE's FY 1997 budget and the total estimated cost dropped to the current figure of \$174.1 million. The completion date for the two phase project was set as the fourth quarter of FY 2002.

Figure III-4m.2d
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Design & Construction Project Fully Funded Advance Appropriations

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

PERFORMANCE REPORTING

11. PROJECT TECHNICAL BASELINE GOALS

The components of the project are needed to maintain infrastructure, improve safety for public and workers, and enhance environmental management. These goals include:

<u>Subproject</u>	<u>Performance Measure</u>
Seismic & Tertiary Confinement	Structural strengthening to meet the seismic criteria for hazard Category 2 operations. Hardening of building openings to security requirements which are also being modified for tertiary confinements.
Ventilation & Confinement Zone Separation	Renovate the mechanical systems and the related control systems to replace components that are near the end of their useful lives and to improve confinement zone separation throughout each wing.
Standby Power	Provide standby electrical power to operate the most important mechanical systems at a reduced level sufficient to maintain negative pressure in the laboratory enclosures.

Current Performance:

Unchanged from the Title I Design Baseline.

Performance Variance: There are no variances in the performance goals.

Corrective

Actions

12. COST BASELINE GOALS

	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Current Estimates b/</u>	<u>Variances</u>
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST	174,100	171,800	
Current Status through reporting period mm/dd/yy	\$48.9 M	\$ 46.6	-4.7%

A

Expected Cost/Expenditure Status: 48.9 M

Actual Cost/Expenditure Status: 46.6 M as of 9/30/96

Expected - Actual = - 4.7 %
Expected

Corrective Actions

b/Current Estimate is the estimate to complete that reflects progress to date, but is not a change to the baseline.

Figure III-4m.2d
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
Design & Construction Project Fully Funded Advance Appropriations

OMB A-11 PROJECT STATUS REPORT

A - Variances requiring corrective actions would be identified above in the rightmost column, with description of the actions to be taken stated in this space.

The project is projecting continued cost management and is forecasting a 1% cost underrun by year's end. The project is on track and the Performance Measurement Baseline established on February 1, 1995 continues as the current estimate.

There were project cost savings for the project totaling \$1.3 M that were realized FY 96. Savings resulted from procurement efficiencies and better than expected productivity. This amount added to the \$1M already identified previously, totals \$2.3 M.

Corrective		<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Current Estimates c/</u>	<u>Variances</u>	
<u>Actions</u>					
13. SCHEDULE BASELINE GOALS					
Start		1st Qtr 92	1st Qtr 92		
Complete		3rd Qtr 02	4th Qtr 02		
Current Status through					
reporting period mm/dd/yy		37% complete	35.8% complete	3.2 %	None
Required					
Expected Percent Complete: 37 % as of 9/30/96					
Actual Percent Complete: 35.8 % as of 9/30/96					
<u>Expected - Actual</u> = 3.2 % as of 9/30/96					
Expected					

The project is projecting an improvement to the schedule and is forecasting a 2% overall variance at end of FY 1997. During FY 96 the project experienced a minor setback in the schedule. This delay caused a slippage in the overall schedule of an additional week. The project manager and staff took actions to rearrange the scheduled work to minimize the delay to the overall schedule.

c/Current Estimate is the estimate to complete that reflects progress to date, but is not a change to the baseline.

Figure III-4m.2d
OMB A-11 Project Status Report
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- n. Program Funding by Contractor and Location System. All organizations should update their Program Funding by Contractor and Location System (PFCLS) data to reflect final Secretarial decisions. The current PFCLS software and the FYBY OMB database files have been distributed to all organizations via diskette. Your FYCY Congressional Budget submission was used to initialize the FY 19PY and FY 19CY program funding estimates. The FYBY program funding fields were initialized with zero. The FYPY data should be updated to reflect any changes. The FYCY data should be updated to reflect the President's Amended Budget, and the FYBY fields should be input to reflect final Secretarial decisions. A diskette backup of your database files and a PFCLS report should be submitted with your budget submission.
- (1) Listings of valid contractors, cities, states, field offices, and labs/plants/or other installations were distributed with the PFCLS diskette. New contractors and new cities can be added as needed.
 - (2) Each organization is requested to identify their program funding estimates by the contractor most likely to perform the work. The FEDEX contractor should be used to identify all Federal Salaries and Expenses. The location should include the lab/plant/installation responsible for the work and the city, state, and congressional district where the work will actually be performed. Washington Headquarters should not be used as a holder for funds that will be expended at other sites. All funds must be distributed to the location that has the highest likelihood of receiving the funds.
 - (3) The PFCLS system permits the input of program funding dollars by expense type (i.e., operating expense - OE, capital equipment - CE, accelerator improvement projects - AI, general plant projects - GP, and line item construction - LI). The only required expense types are OE and LI. The others (CE, AI, and GP) are other related operating expenses and may be coded as OE. It is recommended, however, that all expense types be used to more accurately identify funding estimates.
 - (4) The threshold for identifying specific contractors is \$5 million for Energy and Water Appropriations, and \$1 million for Interior Appropriations. Contracts of less than \$5 million and \$1 million respectively may continue to be grouped together. Even though funding for a particular contract activity is below these thresholds, the state, congressional district and other items of information need to be provided to the extent known. **All anticipated program funding at national labs must be identified regardless of the amount.**
- o. Rental Payments for Space and Land (Section 15.7). The Office of Project and Fixed Asset Management (FM-20) will prepare and submit the Department's

Work Space Management Plan and Budget Justification Report to OMB and GSA based on budget data provided by DOE Field and Headquarters organizations. This report satisfies OMB Circular A-11, Section 15.7 requirements for reporting total rent amounts. Program organizations need to include funding for their portion of projected rental payments and ensure individual object class schedules are in agreement with field estimates used to develop the Department's rent report. Operations Offices were instructed to provide copies of their rental submissions directly to sponsoring Headquarters organizations. Questions concerning rent can be directed to the cognizant point of contact for GSA Rent.

- p. Grants (Section 15.8 - Additional Information). Section 15.8 of OMB Circular A-11 requires agencies having Federal formula grants programs to state or local governments to report information on the obligations for FYPY through FYBY.

- (1) During the second quarter of each fiscal year, OMB requests final information for all formula grant programs that total \$50 million or more that are a part of the Administration's budget.
- (2) Program Organizations with grant programs that meet the above criteria should submit their Grant Obligations by State data to the Office of Budget. The Office of Budget will verify that OMB's request has been fulfilled and then transfer the information to OMB where it will be included in the *Budget Information for States Report*.

- q. Motor Vehicles.

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- (1) As a reminder, section 12.5(b) of OMB Circular A-11, requires that the Department is committed to comply with the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (EPACT), which mandates that, subject to some conditions and exemptions, 75 percent of vehicles acquired by Federal agencies in FY 1999 should be alternative-fueled vehicles (AFVs).
- (2) Section 15.9 of OMB Circular A-11 requires the submission of a report specifying budget authority and outlay data on the acquisition, operation, maintenance, leasing and disposal of motor vehicles. The Office of Contract & Resource Management (HR-53) has separately requested the data needed to respond to this OMB request. These data will be used to prepare the Department's report and will be submitted with the budget. Motor vehicles must be specifically identified in budget justifications and appropriation language. Questions concerning this matter should be referred to HR-53.

- r. Receipt Estimates (Section 11). The current OMB Circular A-11 requires that all organizations with proprietary receipts submit a receipts estimate for each

receipt account for fiscal years BY through BY+ 4. Because of the importance of these offsetting collections, OMB will closely examine these estimated amounts. Receipt amounts differing from those in the control table must be reported to the Budget Formulation Branch, Office of Budget, before the last week in August. Receipt estimates should reflect the latest mid-session economic assumptions and be developed in accordance with the provisions of Section 12.6 of OMB Circular A-11.

- s. Financial Management Activities (Section 40). Section 40 of OMB Circular A-11 requires all agencies covered under the Chief Financial Officers (CFO) Act of 1990 to report information on financial management activities. The Office of Departmental Accounting and Financial Systems, Special Accounts and Payroll Division (CR-43) is responsible for collecting and consolidating financial management data for this report. Questions regarding this report should be directed to the cognizant point of contact indicated at the beginning of Attachment F.
- t. Research and Development Information (Section 25.3(b)). Requirements for additional information on research and development programs have been integrated into MAX Schedule C.

5. **CROSSCUT DOCUMENTS.** Crosscut data is generally prepared at the specific request of the various subcommittees. Several of these are prepared on a recurring basis and are discussed below. Others are prepared only on a one-time basis to meet a specific and short-term need. These will be identified as the need arises in the call letter. Crosscut analyses will be prepared to consolidate related functions that are being funded within the Department of Energy in several different areas. While these analyses are prepared during previous phases of the budget process, it is necessary to update them to reflect final Presidential allowances. Any questions concerning the preparation and content of these tables should be directed to the appropriate point of contact as indicated in the Point of Contact (POC) Matrix provided at the front of this chapter.

a. **Environment, Safety and Health Crosscut.**

- (1) The ES&H Management Process provides the structured management process and tools that will allow DOE to discern the ES&H aspects of all of its business lines. The ES&H Management Planning Process provides the vehicle by which ES&H priorities can be established and by which budgets for ES&H activities can be developed as an integral part of each activity funded by the Department of Energy. The resultant Plans are the mechanism for communication of these management decisions to budget process stakeholders.
- (2) The review of planned ES&H programs, the integration of ES&H planning into overall program planning, and the analysis of ES&H budget requests is a formal part of the Department's Planning-Based Budget Process. To support this review and budget analysis, Cognizant Secretarial Offices (CSOs) shall submit the following information to CR-13 and the Office of Business Performance Systems (EH-73) of the Departmental Budget submission materials:
 - (a) Proposed ES&H Budgets including those ES&H activities submitted by the field and Operations Offices through the Field Budget Call process, and any Headquarters program ES&H budget information. CSOs shall submit a letter forwarding their FY 1999 OMB ES&H Budget Submission, with an enclosed electronic submission of their funded and unfunded ES&H activities. The preferred format is Activity Data Sheets roll up diskettes produced using the ES&H Management Plan Information System (ES&H MPIS), although other "approved" electronic formats specified below are acceptable. Specific directions on the information system requirements for the ES&H budget data submission are as follows:

- 1 Except where other official reporting mechanisms have been approved, the ES&H Management Plan Information System shall be used to report target level ES&H budgets, i.e., all safety and health activities and environmental activities, whether funded by direct or indirect funds by all Cognizant Secretarial Officers. Activity Data Sheets prepared using the ES&H Management Information System and submitted to the Cognizant Secretarial Officers (CSOs) by the Field through the Operations/ Field Offices shall have been prepared and prioritized in accordance with guidance provided in the ES&H Budget Formulation FY 1999 Guidance, dated January 1997. Activity Data Sheets describing the Headquarters Program ES&H resource requirements of the Cognizant Secretarial Officer (CSO) shall also be prepared using the guidance provided in the ES&H Budget Formulation FY 1999 Guidance.
 - 2 Where a CSO has reached agreement with EH to use other ES&H reporting mechanisms, environment, safety and health funding activity data should be submitted electronically to CR-13 and EH-73 directly from the CSO database that is compatible with DOE's ES&H Management Plan Information System. (Compatibility must have be verified with EH.) To ensure departmental reporting needs can be met, the CSO database must provide data for each of the "required" data fields in the ES&H Management Plan Information System (See the ES&H ADS Instructions in Appendix A of the ES&H Budget Formulation FY 1999 Guidance for the required fields.) Once received electronically, EH will transfer this information into ES&H Activity Data Sheets in the ES&H Management Information System. Any ES&H Activity Data submitted by another reporting mechanism should be prepared and prioritized consistent with the guidance provided in the ES&H Budget Formulation Plan Guidance for FY 1999.
- (b) Where a CSO has reached agreement with EH to use other ES&H reporting mechanisms, environment, safety and health funding activity data should be submitted electronically to CR-13 and EH-73 directly from the CSO database that is compatible with DOE's ES&H Management Plan Information System. (Compatibility must have be verified with EH.). To ensure departmental reporting needs can be met, the CSO database must provide data for each of the "required" data fields in the ES&H Management Plan Information System (See the ES&H ADS

Instructions in Appendix A of the ES&H Budget Formulation FY 1999 Guidance for the required fields.) Once received electronically, EH will transfer this information into ES&H Activity Data Sheets in the ES&H Management Information System. Any ES&H Activity Data submitted by another reporting mechanism should be prepared and prioritized consistent with the guidance provided in the ES&H Budget Formulation Plan Guidance for FY 1999.

- 1 All Cognizant Secretarial Officers (except EM and OCRWM) should ensure their Environment, Safety and Health Management Plan Information System data base is updated to reflect those direct funded activities which are to be funded within the target level.
 - 2 The Office of Environmental Management should revise and update the EM RDS Plan database to reflect target levels for environmental activities/budgets, and safety and health activities/budgets.
 - 3 The Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management should revise and update the OCRWM Budget database to reflect target levels for their environment, safety and health activities/budgets.
 - 4 Landlord CSOs should, in consultation with the appropriate Operations/ Field Office, review the indirect funded activities submitted by their sites to ensure the assumed funded level is consistent with the projected field funding levels. These indirect funded activities should be reflected in the ES&H Management Plan Information System or other approved system.
- (3) Cognizant Secretarial Officers shall submit a letter forwarding their FY 1999 OMB ES&H Budget Submission, with their respective updated ES&H MPIS data base disks or other approved electronic format as an enclosure, to CR, and a copy (with enclosures) directly to EH, by September 4. EH will prepare the Department's OMB ES&H Crosscut submittal based on the contents of the CSO data bases provided.
- (4) Cognizant Secretarial Officers should provide feedback to the Operations Offices concerning target funding levels and any specific impacts of these decisions on ES&H activities/budgets. The Operations Offices should

then work with the operating organizations to ensure their ES&H plans reflect appropriate ES&H work scope.

- (5) The ES&H Crosscut information will be used by CR and EH in reviewing program budget requests to ensure shortfalls in environment, safety and health performance are addressed and limited resources are applied to highest priority improvements and risk management, as well as the development and effective functioning of needed environment, safety and health programs. The ES&H Crosscut information will also be used to prepare required reports to external organizations, specifically the ES&H Crosscuts for the Department's OMB and Congressional Budget Submissions, the annual FEDPLAN (formerly A-106) and OMB Circular A-11 Reports to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and OMB respectively, the annual update to the Waste Minimization and Pollution Prevention Crosscut Plan (to EM), and the ES&H Compliance Liability Section of the Departmental End of Year Financial Statement required by the Government Management Reform Act (GMRA).
- (6) Complete guidance and instructions for preparation of the ES&H Management Plan is provided in the Department's ES&H Budget Formulation FY 1999 Guidance. Copies of the ES&H Budget Formulation FY 1999 Guidance Document can be obtained electronically from the ES&H Management Plan Website at "<http://homer.hsr.ornl.gov/bps/eshplan>" or by contacting Ray Blowitski, EH-73 at 3-9878.

b. Safeguards and Security Crosscut.

- (1) This section provides program safeguards and security crosscut reporting guidance for the FY 1999 OMB Process.
- (2) Detailed safeguards and security data is submitted each spring by the operations offices and field offices and their reporting facilities to NN-513, and concurrently to the program offices, in response to the Unified Field Budget Call issued by the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) in January. Under separate cover, the Office of Safeguards and Security will provide the program offices a copy of the latest version of the Safeguards and Security Crosscut database for markup of program office support of the field requests, as amended by the program office during the Corporate Review Budget Process. Please be sure that the estimates reflect new budget authority for each fiscal year and represent fully loaded costs. Programs must assure that their final markups, **WITH A BRIEF EXPLANATION FOR ANY CHANGES**, are provided to NN-513.2 in accordance with the CFO's Calendar of Events in Attachment B of the annual OMB Call (estimated due date to be September 4, 1997 as of this writing). Questions may be directed to Karen Stewart (301/903-9934) or Alice King (301/903-8782).
- (3) Definitions.
 - (a) **Operating Expenses.** Operating expenses are normally used to budget for operational activities and include such items as labor, travel, training, and small dollar items which are not intended to be capitalized (i.e., less than \$25,000 and a useful life of less than two years).
 - (b) **Program Management:** (FORMERLY S&S PROGRAM DIRECTION) Includes all personnel and operating costs for planning; professional development and training; inspections, surveys or assessments; test and evaluation; resource planning and implementation for S&S; policy oversight; management and administration; responses to management requests and foreign ownership, control or influence (FOCI).
 - 1 *Planning* -includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: development and implementation of S&S plans, procedures and actions to accomplish S&S policy requirements; the development, management and oversight of an acceptance and validation testing and evaluation (T&E) program and related documentation; the development and management of a FOCI program, monitoring and notifications; development of S&S estimates, S&S financial

data, and S&S cost data to reply to information requests from the Office of Safeguards and Security, inspector general (IG), Security Evaluations (SE), General Accounting Office (GAO), Congress, and special ad hoc groups; S&S resource review and bench marking recommendations.

2 *Professional Training and Development* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the establishment, maintenance, direction, support and assessment of a S&S training program which satisfies DOE-established policies; the certification and approval of the S&S training program; the development, management and maintenance of an S&S training records management system; the training of personnel to perform tasks associated with their duties, and qualification and/or certification of personnel before assignment of S&S responsibilities.

3 *Policy Oversight and Administration* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the effective management, direction and oversight of S&S organizational activities, policies and guidance to assure implementation of S&S requirements; inspections, surveys, or assessments to determine the status of the S&S program and to evaluate its effectiveness; development and management of a facility survey and approval program, facility pre-survey planning or scheduling; verification of the acceptability and validity of existing facility approval status; granting new facility approval; terminating facility approval; maintenance of facility data and approval records; identification, tracking and closure of findings or deficiencies noted during inspections, pre-surveys, surveys or assessments; development of reports to identify S&S program deficiencies, status and corrective actions.

(c) **Protective Forces:** Includes all personnel and operating costs associated with Protective Forces to include but not limited to salaries, overtime, benefits, materials and supplies; equipment and facilities; vehicles; helicopters; training; communication equipment and management. The subcategories are described below.

1 *Salary, Wages and Benefits* - includes salary, overtime, and benefits for uniformed protective forces and other protective force administrative and support personnel funded by safeguards and security.

2 *Materials and Supplies* - includes all personnel and operating expenses associated with the availability of protective force

materials and supplies such as: uniforms; normal contractor operating materials and supplies; the conduct and management of inspections, storage and inventory of materials and supplies; development and management of inventory or material and supply tracking systems and development, revision and management of status reports.

- 3 *Equipment and Facilities* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: availability and management of protective force equipment (weapons, explosives, ammunition, chemical agents, protective masks, tactical vests, handcuffs, flashlight or other individual, special purpose or duty equipment) and facilities; communication equipment (radios, telephones, etc.); vehicles, and the mandatory equipment to be included with each vehicle including specialized equipment such as snow and watercraft; security force helicopter operations; conduct and management of inspections of equipment and facilities; storage and inventory of equipment; development and management of inventory or equipment tracking systems and development, revision and management of status reports.
- 4 *Protective Force Training* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the development and management of a formal training program for uniformed and other protective force, administrative and support personnel; development of training-needs analysis; development and implementation of training plans and courses for uniformed, administrative and support personnel; training of uniformed, administrative and support personnel to perform tasks associated with their duties (job task analysis), and the conduct of training exercises for uniformed protective force personnel.
- 5 *Protective Force Management* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: protective force planning; development and management of manuals, orders and plans to implement old and new DOE 5632 series orders; development and administration of management systems, procedures, support tasks, and status reporting for the protective force program; examination of protective force personnel, equipment, weapons, vehicles, facilities and other protective force aspects to determine the effectiveness of the protective force.

- (d) **Physical Security Protection Systems:** Includes all personnel and operating costs associated with such efforts as: performance testing, intrusion detection and assessment; barrier/secure storage, and entry control/access controls. The subcategories are described below.
- 1 *Performance Testing* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the examination and testing of physical security systems to ensure their effectiveness and operability.
 - 2 *Intrusion Detection and Assessment* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the implementation and maintenance of intrusion detection systems (i.e., reporting equipment, alarms, CCTV, sensors, line supervision, alarm management and processing center, protective lighting, voice communications, etc.) as required by DOE orders; assessment of the reliability, accuracy, timeliness and effectiveness of intrusion detection systems and development and reporting of intrusion alarm reports as required by DOE orders.
 - 3 *Barrier/Secure Storage/locks* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the implementation and maintenance of physical barriers (i.e., fabricated or natural impediments); to restrict, limit, delay or deny entry into a designated area; the use of locking devices to delay entry, and secure storage used to protect classified matter while in storage.
 - 4 *Entry Control/Access Controls* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the implementation and maintenance of physical barriers (i.e., fabricated or natural impediments); to restrict, limit, delay or deny entry into a designated area; the use of locking devices to delay entry, and secure storage used to protect classified matter while in storage.
 - 5 *Vital Components and Tamper-safe Monitoring* - includes personnel and operating expenses associated with such efforts as: the monitoring of tamper-indicating devices and alarms (i.e., found on containers, doors, fences), but does not include those TIDs associated with the MC&A program, which reveals violations of containment integrity and posting and monitoring of anti-tamper warnings or signs as specified in DOE orders.

- (e) **Transportation:** All security-related transportation costs for transport of special nuclear materials (including safe havens), weapons, and other classified material. Includes personnel costs (salaries, wages, benefits and training), and equipment costs, such as maintenance, facilities, security upgrades to vehicles, and communications.
- (f) **Information Security:** Includes all personnel, operating and equipment costs associated with classified documents and material, classification/declassification, unclassified controlled nuclear information, security infractions, automated information systems security, technical surveillance countermeasures, and operations security. The subcategories are described below.
 - 1 *Information Protection* - includes all personnel and operating costs associated with the protection of classified and sensitive unclassified information.
 - 2 *Information Assurance (FORMERLY AUTOMATED INFORMATION SYSTEMS (AIS) SECURITY)* -includes all personnel and operating costs associated with programs directed at protecting traditional and non-traditional automated information systems (AIS) that either process sensitive unclassified and classified information or are critical to facility operations from traditional and Information Warfare threats (both internal and external adversaries). Traditional AISs include standalone PCS, network-based Local Area Network/Wide Area Network (LAN/WAN) systems, micro-, mini-, mainframe-, and super-computers. Non-traditional AISs include automated process control systems; fire, criticality, and security alarm systems; telephone and network switching systems (i.e., Asynchronized Transfer Mode (ATM) and Frame Relay); electrical power distribution control systems; oil and gas distribution control systems; and other Systems Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA)-type systems. All security-related costs associated with site-wide and complex-wide network management, Internet access, data integrity and transmission security (i.e., encryption, public key infrastructure, digital signature, etc.) training and education, and incident management should be included.
 - 3 *Technical Surveillance Countermeasures* - includes all personnel and operating costs associated with technical surveillance countermeasures.

- 4 *Operations Security* - includes all personnel and operating costs, and training materials, associated with the operations security (OPSEC) program, such as the OPSEC organization, program planning, and program conduct.
- (g) **Personnel Security:** Includes all costs for clearance program, initial investigations, reinvestigations, adjudication, security education, visitor control, Personnel Security Assurance Program, psychological/medical assessments (including the Accelerated Access Authorization Program), national agency checks, and administrative review costs. The subcategories are described below.
- 1 *Clearance Program* - includes the personnel and operating costs for such activities as Personnel Security Assurance Program; adjudications: screening and analysis of personnel security cases for determining eligibility for access authorizations; national agency checks; and handling Freedom of Information (FOI) and Privacy Act requests.
- 2 *Initial Investigations* - includes the personnel and operating costs associated with such activities as reviewing the Questionnaire for Sensitive Positions (SF-86), initial screenings, Central Personnel Clearance Index (CPCI) updates, and the Accelerated Access Authorization Program (AAP).
- 3 *Reinvestigations* - includes the personnel and operating costs associated with recurring investigations for DOE, contractor, and subcontractor personnel.
- 4 *Security Awareness Program* - includes the personnel and operating cost of establishing and maintaining security education and awareness programs for DOE and DOE contractor employees.
- 5 *Visit Control* - includes the personnel and operating costs associated with classified visits as well as unclassified visits and assignments by foreign nationals.
- (h) **Material Control & Accountability (MC&A):** includes all personnel and operating costs associated with control and accountability of special nuclear materials, nuclear weapons, test devices, and weapons components and parts. Includes MC&A access areas, surveillance, containment, detection, assessment, testing, transfers, verifications and measurements, inventories, reconciliation, and statistical analysis. The subcategories are defined below.

- 1 *Material Control* - includes the personnel and operating costs associated with material access, data and equipment, material surveillance, material containment, and detection/assessment of those items listed in 3.b.(3).(d).5 above.
 - 2 *Material Accountability* - includes the personnel and operating costs associated with accounting systems, inventories, measurements and measurement control, material transfers, and tamper indicating devices associated with the material accountability program.
- (i) **Research & Development:** Includes all personnel and operating costs incurred through research and/or the systematic development of technologies for use in Physical Security, Material Control and Accounting, Information Security, and Personnel Security. This would encompass any activities that are required for a technology to progress from basic research to full scale development and the technology transfer of a product to a commercial vendor, to include any modification of proven technologies to satisfy safeguards and security requirements.
- (2) **Capital Equipment.** In general, capital equipment may be funded out of operating expenses, capital equipment or construction funds. Operating funds are normally used to budget for operational activities and small dollar items which are not intended to be capitalized. These items are valued at less than \$25,000 and have a useful life of less than two years. The capital equipment budget category includes capital equipment not related to construction that has a value of \$25,000 or more and has a useful life of two years or more.
- (3) **Construction.** Projects requiring construction of a structure or facility having a useful life of two years or more are funded out of capital funds in either a line-item project, or in a general plant project (GPP) if under the Congressional limitation for GPP projects (currently \$2 million).

c. Information Management Crosscut.

- (1) The Chief Information Officer (CIO) will participate in the Chief Financial Officer's Budget Briefings prior to final Office of Management and Budget submission, as well as in the Secretarial briefing on the OMB Budget.
- (2) Beginning in FY 1998, DOE must implement a Capital Planning and Information Technology (IT) Investment Process as outlined in the Clinger-Cohen Act (formerly known as the Information Technology Management Reform Act) of 1996. The process must be a valid, repeatable process that the agency uses to make its IT investment decisions. It must include the use of IT Investment Boards who manage IT investments as a portfolio using definable criteria for making those investment decisions. The process must be integrated with the budget process and the capital asset planning process of the agency. Additionally, IT investments must address the following criteria established by the Office of Management and Budget:
 - The investment supports DOE missions
 - No alternative can efficiently support the function
 - The investment supports work processes that have been reengineered
 - The return on investment is better than other use of funds
 - The investment supports the DOEwide information architecture
 - The use of custom-designed components is minimized and commercial-off-the-shelf products maximized.
 - Implementation is modularized
 - The acquisition strategy is effective and efficient.
- (3) There are two Departmental processes that currently have been identified to which the Capital Planning and IT Investment Process apply. First are those IT investments that are embedded in field work packets, i.e., Field Work Proposals (FWP) and Activity Data Sheets (ADS). Second, are the major items of equipment (MIE) which are reported by sites as part of

their major capital assets. The Office of the Chief Information Officer (CIO) will work with Programs offices in facilitating the evaluation of IT proposals in the aforementioned processes. In addition, processes for evaluating and selecting IT infrastructure projects and systems at the program and corporate level will be established. At the program level, the CIO will assist program offices and at the corporate level it will be implemented through the Executive Committee for Information Management.